

Unsettled, generally, fair
tonight and Wednesday;
moderate south winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 11 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

NOTABLE PROGRESS FOR ALLIES ALONG SOMME

British Lines Being Brought Up to
Level of French—Contalmaison
Captured—Trenches Taken

The British lines north of the
Somme are gradually being brought up
to a level with those of the French
farther south.

British Take Contalmaison

London today announces the capture
of Contalmaison marking notable
progress in the work of crushing in
the German salient extending from
Thiepval on the north to Montauban
on the south.

German Trenches Captured

This process has been further ac-
celerated by the taking of several
lines of German trenches in Mametz
wood, southwest of Montauban while
the struggle of the British to regain
possession of Trones wood, in the
Montauban sector is continuing.

British Hold Entire Village

The entire village of Montauban is
now in possession of the British,
while the greater portion of the Ma-
metz wood is in their hands, the of-
ficial statement asserts. Contalmaison
was carried by the British in the in-
itial rush of their offensive but sub-
sequently was lost. This time it has
been held against a strong counter at-
tack.

600 Additional Prisoners

Nearly 600 additional prisoners and
four pieces of artillery including a
heavy howitzer have been taken by
the British troops.

French Within Mile of Peronne

While the British were achieving

these results the French forces on
their right flank lapsed into momen-
tary inactivity after having yester-
day pushed to within a mile of Per-
onne and captured a hill commanding
the Somme in this region. They have
taken more than 1300 prisoners in the
last two days.

German Attacks at Verdun

German attacks at Verdun continue.
Paris reports the temporary success
of one of the German charges in the
vicinity of Fumin wood but declares
the Germans were immediately ejected
from advanced trenches they had
charged. Near Reillon, in Lorraine,
German troops captured portions of
French first line trenches on a 200-
metre front.

British Patrol Boats Sunk

The Austro-Hungarian admiralty an-
nounces the sinking by the scout
cruiser Novara of a fleet of four or
five armored British patrol boats at
the lower end of the Adriatic. Only
nine members of the British crews
were rescued, it was asserted.

CAPTURE OF LA MAISONNETTE BY FRENCH, ONE OF PRIMARY OBJECTS ACHIEVED

LONDON, July 11.—With the capture
by the French of La Maisonnette hill
which dominates the valley of the
Somme and from which everything
that happens in Peronne can be ob-
served.

Continued to Page 9

ANOTHER GERMAN U-BOAT ON ITS WAY TO AMERICA

The Bremen, Constructed by Same
Company That Built the Deutsch-
land, Has Already Left Harbor—
American Naval Officers Go Aboard
Submarine to Determine Status of
Craft—Will Not Take Passengers on
the Return Trip

AMSTERDAM, July 11, via London.

Another commercial submarine, the
Bremen, constructed by the same com-
pany that built the Deutschland, now
in an American port, already has left
harbor, according to the Berlin Vor-
sichtige Zeitung.

This statement was made by the
newspaper in giving details regarding
the ownership of the Deutschland.

U. S. OFFICERS ON BOARD

Shown Through the Deutschland, by
Officials of the North German Lloyd
Line

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—Ameri-
can naval officers, detailed by the
navy department to determine the sta-
tus of the German submarine Deutsch-
land, went aboard the craft today.
Capt. König, commander of the
Deutschland, was not there to receive

them but they were shown through
the vessel by the marine superin-
tendent of the North German Lloyd
line with her commander's permission.
Captain König settled today the
question of the spelling of his name.
"I spell it K-O-N-I-G," he said, "with
the umlaut over the O." To convey the
sound correctly in English it should
be spelled K-o-e-n-i-g.

SAY IT IS WARSHIP

Representations Made to the State
Department by British and French
Embassies

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Representa-
tions have been made to the state
department by the British and French
embassies setting up the claim that
the German merchant submarine
Deutschland is potentially a warship,
even though designed and used as a

merchant.

The department will take the em-
bassies' views under consideration in
connection with the report of Capt.
Hughes, the American naval expert,
who is making a physical examination
of the submarine in search of any
war-like equipment.

Before the arrival of the Deutsch-
land, acting upon the basis of reports
in the press that a submarine was due
at an American port, Colville Barclay,
British consul and chargé d'affaires
in the temporary absence of
Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, communicated
to Secretary Lansing the deposition
of his government regarding the use
of any underwater craft in commer-
cial service. Again yesterday, Mr.
Barclay, in addition to notifying the
department of the arrival of the
Deutschland to lay the foundation for
subsequent claims for any damages
Continued to page five

STREETS AND PARKS IN UNSANITARY CONDITION

Mrs. William Porter White Says
Streets of Lowell are Unsanitary
—Railroad Wants More Land

Mrs. William Porter White appeared
before the municipal council today, as
a representative of the Special Aid
Society for Preparedness, to protest
against the unclean and unsanitary
condition of streets and parks in this
city. She made special reference to
the Park Garden and said something
ought to be done at once to improve
conditions there. The council also
heard a representative of the Lowell &
Nashua railroad relative to the rail-
road's petition for more land for yard
purposes in Middlesex village. The
proposition contemplates the closing
of the old Ferry road and Hon. Samuel
Hadley appeared as remonstrant. He
said it was the only approach to the
Merrimack river between the Paw-
tucket bridge and North Chelmsford
where "the humble American citizen"
can approach the river without going
over private land. He also voiced the
belief that at some time a bridge
would span the Merrimack river at
that point.

Mrs. William Porter White said that
the Special Aid Society for Prepared-
ness had organized a local branch and
that the society is making an effort to
have clean streets in Lowell. She
spoke of the mayor's order relative to
the co-operation of the police depart-
ment with the board of health, but
little improvement, if any, she said,
had been noted. She declared that
some of the streets and alleys are un-
sanitary and dangerous. "It seems
time for the commissioners in Lowell,"
she said, "to take the matter up, in
this society will do all in its power
to assist."

Mrs. White said she had suggested
receptacles in Park Garden and
only one had been placed there. She
said it is a beautiful spot and the one
receptacle was filled to overflowing.
The one receptacle is absolutely in-
adequate," she said, and the place
is in a terrible condition. This is a
place where poor people go for relief
and it should be kept clean and invit-
ing."

Mrs. White seemed to think that the
matter would come under the street
department, but Mr. Morse said it was
up to the superintendent of parks.
Mrs. White thought there was a
multiple room for improvement in our
streets and parks and she also spoke
of the disgraceful condition of yards
and alleys.

As to the littering of streets with
paper as referred to by Mrs. White,
President Robert Marden of the board
of trade said the board of trade had
in mind the appointment of a com-
mittee to prevent it. The board's
idea was, he said, to appoint on the
committee the most persistent offend-
ers along that line. The mayor asked
Mr. Morse about receptacles he had
ordered for the streets. Mr. Morse
said he expected they would arrive
within a few days and it was their
stated that the placing of the recep-
tacles in the streets and Park Garden
would improve conditions. Other
improvements were also promised.

During the course of his remarks Mr.
Marden said that the board of health
could keep the parks in better con-
dition if the city council would ap-
propriate more money for park pur-
poses, but the fact remains that the
matter of cleanliness, so far as Park
Garden is concerned, would not cost
much, and probably call for interest
and attention rather than for money.

Damage to Automobile
Mr. Warren Fox appeared for a Mr.
Garland whose automobile was in-
jured by a city machine in Market
street and presented a claim for
\$21.75. Mr. Garland was present and
corroborated what Mr. Fox said. Mr.
Commissioner Donnelly said the driver
of the city machine claimed the dam-
age was not as great as set by Mr.
Garland. The machine that backed
into Mr. Garland's machine belonged
to the lands and buildings department.
The mayor recommended that the
amount asked be paid and Mr. Don-
nelly was agreeable.

New Roof Ordinance
There was to have been a hearing
on the board of trade's ordinance for
the elimination of shingles and other
combustible roof coverings, and Presi-
dent Marden, Secretary Murphy and
Daniel Carroll of the board of trade
were present and prepared to speak
on the ordinance, but there were no
remonstrants and the matter was re-
ferred to the commissioner of public
works and licenses without discus-
sion. The members of the council
having already familiarized themselves
with the ordinance as amended by the
board of trade.

Six Cent Fares
The mayor reported a communica-
tion from the public service commis-
sioner relative to the increased cost of
fares by the Bay State Street railway.
It was stated in the communication
that Monday, July 17, had been set as
the time to hear Lowell arguments.
The hour set for the arguments is 10
a. m.

The Oakland Sewer
City Engineer Kearney recommended
a sewer in Phoenix avenue for the
benefit of the Newton Mfg. Co. at an
expense of \$2335 and the mayor read
a letter from Mr. Morse embodying
the recommendation. Mr. Morse said
the sewer would constitute a tribu-
tary of the main Oakland sewer and
unless the sewer is laid, he said, the
company may be obliged to close its
plant. Mr. Morse rehearsed, at con-
siderable length, the hearing held last
night at which the proposed sewer
was discussed. Action in the matter
was deferred until the next meeting and
in the meantime the council will take
a view of the premises.

Safeguarding Waterways
The mayor then read the ordinance
relative to the better guarding of the
waterways as suggested by the com-
missioner on waterways. These ordi-
nances were put through the various
stages to its ordination. The ordinance
provides that all life-saving apparatus
shall be under the supervision of the
police department; that the appara-
tus shall be inspected daily by the
police and any property damage
must be reported to the police and it
shall be its duty to prosecute any will-
ful or malicious injury to the appara-
tus, the penalty for such offense not to
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Lowell & Nashua Railroad
Archibald R. Tisdale appeared for the
Lowell & Nashua railroad relative to
the railroad's petition for more land in
Middlesex village. He said that a hear-
ing had been held before the public
service commission in Boston on Thurs-
day and that it had been postponed
until June 20 for the purpose of ob-
taining the consent of the city of Lowell to
certain matters. He explained that
more land was necessary for yard pur-
poses and he had blue prints showing
what the railroad intended to do.

Judge Hadley protested against the
closing of the old Ferry road and while
he acknowledged a little patriotism
and sentiment in the matter, he said he
thought it would be well for the city
to keep such control as would be nec-
essary in the event of a bridge being
built there. "It would like to have your
boundary ignored," he said, "but I
presume that is impossible," said Judge
Hadley. He touched on the history of
the old Ferry road and recalled that it
was down that road and across the old
ferry that the soldiers of the revolu-
tion marched to Bunker hill. He said
it was the only public way to the river
from Pawtucket falls to North Chelms-
ford, and that it ought to be preserved.
The matter was taken under advisement,
the mayor asking some questions
that Mr. Tisdale said he would answer
later.

Will Sell Buildings
It was voted to sell at public auc-
tion on Monday, July 17, at 3 o'clock
in the afternoon, the buildings num-
bered 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 on the
Mammoth road to make way for and
to beautify the approach to the new
bridge. It will be stated at the time
of sale that the buildings shall be re-
moved within ten days.

Coal and sand contracts were ap-
proved and other matters of minor
importance were acted upon, includ-
ing garage and gasoline licenses. Ad-
journed to Tuesday at 10 a. m.

FUNERAL NOTICE
DUNHAM—The funeral of J. Henry
Dunham will take place Thursday
morning at 9 o'clock from the home
of Miss Sarah Sparks, 59 Elm street.
A solemn mass of requiem will be
sung at the Immaculate Conception
church at 10 o'clock. Burial in
St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of
undertaker James F. O'Donnell &
Sons.

It has the name
"SOCKET-FIT ARCH AND HEEL
SURGICAL SHOE."
Is stamped on a shoe the man who
wears it is insured against Flat Foot,
Corns and Bunions.

STOVER & BEAN CO.
Hood Building, Thorneike st., Lowell

Save Your Steps
This is the rule of a good
housekeeper.

She starts the day right by
cooking the morning meal at
the breakfast table with an
electric toaster.

She realizes the importance
of saving many steps in this
way, besides a lot of time
and bother.

Are you following her ex-
ample?

Lowell Electric Light Co.,
29-31 Market Street
Telephone 821.

THE MEXICAN SITUATION

Carranza Notified That Negotia-
tions Need Not Await Return
of Lansing

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Gen. Car-
ranza has been notified that negotia-
tions for the settlement of the border
difficulties need not await the return
of Secretary Lansing from his vacation.

It is expected here that Carranza
will propose formal rather than infor-
mal conversations between Ambassa-
dor Arredondo and the state depart-
ment. American officials will accede
to any plan which assures quick ac-
tion.

War department officials had no re-
ports upon and discounted rumors of
a revolt in the Carranza garrison at
Chihuahua City. The Mexican embas-
sy issued a formal denial of the re-
port.

Reports credited to American refu-
gees that two American sailors were
killed recently at Tampico when their

launch was fired upon by Carranza sol-
diers, were denied by the state and
navy departments. Officials said the
story was based upon an incident at
Tampico, June 25 or 26, when Carranza
soldiers fired upon a privately-
owned American tug and no one was
hurt.

Acting Secretary Polk in the ab-
sence of Secretary Lansing attended
the cabinet meeting today and reported
on the informal conversations he
has had with Mr. Arredondo.

VILLA LEADING BANDITS IN CHIHUAHUA DISTRICT

EL PASO, Tex., July 11.—Mexican
authorities in Chihuahua City believe
that Villa is directing, if not actually
Continued to Page 7

will forward it to Lieut. Christian. The
mayor allows that the boys can find
good use for the amount exceeding the
\$500. The subscriptions up to the
noon hour were as follows:

Previously acknowledged	\$147.00
Frederick Flather	\$25.00
Frank Hanchett	25.00
Charles L. Marren	10.00
Boyle	10.00
Member of College Club	1.00
John F. Sawyer	10.00
Martin W. Halloran	10.00
F. E. Nelson	20.00
Employees of Middlesex Machine Co.	25.00
Commissioner Chas. J. Morse	10.00
Members of Flushing Club	5.00
C. H. R.	5.00
Police Deputy Hugh Downey	2.00
Capt. James Brosnan	2.00
Inspector James Holland	2.00
Inspector Alfred Conney	2.00
Patrolman Arthur Drewett	1.00
Officer James Howard	2.00
Officer John Hickson	2.00
Lieut. John Freeman	2.00
Patrolman Michael Clancy	2.00
Patrolman John F. Kelley	1.00
Patrolman John J. Ganley	1.00
Patrolman Michael J. O'Neill	1.00
Patrolman E. Hill	1.00
Patrolman Simon Lane	1.00
Michael J. Burns	1.00
John J. Fidelity	2.00
Mrs. John K. Farnham	1.00
H. G. Cheney	1.00
Stephen Kearney	5.00
J. J. Hart	25.00
Hon. Thomas J. Enright	5.00
P. H. Barward	25.00
Hon. John J. Hogan	10.00
Paul A. Green	2.00
Thomas F. Hoban	10.00
James O'Sullivan	5.00
Joseph Parmentier	5.00
Franklin Nourse	25.00
Elias A. McQuade	25.00
Lydia Darrah Chap.	2.00
Members of the American Revolution	7.00
Thomas R. Fahey	5.00
Nellie F. Burnheimer	5.00
Thomas J. O'Donnell	5.00
Commissioner Nevell Putnam	10.00
Frank K. Stearns	5.00

Insure Good Health—Drink
Poland Water
FOR SALE BY LOCAL DEALERS

PANIC AT MURDER TRIAL

ORPET LUNGES AT ATTORNEY WHO
DENOUNCED HIM—SAYS PROSE-
CUTOR'S WORDS ARE LIES

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 11.—Will H.
Orpet, charged with the death of Miss
Marian Lambert, yesterday afternoon
broke through the restraint he has put
on himself since he was placed on trial
two months ago for the murder of his
schoolyard sweetheart. Stung to fury
by the closing arguments of Assistant
State Attorney Eugene M. Runyard,
who denounced him as a condemned
youth with the brand of Cain upon
his brow, and painted in lurid colors
the story of his lurid life, Orpet
frantically attempted to attack
the prosecutor physically.

It was just after court had taken a
recess. As the prosecutor paused in
the lengthy argument Orpet lunged
from his chair between his mother
and Mrs. Edwin Taylor, his former
boarding house landlady in Madison,
and attempted to reach Runyard.

Only the quick action of the two
women prevented him from doing so.
Clinging to his arms they forced him
back in his seat and held him. The
aged mother whispered soothingly un-
til his anger subsided unconcerned over
the incident, which threw the crowded
courtroom into a panic. Orpet, accom-
panied by a bailiff, stalked into the
witness room adjoining the courtroom
and gave vent to his feelings.

"The d—n liar," he said. "Do you
hear what he is telling about me? Lies,
all lies. I wish I could have got to
him when I started."

ARGUMENT FOR DEFENSE

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 11.—Argu-
ment for the defense was begun today
by Leslie P. Hanna, in behalf of Will
H. Orpet, charged with the murder of
Marian Lambert.

"The defendant," said Mr. Hanna,
"took the stand as a fair witness. The
shock of his arrest, of Marian's death,
had worn off. He was no longer the
frightened youth who, without counsel,
talked erratically, perhaps, just after
his arrest."

"It would have been folly for him to
have taken the stand unless he was to
tell the truth and the whole truth."

If you want help at home or in your
business, try The Sun "Want" column.

TONIGHT
Free Demonstration
Of the Berol System of
Memory Training
—AT THE—
Y. M. C. A. AT 8 O'CLOCK
Astounding Feats of Memory
—BY—
Famous Exponent Henry J.
Sutton
ASSISTED BY
12-Year-Old Master Bruno Leh-
mann and Other Students
Both Men and Women Welcome

FARRELL & CONATON
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton St. Tel. 1513

SAVAGE BATTLE

The Main Body of Villa
Forces Defeated by
Carranza Garrison

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., July 11.—The
main body of the Villa forces retreat-
ing from Jimenez attacked Parral, 50
miles to the southwest, but was de-
feated by the Carranza garrison after
a savage battle, according to an offi-
cial report received today by General
Jacinto Trevino.

IN POLICE COURT

Billerica Man Who Drew
Revolver is Bound to
Peace—Other Cases

Clayton Ham of East Billerica was
arrested before Judge Pickman in
police court this morning on a com-
plaint charging him with threatening
Daniel B. Burris of East Billerica on
July 6. According to the testimony of-
fered, Ham heard that Burris said
something about him and procuring a
revolver he went to the Burris house
and threatened to clean out the place.
Mr. Burris, when he saw the revolver,
made a grab for Ham's hand and suc-
ceeded in wrenching it from him and
later Ham was put out of the house
and the police of Billerica were notifi-
ed. Subsequently Ham was placed
under arrest.

Ham, when questioned by the court,
could not tell just exactly why he
threatened Burris, other than that he
had heard that Burris had talked about
him. He admitted drawing the rev-
olver but said he did not mean to do him
any harm.

"The court, after considering the tes-
timony, held the defendant under \$200
bonds to keep the peace. Constable
Henry Livingston of Billerica going as
surety.

Fight at Salvation Army
Mrs. Moriarty and Mary Lannan, who
have been neighbors in Willie street
for a number of years, although they
are not on friendly terms, came to
blows at the Salvation Army Industrial
Home in Liberty square the day before
the Fourth, and this morning the Mo-
riarty woman appeared as the defend-
ant, while the complainant was Mrs.
Lannan, whose left eye was badly dis-
colored. After the court heard the evi-
dence, Mrs. Moriarty was found guilty
of assault and ordered to pay a fine of
four dollars.

Henry Beaudry and Alexina Souver
were charged with illegal co-habita-
tion. Through their counsel, John J.
McClure, each entered a plea of not
guilty, but the court after listening to
the testimony in the case found prob-
able cause and held the pair for the
grand jury. Patrolman Jeremiah
Regan and Special Officer Fulton of
the Merrimack Mfg. Co. testified to
finding the couple in a house at 138
Moose street. Beaudry who has a
wife and family in North Adams said
that the woman was his housekeeper
and they had been living together for
the past several months.

**DICKERMAN
& McQUADE**
CENTRAL COR. MARKET ST.
RAINCOATS
Pay for Themselves in One Rain
Storm. Our Line is the Best
and Most Complete in City.
BIG BARGAINS IN WOMEN'S
SPORT COATS

SHOT TO DEATH

Wife Accused of Murder
of Prominent N. Y.
Coal Broker

NEW YORK, July 11.—Christopher
Beutinger, a prominent coal broker
with offices at No. 1 Broadway, was
shot to death early today in his sum-
mer home at Caldwell, N. J. Mrs. Mar-
garet Claire Beutinger, his wife, has
been arrested with homicide.
Friends and neighbors attribute the
shooting to domestic troubles. After
killing her husband, the authorities
say, Mrs. Beutinger calmly walked to
the office of the chief of police and
said: "I've finished him."

John Milan arrested—SAID TO
HAVE KILLED WOMAN WITH
BASEBALL BAT

BOSTON, July 11.—John Milan was
arrested by the police charged with
the murder yesterday of Mrs. Marg-
aret Riley of the Hyde Park district.
Riley resulted from a fractured skull.
Milan, a mechanic, was a boarder at
the Riley home. While Mrs. Riley was
trying to call one of her three chil-
dren, she fell unconscious on the bed
and died within an hour after being
taken to a hospital. Police officials
said Milan had confessed that he had
struck Mrs. Riley with a baseball bat
during an argument.

BATHERS HAVE SEAL SCARE
TRENTON, July 11.—Bathers in the
Delaware river at Washington's Cross-
ing and at Taylorsville, Pa., have quit
river bathing. A seal has scared them
away. James Tipton saw it yesterday
afternoon and gave chase in his canoe,
but was easily outdistanced. Fishmen
complain that the seal by feeding on
the small fish, has hurt their busi-
ness.

WEST OF THE RIO GRANDE

United States-Mexico Boundary Line Marked By Over 200 Cast Iron Monuments

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—That part of the United States-Mexico boundary line extending from El Paso, Texas, to the Pacific coast is described in the following war geographical bulletin of the National Geographic Society, issued from Washington:

"After leaving the Rio Grande, the natural boundary, and striking due west from El Paso for 196 miles, the international line between the United States and Mexico changes direction five times before reaching the Pacific coast. As if it had struck an insurmountable obstacle in the Big Hatcher mountains, it turns at right angles, and extends to the south for 36 miles, then strikes west again for a distance of more than 160 miles to a point beyond Nogales. Forming an obtuse angle, the line now runs in a northwest direction for its longest leg more than 250 miles, until it reaches the Colorado river, which forms the boundary for 30 miles from southwest to northeast. At Yuma, near the juncture of the Gila river with the Colorado, the line takes its final change of direction, toward the west, terminating in the Pacific, 140 miles distant.

"This boundary is marked by 258 monuments. They are six feet tall, and set in concrete. The expense of their erection, borne jointly by Mexico and the United States, averaged \$150 each.

"With the exception of Bisbee, Santa Cruz, Yuma and San Diego, there are few settlements of any size within a 20-mile zone on each side of the boundary, embracing an area of 24,000 square miles.

"Although the boundary was chosen arbitrarily, when the work of surveying began it was found that the line between the Colorado and the Rio Grande followed almost exactly the summit of the divide separating the waters flowing north into the United States from those flowing south into Mexico.

"The highest point on the line is at the summit of the San Luis range, a part of the continental divide. The elevation is 6000 feet, which is nearly 3300 feet above El Paso. It is in this high altitude that quantities of game are to be found, making it one of the

most interesting sections of the line. Here antelope, deer, bear and wild turkeys are plentiful, and the account from the evergreen oaks of the picturesque valleys attract great flocks of wild pigeons. Many years ago there were a few straggling settlements in this region, but they were abandoned during the raids of the ruthless Apache chief, Geronimo.

Terrific Sand Storms

"One of the most considerable towns along the border is Bisbee, Ariz., with a population of 9000. It is situated in the Mule mountains, 10 miles from the border. Tombstone, which is 20 miles northwest of Bisbee, was once one of the great mining camps of the world.

"In a valley to the west of the Bisbee mountains, also called the Peco Verde mountains, 200 miles east of the Colorado river, the traveler sometimes is so unfortunate as to encounter a sand-storm which in severity rivals the torrid tempests of the Sahara desert. In their report to the United States government the international (Mexican) boundary commission, which made the final survey of the line and erected the monuments which now mark the border, described such a storm, saying: 'In this valley on July 3, was encountered a sand storm of frightful violence. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon a dense, dark-brown cloud was seen rising in the south, which presented a singularly threatening appearance. The sun, which until then had been shining brightly, was soon overcast, and in a few moments after the cloud was first noticed the storm burst in all its fury, filling the atmosphere to a height of several hundred feet with the loose soil of the valley. In ten or fifteen minutes after the storm burst it became as black as midnight, respiration was almost impossible, and it was only by breathing through a handkerchief held in front of the mouth that suffocation was avoided. In about half an hour the wind began to subside and the darkness to diminish, and finally, in a little over two hours after the storm commenced the setting sun shone faintly through the particles of dust which still filled the air.'

SCHOOL BOARD

Annual Election of Teachers at Postponed June Meeting

At the postponed June meeting of the school board held last night, the annual election of teachers already employed took place. Orton E. Beech was elected a teacher in the high school at a salary of \$1200. He has been serving as a temporary teacher.

Dr. Nathan Pulsifer was re-elected medical director for the high school. Supt. Molloy reported a letter from the secretary of the retiring board, announcing the retirement of the following teachers, on July 1: Abbie F. Woodward, Olive E. Underhill and Marion J. Stephenson.

The resignation of Arthur H. Bean, a teacher in the Vocational school was accepted. The resignation of Blanche M. Grayson from the advisory board of the girls' vocational school was also accepted.

The following teachers, the highest ten on the list of applicants who took the examination in June, were elected permanent substitute teachers: Katherine F. Baker, Helen L. Mansfield, Albert M. McQuinn, Ruth F. Hatten, Mary F. Wallace, Gertrude A. Hessian, Sadie Taft, Esther A. Sanders, Katherine O'Neill, Jane T. Johnson. The names are given in the order of their ranking.

All of the young women named are graduates of the Lowell Normal school. Their papers were examined and ranked by Supt. Molloy. They were graduates of schools of Worcester, and the sealed envelopes containing the names of the ten highest in rank forwarded by him to Supt. Molloy and held by him to be opened in the presence of the committee. Before opening the sealed envelopes, the committee agreed to change in the salary schedule for newly elected teachers, in order to give teachers who have had experience of three years or more an advantage. In salary, over the inexperienced. The schedule as it now reads is as follows:

"Any member of a class from 1915 on, elected as a permanent substitute from examinations thereafter to be held, who has had only two years' previous experience, shall go on the pay roll, when elected as a teacher, on the regular schedule starting at \$500. Teachers who have had three or four years' previous experience shall start with a salary of \$550. Those who have had five years' previous experience shall start at \$600; and those who have had six years or more of previous experience shall start at \$650."

TRANSPORTING LIVE FISH

THE NEW BUREAU OF FISHERIES CAR IS ENTIRELY OF STEEL AND WEIGHS 12-1 1/2 TONS LOADED

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The new bureau of fisheries car, constructed at Wilmington, Delaware, arrived at Union Station, Washington, July 1. The car was delivered to the bureau and accepted in May, but has since been at Wilmington for the installation of special equipment preparatory to being placed in commission. A crew of five men has been assigned to the new car, transferred from one of the old wooden cars.

The car is entirely of steel, including all interior bulkheads, partitions, doors, berths, lockers, and water tanks, and is thoroughly insulated by the latest improved method to insure against heat and cold. It has a length of 60 feet 1-2 inch over ends of body plates, and a standard width of 10 feet. The weight of the car with equipment is 13,000 pounds, and is designed to carry a load of 35,000 pounds, including water, fuel, ice, and other supplies, making its total weight when loaded 155,000 pounds, or 22 1-2 tons.

The car is specially designed for carrying live fishes long distances. In the center, running lengthwise on each side, are insulated tanks with a total capacity for 150 ten-gallon cans in which the fish are held. During transportation the fish will be furnished with oxygen and fresh water by means of air and water pumps, operated by a six horse-power steam boiler. The boiler will also furnish heat to the car, but in addition to this independent heating system, the usual train attachment for heating the car from the locomotive is provided for.

Tanks for carrying a reserve water supply are located beneath the car, and an ice box of a capacity of one ton of ice provided. In addition to the facilities for the transportation of

fish, the car is fitted with living accommodations for a crew of five men, a cook's galley, an office, and space for a dining table.

Fish are distributed by the bureau of fisheries in every state of Union, some 16,000 individual applications being filed annually in addition to the large public plants of the so-called commercial species in the Great Lakes and coastal streams of the seaboard.

This phase of the bureau's work has grown to enormous proportions, and in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, forty-nine species were propagated, these including, in addition to fish, the lobster and several species of economically valuable fresh-water mussels. The total output of these was over four and a half billions, which were planted in every state and Alaska. Some idea of the magnitude of the work of distributing fish is indicated by the fact that it involved 627,716 miles of travel, of which 146,

544 was by the bureau's special cars and the remainder by car messengers. These marine and fresh-water fishes and invertebrates were collected and hatched by 40 stations and 55 sub-stations located in 34 states and Alaska. In addition \$404,000 food and game fishes were rescued from overflowed lands and returned in safety to the streams; otherwise they would have perished in the temporary ponds left by the receding waters.

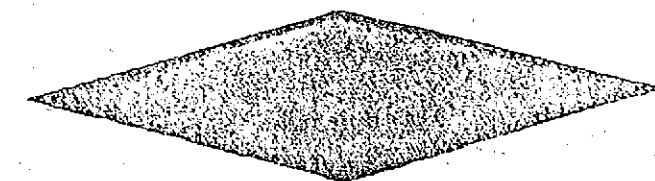
Solely by reason of these fish-cultural operations and similar activities on the part of the states, the supply of trout and other game and food fishes in streams and small lakes is being maintained and increased, the whiteness of the Great Lakes is holding its own, the shad in certain waters is being saved from extinction, and the effects of exhaustive fisheries for the Pacific salmon and certain marine fishes are being offset. As a result of transplanting, the Atlantic



People who have itched
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WINDOWS, SECOND-HAND
DOORS, LATHS AND LUMBER
BARGAINS
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Next to New American House

Shad and striped bass are abundant on the Pacific coast, and the former are being shipped back in large numbers to supply the markets of the east. Certain depleted salmon rivers of Maine recently have been planted with humpback salmon from the Pacific coast and small runs of breeding fish already have appeared in several of these streams, indicating that the nearly exterminated Atlantic salmon may be replaced by a worthy successor, better able to cope with the new conditions in the streams incident to industrial development.

LOWELL GIRL MOTHER OF TWINS
Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Hofbauer of the Bronx, New York, are receiving congratulations over the arrival of twin boys. Mrs. Hofbauer was formerly Miss Ruth Richards of Lowell.

WILL TELL OF CAMPAIGN
Mayor Gale of North Adams Ordered By Court to Pay \$22.50 By Profits On Fireworks Deal

NORTH ADAMS, July 11.—In his controversy with Special Justice John E. Nagels over politics and the collection of a bill for \$22.50, Mayor John W. Gale yesterday afternoon declared he did not care whether he went to jail or the electric chair, he would publish when prepared his story of last fall's mayoralty campaign.

This remark was brought out by the statement by some of Mr. Nagels' friends that the mayor did not date make a statement or he would be prosecuted.

In court yesterday arguments were heard in the case for the collection of the \$22.50 bill. The court ordered that Mayor Gale assign his prospective profits in a small fireworks' deal to meet the bill in whole or in part, which is now twice its original amount, because of costs.

ON KIDNAPPING CHARGE

SALEM MAN HAS HIS WIFE ARRESTED FOR HIDING SON AWAY FROM MANCHESTER CONVENT

SALEM, July 11.—Josephine Fourrier Talbot of 6 Cabot street, Salem, was arrested last night on a warrant sworn out by her divorced husband, Donald Talbot, charging her with kidnapping her 8-year-old son, Rogers. She was later released on \$1000 bail. The kidnapping is said to have taken place at St. Peter's convent, Manchester, N. H., July 2. In his complaint Mr. Talbot claims that he obtained a divorce from his wife in

January, 1915, securing custody of Rogers and a 5-year-old son, Everett. Both Mr. and Mrs. Talbot have been working in the same mill in Salem since the divorce. Mrs. Talbot, it is claimed, has been making frequent trips to Manchester to visit her son, unknown to Talbot.

On July 2 she visited the convent, according to his complaint, and obtained permission from the superintendent to take her son for a walk. When she failed to return that night, the Manchester police were notified and they notified the father at Salem. After several days' search Talbot located his former wife in Salem, and obtained the warrant for her arrest.

Mrs. Talbot admitted to the police that she took her son from Manchester to Canada, but refuses to tell in what town he is staying. She says that Talbot had told their son that his mother was dead and had also told her that the other son, whom she has been unable to locate, is also dead.

SANTORDS



GINGER

Is my favorite for little ills caused by change of climate, food or water. Delicious and refreshing it's always healthful and helpful.

A delicious combination of ginger, aromatic and French brandy for the relief of cramps, pains, colic, chills, weakness, nervousness and insomnia. Look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper, let you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

STREET FLOOR SHOE DEPT.

Men's \$4.00 and \$4.50 Elite Oxfords—Black and tan Elite Oxfords—English last, mostly all small sizes, 5 to 7. Pennant Day, \$2.35

MILLINERY DEPT.

Unfringed Hats, extra fine quality straw in light and dark colors; regular value \$2.45 to \$4.00. Pennant Day, \$1.95. Wreaths made of fine and flowers and foliage; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, \$49c

LEATHER GOODS

Wrist Bags in black only, hand-somely lined, in seal and pin seal, furnished with mirror and purse; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 69c

Women's Combination Pocket-books, with inside frame, extra extension pockets, finger strap in the back; regular value 25c and 29c. Pennant Day 17c Each



RIBBON DEPT.

Black Ribbon Velvet with satin back, 3, 3 1-2 and 4 inches wide. Pennant Day 33c a Yard. All Silk Ribbon in 3 1-2 to 5 in., pink, lavender, blue, brown, maize, black, navy and green; regular value 10c to 15c. Pennant Day 6c a Yard. Fancy Dresden and Roman Stripes, suitable for hat bands, girdles and hair bows, 6 1-2 to 7 1-2 in. wide, regular value 50c to 80c. Pennant Day, 35c Yard

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPT.

Boys' Washable Pants, linen, very durable, sizes 8 to 16 years; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 30c. Boys' Wash Suits, Billy Boy and Tommy Tucker styles, gingham and chambray; regular value 55c. Pennant Day, 35c. Boys' Khaki Bloomer Pants, sizes 5 to 14 years; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 19c. Boys' Rompers, high grade galatea, made with straight pants, sizes 3 to 6 years; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 45c

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12th, IS THE DAY OF DAYS AT CHALIFOUX'S

On Sale
Tomorrow
July 12th
Only



On Sale
Tomorrow
July 12th
Only

THESE GOODS ON SALE ONE DAY ONLY, JULY 12th

THE DAY OF STARTLING VALUES—THE GREATEST OF THE MONTH. Pennant day has become a big event, watched for with eagerness by hundreds upon hundreds of lovers of economy from far and near. Every month, since we first instituted this original and striking event, the values have grown better and the fame of the sale has swept on until now we anticipate a record breaking business for which we have prepared with record breaking prices. Note them quoted below.

WOMEN'S CLOAK and SUIT DEPT.

Suits, broken sizes, just 22 in all, plain colors, also black and white checks; regular value up to \$18. Pennant Day, \$9.50. This lot worth up to \$25. Every suit is new and stylish, a good assortment of sizes. Pennant Day, \$12.50. Children's Coats in black and white checks, nobby belted effects, lined throughout, sizes 6 to 12 years; regular value \$5.95. Pennant Day, \$3.15. Wool Skirts, many styles in stripes, plain colors, also checks; regular value \$2.95. Pennant Day, \$1.79. Wash Dresses, made of good gingham and percale; these are guaranteed to wash; sizes 34 to 46; regular values \$2.95 and \$3.95. Pennant Day, \$1.79. High Grade Dresses, made of best styled gingham and pique, many styles; regular value \$3.95. Pennant Day, \$2.69. White Gabardine Skirts, button front, large sizes included; regular value \$2.95. Pennant Day, \$1.79. Wash Suits, black and white checks, belted effect, new flare skirt; regular value \$5. Pennant Day, \$3.49

JEWELRY DEPT.

Real Gun Metal, Mesh Purse, some with finger ring and chain, others with long chain attachment; regular value \$1.50 and \$2.00. Pennant Day, \$1.39. Jitney Vanity Purse in gilt, silver, oxidized and green gold, plain and fancy; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 33c. Wrist Bags in German Silver and Gun Metal finish, also Fancy Beaded Bags; regular value \$2.32, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.39. Fancy Bead Necklaces, large assortment of colors, and chains, others with long chain attachment; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 29c. Cuff Links, extra heavy gold plated, assorted patterns, all have the lever; regular value 29c and 39c. Pennant Day, 14c a Pair. Pendant and Chain. Assorted Pendants, with white and colored stone settings, also some cameo settings; regular value 35c and 50c. Pennant Day 17c

SHELL GOODS

Children's Hair Bow Barrettes in amber and shell, two styles in the combinations; regular value 15c. Pennant Day, 5c. Fancy Red Pins and Barrettes in amber and shell with very fine stone settings; regular value \$1.49 and \$2. Pennant Day 83c. Hair Pins, amber and shell, straight, loop top and crinkle; regular value 10c. Pennant Day, 9c a Dozen

TOILET GOODS

Complexion or face powders in very fine quality in flesh and white; regular value 15c. Pennant Day, 7c a Box. Cold Cream, extra good quality and large size glass jar with screw top; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 10c a Jar. Emory Boards, 5 inches long, extra quality; regular value 10c. Pennant Day, 5c Dozen. Dressing Combs in black, white and assorted colors; regular value 15c. Pennant Day 7c Each. Powder Puffs, extra large size wool puff; regular value 15c. Pennant Day, 9c Each. Midget Manicure Sets, contain 5 separate articles, including medium size buffer; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 10c Set. Pure Olive Oil Spanish Castile Soap, full size cake, each cake in a separate wrapper marked "C"; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 7c a Cake. Nonslip prevents perspiration; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 25c Bottle

NOTION DEPT.

Darning Cotton, white, black, gray and brown; regular value 5c. Pennant Day, 3 for 5c. Triple Nickel Plated Steel Pins, 300 pins in a paper; regular value 5c. Pennant Day, 4c. Basting Cotton, all numbers, 500 yard spool; regular value 8c. Pennant Day, 4c. Black and White Hooks and Eyes, small sizes; regular value 5c. Pennant Day, 1c a Card. Pen's Spring Hooks and Eyes, black and white; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 6c Package. Women's Pad Garters, odd colors; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 6c. Colored Emblems, suitable for trimmings; regular value 15c. Pennant Day 6c a Card. Ice Picks. Pennant Day 1c Each

CORSET DEPT.

Warner's \$3.00 Corsets, discontinued model. Pennant Day \$1.60. C. B. and P. N. Corsets, broken sizes; regular value up to \$2. Pennant Day, \$1.39. Brassieres in hampburg and lace trimmings; regular value 39c. Pennant Day, 21c. Children's Underwaists. Pennant Day, 21c. Sanitary Aprons; regular value 19c. Pennant Day, 2 for 25c. Corsets, \$1.00 model. Pennant Day, 65c

DRAPEY DEPT.

30x60 Bungalow Rugs, suitable for camp and porch use; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day 79c. 1000 Yards Scrim Remnants in pieces from 1 to 12 yards; regular value 12 1-2 to 30c a yard. Pennant Day, 8c a Yard. Grass Rugs, 21x45 size; regular value 15c. Pennant Day, 49c. Remnants of Oil Cloth and Linoleum from 2 to 10 yards; regular value 30c to 50c. Pennant Day, 25c Yard. Congoleum Art Rugs, one yard square, slightly imperfect; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 45c

Women's Neckwear

Large Cape Collars, made of chiffon, lace trimmed, very new; regular value 60c. Pennant Day, 45c. Muslim Vestees, with roll and flat collar; regular value 30c. Pennant Day, 21c. Auto Caps in black and white checks and linen and gray with veil attached; regular value 60c. Pennant Day, 45c. Lace Vestees with standing or flat collar; regular value 60c. Pennant Day, 45c. Windsor Ties, made of crepe de chine in all shades; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 21c. A few Collars and Vestees, slightly counter soiled; regular value 25c and 30c. Pennant Day 14c

House Dress Dept.

Allover Aprons in good sizes; regular value 35c. Pennant Day 21c. Allover Aprons in light and dark colors; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 45c. Elastic Band Aprons in good percales, pretty patterns; regular value 75c. Pennant Day, 59c. House Dresses in light and dark shades, sizes 40 to 46; regular value 75c. Pennant Day, 49c. Percale House Dresses in new styles and colors; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 65c. Afternoon Dresses in all colors, full skirts, sizes 40 to 46; regular value \$1.49. Pennant Day, 88c. New Street Dresses in best quality percales and chambrays, and gingham, nicely trimmed, sizes 32 to 52; regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day, \$1.29. Long Kimonos in good patterns, of crepe, soft silk and muslin; regular value \$1.65. Pennant Day, 88c

INFANTS' DEPT.

Infants' Short Dresses, smocked, lace and hampburg trimmed; value 95c to \$1.95. Pennant Day, 49c. Girls' Gingham Dresses, in sizes 13, 14 and 15 years, in plaids, stripes and chambrays; regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day \$1.29. Children's Gingham Dresses in plaids, sizes 2 to 6 years; regular value 65c. Pennant Day 39c. Children's Muslin Kimonos, trimmed with pink and blue; regular value 25c. Pennant Day 15c. Children's Slip-on Dresses in tan, blue and white; regular value 13c. Pennant Day, 4 for 25c

FURNITURE DEPT.

Porch Rockers, extra large rattan seat and back, natural finish only; regular value \$3.25. Pennant Day, \$1.98. Lawn Settees, natural seat, green backs; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day, 79c. Women's Sewing Tables, maple top with yard measure; regular value \$1.85. Pennant Day, 89c

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

ANNEX ANNEX Men's Oxford Gray Raincoats, stitched and strapped seams, with plaid back and full sweep skirt; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day, \$5.00. Men's 2-piece Light Weight Suits in plain or fancy gray, greens and browns, some silk sleeves and yoke, also back of vest of silk; regular value \$10.50. Pennant Day, \$10.75. Suit Cases, 24 in. size only, in leatherette, reinforced corners, strong lock; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 69c. Young Men's Light Gray Suits in cassimeres, plaids or stripe effects, short or patch pockets; regular value \$12.00. Pennant Day, \$8.75

WAIST DEPT.

Colored Silk Waists, regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day, 55c. White and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 55c. White Middy Blouses and Plaid Skirts to match, regular value \$1. Pennant Day, 55c Each. White Voile and Organdie Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$2. Pennant Day, 88c. White and Colored Silk Waists, regular value \$3. Pennant Day \$1.39. White and Colored Georgette Crepe, pussy willow taffeta and crepe de chine, regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day, \$1.88. Children's All Wool Sweaters, regular value \$2.50. Pennant Day \$1.49. Women's All Wool Sweaters, regular value \$5. Pennant Day \$3.98. Black and Colored Gloria Petticoats, regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day, 88c. Black and Colored Heatherbloom Petticoats, regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day, \$1.39

Muslin Underwear

Corset Covers and Drawers, lace and hampburg (trimmed); regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c. Long White Petticoats, envelope chemise and combinations; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 55c. Envelope Chemise Night Robes and Combinations, counter soiled; regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day, 88c. Long White Petticoats, lace and hampburg flounce, regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day, \$1.19. Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemise, regular value \$2.95. Pennant Day, \$1.39

WOMEN'S and GIRLS' SHOES

150 Pairs of Women's Oxfords and Pumps, sizes 2 to 5, in black and tan leathers; every pair a bargain; regular value \$1.25 and \$2. Pennant Day, 65c. Women's Tan Russian Calf Oxfords and Pumps with rubber sole, also sun metal boots, English model; regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day, \$1.25. Women's Pumps, 2 straps, and Oxfords, in black kid and patent leather, high and low heels; regular value \$1.50 and \$2.00. Pennant Day, \$1.19. Children's Tan Barefoot Sandals, mostly all sizes up to 11; regular value 35c. Pennant Day, 19c. Girls' Tan Grain Barefoot Sandals, in all sizes; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 37c. Infants' White, Black, Pink and Blue Soft Sole Shoes, and anklet tie; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 25c. Girls' Patent Leather Button Boots with white canvas top; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day 85c

MEN'S and BOYS' SHOES

Men's Oxfords and Boots in black and tan leather, mostly all Good-year welts; regular value \$2.50 and \$3.00. Pennant Day, \$1.60. Men's White, Brown and Black Tennis Bats and Oxfords; regular values \$1.25 and \$1.50. Pennant Day, 85c. Boys' White with White Sole and Brown with Brown Sole Oxfords, in all sizes up to 6; regular value 90c. Pennant Day, 59c

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Handstitched Scarfs and Table Covers, extra heavy quality; regular value 75c. Pennant Day 49c Each. Huck Towels, extra good size; regular value 15c. Pennant Day, 12 1-2c. Initial Turkish Towels, in blue and pink, warranted fast colors; regular 35c value. Pennant Day, 25c. 51 inch Bleached Sheetting; regular 35c yard value. Pennant Day 29c Yard

Handkerchief Dept.

Women's Embroidered Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c each. Pennant Day, 4c Each. Men's Tape Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c each. Pennant Day, 5c Each. Women's Bordered Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c. Pennant Day, 3 for 11c. Women's Colored Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 5c

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT Khaki Pants in medium shade, well stitched and cut full, 30 to 42 waist measure; regular value \$12.50. Pennant Day, 79c. Auto Dusters in linen shades only, military collar and wide skirt; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day, 80c. Men's and Young Men's Suits in plain blue and gray serges, all fancy worsted and cassimeres in grays, browns and greens; plain or patch pockets; regular value \$12.00. Pennant Day \$7.39. Men's Suits in fancy worsted and chevrons, a few blue serges in this lot, size 40, 42 only, plain or patch pockets; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day, \$5.00

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT Men's Negligee Shirts in percale, madras, laundered cuffs, broken sizes; these shirts are soiled; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 50c. Men's Cotton Night Shirts, low neck, cut big and long, all sizes; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 35c. Men's Blue Chambray Shirts with collar on, only 5 dozen in this lot; regular value 39c. Pennant Day, 29c. Odds and Ends of Men's Nainsook or Mesh Underwear, made athletic style and knee; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 5c. Odds and Ends of Men's Straw Hats, all sizes, broken lot; regular value \$1.00 and \$2.00. Pennant Day 50c

BOYS' FURNISHINGS

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT Boys' Cotton Pajamas in madras, percale and solesette, in plain and fancy colors, with silk frogs, sizes 8 to 16 years; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 55c. Boys' and Children's Straw Hats in all this year's styles; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 25c. Children's Straw Hats in all sizes, all this year's styles; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 50c. Boys' Norfolk Suits in dark wool, in mixtures, sizes 8 to 16 years; regular value \$3.50 and \$4.00. Pennant Day, \$2.69

KITCHEN WARE DEPT.

\$1.25 and \$1.50 values. No. 7 and 8 sizes. Nickel Tea Kettles, plated on seamless copper body. Pennant Day, 79c. \$2.00 Value Economy Bread Mixers, capacity 2 to 6 loaves. Pennant Day, 95c. \$1.50 Non-Absorbent Bread and Pantry Boards; clean, sanitary board, and opal glass rolling pin. Pennant Day, both for, 75c. 25c Eight Arm Clothes Dryers, metal back to fasten to wall. Pennant Day, 19c. 60c Dozen Table Tumblers, light weight blown glassware. Pennant Day, 40c a Dozen. Window Screens, best grade oiled finish, 21 inches high, open to 37 inches; regular value 35c. Pennant Day, 25c. \$2.00 Set Dishes, blue and gold line decoration—5 dinner plates, 6 soup plates, 3 baker, 1 pudding dish, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream pitcher. Pennant Day, 95c

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

ANNEX ANNEX Men's Khaki Pants in good strong khaki and well stitched flaps on back pockets, cuff bottoms; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day, \$1.19. Men's Outing Pants in fancy flannels, sizes 30 to 40 waist only; regular value \$2.50. Pennant Day, \$1.79

HAT DEPARTMENT

Men's Sailor Sennit Straw Hats, all hand made, concealed stitch with easy sweat band, all this year's styles; regular value \$1.50 and \$2. Pennant Day \$1.00

MEN'S FURNISHING DEPT.

STREET FLOOR Men's Washable Tubular Four-in-hand Wash Ties, in all the newest colors; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 12 1-2c. Men's Cotton Union Suits, in athletic style, knee length, all sizes; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 39c. Men's Lisle Jersey Union Suits in short sleeves, extra stout; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 69c. Men's Lisle Union Suits, close crotch, short sleeves, in white only; regular value 75c. Pennant Day, 50c. Men's Cotton Pajamas in madras and percale with frogs; regular value 75c. Pennant Day, 59c. Men's Cotton Night Shirts with fancy front and silk frogs, all sizes; regular value 75c. Pennant Day, 50c. Men's Negligee Shirts in madras, percale, salmon and solesette, soft percale cuffs, cool style, slightly soiled; regular value \$1.00 and \$1.50. Pennant Day 50c. Odds and Ends of Men's Silk Shirts, sizes 15 to 17; regular value \$2.00 and \$3.00. Pennant Day, \$1.00. Men's Sport Shirts, in all the newest combinations, short sleeves, a real vacation, all sizes; regular value 75c and \$1. Pennant Day, 50c. Men's Fibre Silk Half Hose in black, gray, white and tan; regular value 17c and 25c. Pennant Day 12 1-2c. Men's Pure Two Thread Silk Half Hose, in black only, all sizes; (seconds), regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c, 4 for, \$1.00. Men's Lisle Hose, in black, gray and fancy stripes, double heel, sole and toe; 12 1-2c value. Pennant Day 9c Pair, 3 for 25c

WOMEN'S GLOVES

Women's Long Silk Gloves, 15-button length and double finger tips in white only; regular value 75c. Pennant Day, 50c

WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Women's Novelty Silk Hose in embroidered dots, checks and plaids, some in box effect and also plain colors, all this season's goods and all first quality; regular value \$1.50 and \$2.00. Pennant Day, \$1.19. Women's Onyx Hosiery in black only, high spliced heel and double sole, garter top of lisle, first quality; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 69c. Women's Cotton Hose and Children's Sox, broken lot of sizes; regular value 12 1-2c. Pennant Day, 5c. Women's Summer Jersey Union Suits, in low neck, no sleeves, lace knee, in all sizes; regular value 55c and 29c. Pennant Day, 15c. Women's Summer Jersey Vests in low neck, no sleeves, low neck, short sleeves, and high neck, short sleeves; regular value 25c and 29c. Pennant Day, 15c

PENNANT DAY LAW

- 1—Goods must be priced 25 to 50 per cent. lower than they can be bought elsewhere.
- 2—The prices are the lowest of the month.
- 3—Values are as stated, not exaggerated.
- 4—The goods on sale that one day only.

Underpriced Basement Section

Children's Drawers, made of good cotton; regular value 25c. Pennant Day, 10c. Short Kimonos, regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 19c. Children's Night Robes, hampburg trimmed; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 29c. Women's Long White Petticoats, envelope chemise and night robes, lace and hampburg trimmed; regular value 30c. Pennant Day, 29c. Allover Aprons, made of good quality percale; regular value 50c. Pennant Day, 29c. White and Colored Mercerized Petticoats, regular value \$1. Pennant Day, 49c. House Dresses, made of the best quality percale; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day, 63c. Colored Crepe Dresses, regular value \$2.49. Pennant Day, 88c. Women's Wool Sweaters, all colors; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day, \$1.00. White Voile and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$1. Pennant Day, 29c. White Voile, Crepe and Organdie Waists, regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 49c. White and Colored Silk and Voile Waists, regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day, 188c. Children's Middy Blouses, regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day, 49c. Awning Stripe Middy Blouses, regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day 69c

A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

Says the old Sun: "The common council held its last meeting before vacation last evening, and Councilman Garrity offered a resolution providing for an appropriation for municipal band concerts on the parks and commons. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 9 to 8. Councilman Garrity gave notice of reconsideration at the next meeting." As the next meeting wasn't due until after the vacation season, it was probably all off with the band concerts. In those days when money was voted, concerts were generally held on the two commons though occasionally some member with a particular pull would get a concert elsewhere. Experience has taught, however, that there are only three places in Lowell to which the crowds will go to band concerts, and these are the two commons and

Fort Hill park. The former administration revived the idea of trying to please all by holding them all over the city, but most of the concert thus held were failures, so far as attendances were concerned.

On Sunday afternoon last a concert was held at the Chambers street playground, though this place was selected simply because the new playground was to be formally opened on the following day, otherwise, no concert would have been assigned there. In this case history repeated itself, for while there were big crowds at the concerts on the North common and at Fort Hill park, there were comparatively few at the Chambers street concert. The people like it so where there is plenty of room to move about and an opportunity to sit down, and where they can be away from the heat and dust of the congested districts.

Went to Nova Scotia

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago: "Lawrence Cummings of the Citizen and Assistant Clerk McCarthy of city hall have just returned from a trip to Nova Scotia."

The old Sun didn't get the impressions of the two Lowell men of Nova Scotia as is customary when distinguished citizens return from a foreign country, and my belated attempt to get impressions from the assistant city clerk resulted in a bonum for Tyler park as the only place to live in.

Good Things Gone Wrong

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago, all in the same issue, at that:

"The local members of the Fraternity of Financial Co-operation have hopes of obtaining part of the \$125,000, which the supreme officers have in a bank in Wheeling, West Va."

"The Order of Pall-bile Fellowship, with some members in this city, is reported to have collapsed and its president to have left for parts unknown with about \$800 of the money contributed by confiding certificate holders. The losers are almost wholly a poor class of women whose losses range from \$40 to \$100."

"There are 150 members of the Royal Ark in this city, and as the order is in distress they are in perilously to know whether they should pay another assessment with such a great risk of losing all. They would prefer a division of the funds in order to settle the matter."

Royal Ark, by the by, isn't an abbreviation of Royal Arcanum, but by any means, for the Royal Arcanum is a genuine fraternal organization, and, speaking of that order, it is not safe to assume at all times that the letters "R. A." refer to it, especially when seen on a bottle. A man went into a downtown hotel bar yesterday and ordered a Scotch highball.

"Any particular brand?" asked the accommodating barkeep.

"Give me that 'Royal Arcanum, if you have it'" was the thirsty one's request, and the bar-keep promptly handed him a bottle of R. A.

With the order mentioned above and the Iron Hall of strong-arm memory and the Annual Friend, whose friendship suddenly and unexpectedly ceased just about quarter of a century ago, and the many other "fraternal" and "endowment" orders, which found such fine playing in this city in those good, old easy days, it's wonderful that there isn't any money left in Lowell, for the rising generation.

Joe Is Still on Job

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Joseph Lavigne, employed by the lands and buildings department, in tearing down the high school building was struck on the back by a falling timber and was seriously injured. He was taken to St. John's hospital."

But Joe's back was timber-proof and in due time he was back on the job and is there yet having completed quarter of a century with the city. Joe was pretty busy at city hall tearing out woodwork in the different offices to make way for the new steel vaults which arrived at the municipal building during the week.

E. Garfield "Blew Himself"

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"G. Baker placed one of his neat and useful telephone indexes in the rooms of the Press club as a gift, Friday morning. The members of the club appreciate his kindness."

Thus, had it not been for the existence of this column in The Sun, the good that E. Garfield did for the city for all time with the bones of the Press club which went out of existence about 20 years back, and hence once more The Old Timer has justified his job. It is evident that Mr. Baker wasn't superstitious, for it isn't every man who would make a gift of a telephone book to a club on a Friday. Superstitious that they don't make gifts on any day.

Cardinal O'Connell's Early Sermons

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"The Rev. William H. O'Connell, of St. Joseph's church, West End, Boston, will preach the panegyric of St. Ignatius Loyola, at the celebration of his feast at the church of the Immaculate Conception in Boston."

The church of the Immaculate Conception in Boston has been conducted by the Jesuits for many years and from its pulpit have been heard some of the most famous orators of the Catholic church. The selection of Cardinal O'Connell, then a young curate, to preach at this church on such an occasion was considered a signal honor for him. But in those days the fu-

Lowell, Tuesday, July 11, 1916

A.G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Values in Sheets and Pillow Cases

Slightly damaged—that show more money's worth, considering the extreme prices of all cottons, than we have ever offered. There's enough for one day's brisk selling left—though lots are limited.

One lot, subject to slight stains, misweaves and broken selvages. Single size only. Clearance sale price.....3 for \$1.00

One lot, good heavy cotton, size 72x90, made with three and one inch hem and centre seam. Clearance sale price.....45c Each

One lot Special Sheets, made from one of the best brands of cotton in the market, for family use, subject to slight stains or heavy threads, positively no holes, at 25 per cent. less than the cost of manufacture today. Clearance sale prices as follows:

72x90—81x90.....79c Each

63x90—72x90.....69c Each

81x90.....89c Each

PILLOW CASES

One lot in sizes to fit ordinary pillow, made of good cotton but subject to slight imperfections; values up to 15c. Clearance sale price.....10c Each

One lot, various sizes, plain and hemstitched, made of extra quality cotton; also included at the same price Tubing Cases, size 42x26, subject to slight imperfections, values up to 25c. Clearance sale price.....15c Each

Palmer Street End of Centre Aisle

A SALE OF Stamped Goods

FOR EMBROIDERY, AT A SAVING OF 1-3 TO 1-2 STARTS TODAY

Some being slightly soiled or just mused—from handling. All new patterns, having been bought this season. A great chance to get enough embroidery for your vacation work at a great saving. Pillow Covers, regular price 25c and 50c, at.....10c and 25c Scarfs and Centers, regular price 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00, at 10c, 25c, 35c and 50c

Guest Towels, regular price 25c, 30c and 50c, at.....15c

Bath Towels, regular price 25c and 50c, at.....19c and 35c

Pin Cushions, regular price 25c and 35c, at.....15c

Doilies, regular price 15c, 50c, 75c and \$1.50, at 8c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

Pillow Cases and Day Slips, regular price 50c, at.....45c

Children's Dresses, regular price 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.50, at 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

Baby Jackets, regular price 50c, at.....25c

Short Waists, regular price 50c and 76c, at.....25c and 50c

Corset Covers, regular price 50c, at.....35c

Envelope Combinations, regular price 79c, at.....50c

Night Gowns, regular price 60c and 75c, at.....50c

East Section Centre Aisle

TODAY'S BASEMENT SPECIALS

At 3c a Yard THIN BLACK DRESS FABRICS AND LACES

3000 yards of fine black mercerized Batistes, Lawns and Voiles, in full pieces; 10c and 12½c values, only.....3c a Yard

500 yards of Remnants Edges and Insertion from 1 inch to 4 inches wide, both linen and cotton, very fine quality for trimming or curtain work; values 5c to 20c, at.....3c a Yard

Palmer Street Basement

ture prelate was considered the most prominent pulpit orator in the archdiocese and was frequently invited to preach at other churches. It memory serves me rightly, one of his first sermons away from St. Joseph's and which called widespread attention to his ability was at the church of St. Catherine of Siena, in Charlestown, at which he was invited to speak on some unusual occasion by Rev. James J. Fitzgerald, formerly of this city, who at that time was acting-pastor of St. Catherine's and who had known Cardinal O'Connell from boyhood.

An Old Fashioned Vacation

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Ferrin, of Middlesex Village started with their span for their annual drive and vacation. They will be gone about six weeks and while their headquarters will be Pembroke, N. H., during the time of their absence their carriage will roll over many of the loamy hills and through numerous fertile valleys of the old granite state."

Can you recall when last you saw a span of horses attached to a pleasure vehicle, barring perhaps that of Engineer Mills of the Locks and Canals company who still sticks to the good old depot carriage and span of bays? A two horse hitch in a carriage is now a novelty at which pedestrians will instinctively turn around to look after as it passes. The auto has sent them to the stables for all time. This form of enjoying a vacation, proceeding by easy stages over the pleasant country roads, stopping where night overtook the traveler was a popular form in days gone by but few if any ever attempt it in these days of speed and dust-producing motor vehicles, and the all-absorbing passion to negotiate the distance between two points in as brief a period of time as is possible.

THE ELKS' CONVENTION

BOSTON TO BE CHOSEN FOR 1917—SESSION OPENS AT BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—Boston has virtually been agreed on as

the gathering place of the 1917 convention of the Elks. Lodge leaders from all parts of the country assured the Boston delegation last night that opposition had dwindled by the will of New Orleans and Milwaukee to step aside. Until yesterday both cities were vigorous contenders for the honor.

Formal ratification of Boston as the choice for next year is generally looked for at the business session today. Mayor Curley of Boston and Past Exalted Ruler Jere J. Hurley of Boston lodge will take the floor of the convention and pound home the reasons for their city being chosen.

For several months Mayor Curley, Mr. Hurley and Past Exalted Ruler Edward C. Carr have co-operated with the Boston chamber of commerce in a campaign for the winning of the 1917 convention. Of their strongest arguments was that Boston, although an admirable convention city, had never been visited by the Elks.

Another persuasive point has been secured by the announcement that already an entertainment fund of \$50,000 has been guaranteed by the mercantile and allied interests of Boston.

The next big feature of the convention, which opened today, is the election of a grand exalted ruler as the successor of James E. Nicholson of Springfield, who retired. It is being generally predicted that Edward O. Righter, an attorney of New Orleans, will get the ballots. He is being opposed by Lloyd Wilkinson of Chicago, but the wise men of Elksdom are forecasting Righter's election.

HAS 43,000 MEMBERS

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—The first business session of the Grand lodge of the Order of Elks was held this morning. The records of the registration bureau showed that 7500 people had registered and officials estimated that twice that number actually arrived in the city. According to Grand Exalted Ruler James E. Nicholson of Boston, the total number of Elks now in the order is 452,000 and there are 1340 lodges.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The Benevolent Order of Buffaloes met in regular session last night and elected officers for the ensuing term. During the latter part of the evening they were installed by Charles H. Smith, supreme deputy of Lowell herd. The officers elected were as follows: President, George Pettigill; vice president, Alfred Handly; treasurer, W. W. Murphy; chaplain, Edmund Preston; financial secretary, Robert M. Dempsey; recording secretary, Arthur Senter; past president, Frank A. Crossley; trustee, Frank A. Mussey; Charles McAnney and George R. Brown; inside guard, William Hogan; outside guard, Bruno Hebert; marshal, Lloyd Harrison. Following the election of officers, refreshments were served and it was voted to hold the annual outing of the organization in August.

Loyal Integrity Lodge, I.O.O.F.

The regular meeting of Loyal Integrity lodge, I.O.O.F., was held last night at C.C.A. hall in Middle street. The principal business of the evening was the installation of officers by D.P.G.M. George W. Embley, Jr. and suite consisting of P.P.G.M. George Embley, conductor and Samuel Kershaw secretary. They were escorted into the lodge room by Chaplain Hugh Thomas and Warden James McAiside of Integrity lodge. Officers installed were the following:

G. M. Lee MacKenzie; N. G. Harold Merrill; R. S. to N. G. Arthur DeLone; L. S. to N. G. Harry Akeley; V. G. Frank Laprise; R. S. to V. G. Sidney Fryer; L. S. to V. G. Severo Lambert; E. S. David Thomas; treasurer, George Chase; P. S. Thomas Chadwick; W. James McArde; O. G. Joseph Martell; I. G. William Hudson; pianist, A. W. Henderson; doctor, E. G. Livingston,

FIGHT OVER INSURANCE

Question of Rates for Workmen's Compensation Insurance Discussed—Companies in Conflict

Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, July 11.—Although the law in this state requires that premiums for workmen's compensation insurance shall be "adequate" to meet the cost of carrying on the business, it is not sufficient to accomplish the purpose which the legislature had in mind when enacting it, namely, to compel the companies to charge rates so high that the most poorly managed company may make a profit on its business.

This statement was made yesterday by Samuel H. Pillsbury, attorney for the Massachusetts Employes Insurance association, the so-called "state company," before the special legislative committee which is investigating the subject of compensation insurance rates.

Mr. Pillsbury explained that the law regulates only workmen's compensation insurance; because of that fact any company carrying other lines of insurance may place a rebate on his plate glass insurance, for example, which will place the cost of that insurance far below any figure which a competing company may offer, and by that method force the competing company out of business in this state.

Albert H. Moberg, secretary and actuary of the same company, said that stock companies are trying to eliminate the rebates from doing business in this state. "The three mutual insurance companies which are carrying large amounts of compensation insurance in this state," he said, "represent the only real competition which the stock companies have to meet in this country; if they can only succeed in driving them out of business, then they can advertise to the world that the mutual system has failed in the last commonwealth where it has survived."

Mr. Pillsbury suggested that there are two remedies for the situation in which the compensation insurance business is at the present time, either on your retro strength and are constantly lowering your vitality by carrying this excess burden. Any person who is satisfied in their own mind that they are too stout or advised to go to A. W. Dows & Co., or any good druggist and get a box of oil of korein capsules, and take one after each meal and one just before retiring at night.

Even a few days treatment has been reported to show a noticeable action in weight, improved digestion and a return of the old energy; footpads become lighter and the skin less lumpy in appearance as superfluous fat disappears.

Oil of korein is inexpensive, cannot injure, and helps the digestion. Any person who wants to reduce 15 or 20 pounds is advised to give this treatment a trial.

As an instance of this variation he cited the present industrial boom due to the European war. Before the outbreak of the war there was a period of great depression, and employers generally had discharged their incompetent and careless employees. With the war boom, however, they were compelled to hire back such men as they could get, including the careless, and as a result the number of accidents increased out of all proportion to the payroll, on which premiums are based. Another factor entering into the number of accidents is the fact that many plants are operating over time, and men who are tired are far more susceptible to injury than when working only an ordinary day.

HOYT.

The Woman's Emergency corps, representing 3000 women of Toronto, has offered their services as industrial workers to the Canadian Manufacturers' association.

Indoor Life Makes Fat

TRY OIL OF KOREIN TO KEEP WEIGHT DOWN, OR TO REDUCE SUPERFLUOUS FAT

People who are confined within doors and who are deprived of fresh air and exercise must take precautions to guard against over-stoutness, as fat acquired by indoor life is unhealthy and a danger to the vital organs of the body. Lack of exercise in the fresh air is said to weaken the oxygen carrying power of the blood, so that it is unable to produce strong muscles and vitality, and the formation of unsightly and unhealthy fat is the result.

If you are 15 or 20 pounds above normal weight you are daily drawing on your retro strength and are constantly lowering your vitality by carrying this excess burden. Any person who is satisfied in their own mind that they are too stout or advised to go to A. W. Dows & Co., or any good druggist and get a box of oil of korein capsules, and take one after each meal and one just before retiring at night.

Even a few days treatment has been reported to show a noticeable action in weight, improved digestion and a return of the old energy; footpads become lighter and the skin less lumpy in appearance as superfluous fat disappears.

Oil of korein is inexpensive, cannot injure, and helps the digestion. Any person who wants to reduce 15 or 20 pounds is advised to give this treatment a trial.

Don't Suffer Longer

and allow yourself to become grouchy, upset, nervous and depressed. These conditions usually indicate a disordered digestive system, which, if neglected, may be hard to remedy. Remove the disturbing element and put your digestive organs in good working order by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

They gently stimulate the liver, act on the bowels, tone the stomach—purify the blood and regulate the system. These benefits are particularly marked by women at such times when nature makes special demands upon their vitality. They act promptly and safely.

The next time you feel low-spirited and out of sorts, take Beecham's Pills. Their sure, mild, thorough action will

Give Quick Relief

Special Directions of Value to Women are with Every Box Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

ANOTHER GERMAN U-BOAT

Continued

that later might be inflicted on British commerce, took occasion to direct Acting Secretary Polk's attention to the representations he has made on July 1. M. Fuzerand, the French ambassador, also has been in communication with the department.

From the allies' point of view any submarine is essentially a warship. The United States, Great Britain and France agree on the doctrine that it is illegal to change the character of a merchant ship into a cruiser or privateer on the high seas, but the German government always has insisted upon that right. Consequently, it is argued, it would be no violation of the German interpretation of international law, for the Deutschland to take aboard armament outside of the three mile limit and to prey upon commerce.

The very nature of construction of a submarine, it is also held, makes it impossible for such a craft to comply with the requirements of international law, could not be stopped and searched as an enemy warship subject to destruction upon sight. Other points of objection to the recognition by the United States government of the right of German submarines to make use of American ports without restraint, thus constituting a menace not only to allied but to neutral commerce, are expected to be developed and pressed upon the state department just as soon as the report of Capt. Hughes has been received.

Inasmuch as rubber and nickel are being imported to the United States under private agreements by the purchasers that they shall not reach the central powers, British authorities are beginning to investigate how the large

quantity of these materials piled up at the Deutschland's pier, got into the hands of German agents.

The United States government is no party to such agreements but officials point out that the steel mills which supply materials for guns and armor for the army and navy may be affected by the outcome. Virtually all the nickel now being used here comes from Canada and nearly all the rubber comes by way of London in British ships.

WILL NOT TAKE PASSENGERS

Two Applicants Offered \$5000 Each to Make Return Trip on the Deutschland

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—While no comment has been made by any one connected with the Deutschland on the action of the navy department in detaining Capt. C. F. Hughes to make a formal survey of her for the government, it is thought no objection will be raised. The detail was made at the instance of Acting Secretary of State Polk and is understood to be in line with official opinion that the federal government must take every precaution to establish beyond doubt the exact character of the vessel. The Deutschland's cargo of dyestuffs when discharged will be placed in a bonded warehouse, to be disposed of later by the local representative of the vessel's owners.

A question has arisen whether the submarine will be permitted to take back to Germany a large quantity of nickel that is on the dock to which she is moored. Shipment of nickel to the United States from Canada which is the world's greatest producer of this metal, has been allowed on condition that its distribution should be so controlled that none could reach

the central powers. The Canadian government is said to be considering the new situation.

An emphatic statement was made by Henry G. Hilken of the firm which represents the Deutschland's owners, that under no circumstances will any passengers be carried on the submarine on her return trip. He said provision was made only for the crew and that it would be impossible to take any others. Two applications for passage are said to have offered \$5000 each. Mr. Hilken said smilingly, he expected the submarine to leave "about Christmas" but it is understood she will depart within a week.

"The Deutschland is moored within a quarter of a mile from the place where the first submergence was made, 19 years ago, of the first boat to successfully navigate under water. This was the Argonaut, invented by Simon Lake, who came to Baltimore yesterday personally to congratulate Capt. Konig of the Deutschland on the feat he had accomplished."

No Objection to Inspection

There will be no objection on the part of Capt. Paul Konig, commander of the German submarine Deutschland, to an inspection of his craft by officers of the United States navy. This was announced by Capt. Konig today after the arrival from Washington of Capt. C. F. Hughes and two of the navy's submarine experts, assigned to aid the collector of the port in determining the status of the vessel.

Unloading Cargo

The work of unloading the cargo of the Deutschland began shortly after 9 o'clock. The cases of dyestuffs were stored inside the warehouse at the base of the pier.

SUBMARINE'S VOYAGE SUMMARIZED

Vessel.....Deutschland
Character.....Underwater liner

Commander.....Capt. Konig
Crew.....29 men
Cargo.....Dyestuffs and mail
Destination.....Baltimore
Home port.....Unknown
Consignees.....A. Schumacher & Co., Agents North German Lloyd
Time of voyage.....16 days
Distance.....4150 miles
Submergence.....1800 miles
Longest submergence.....800 miles
Route.....North sea and "Leibort" line
Length of vessel.....275 feet
Breadth.....11.5 feet
Propulsion.....Diesel oil engines
Speed.....12 knots submerged
Speed.....18-20 knots surface
Armament.....2 guns for defence

CRAFT'S STATUS

No Diplomatic Complications Seen By Federal Officials in Arrival of the Deutschland

WASHINGTON, July 11.—No diplomatic complications were seen by federal officials today in the arrival at Baltimore of the German super-submarine Deutschland, if examination establishes the vessel is a merchantman and nothing else. A ruling on the craft's status will be made when a report coming from Collector of Customs Ryan at Baltimore is gone over, probably within 36 hours.

There were no prospects today that representatives here of the allied governments would protest if the submarine is held to be a merchant ship. The British and French embassies have asked the state department to satisfy itself of the vessel's character, but no protest against the boat's entrance into American waters was made.

Navy officers have been detailed to assist the Baltimore collector in examining the submarine. Officials put little faith in rumors that there might be objection to a close inspection of the boat on the ground that it was of a secret type of construction.

Acting Secretary Polk said he antici-

ated no protests from the allied governments against a decision, generally believed by officials to be forthcoming, that the Deutschland is an unarmed freighter. He also pointed out that the state department is concerned with the vessel itself and not with disposal of her cargo.

The latter is subject to the treasury department's regulations which will govern its discharge and acceptance. The state department, it was officially declared, will not concern itself with reported objections by Canadian nickel interests to exportation of nickel on the Deutschland. Agreements of American purchasers of Canadian nickel may be re-exported the metal. Acting Secretary Polk explained, were purely private and no resort could be had to the state department to interfere with nickel shipments on the German super-submarine.

LONDON PAPER LAUDS KONIG

"Ready to Join in Laugh Against Ourselves and Applaud Captain," Says Manchester Guardian

LONDON, July 11, 11.15 a. m.—"We are quite ready to join in the laugh against ourselves and to applaud the skill and daring of the captain, who appears to us as a sportsman and has earned his laurels cleanly," says the Manchester Guardian, alluding to the German submarine Deutschland.

The Guardian says that plans for submarines of 2000 to 4000 tons existed in Germany and England before the war, but that such vessels were not built because of the time required to submerge them and the impossibility of submerging them in shallow water. It points out that the Australian submarine AE-2 went from Australia to the Dardanelles and says that if the captain and crew of the Deutschland are against the exportation of any Can-

adian nickel metal to the United States for refinement.

WINS \$20,000 IN BETS

Broker Boshen of New York Had Taken All Wagers Against Arrival of the Submarine

NEW YORK, July 11.—Frederick Boshen, a former Wall Street broker, who is said to have enjoyed close relations with the German government officials in the United States, is credited in Wall Street with having cleaned up \$20,000 in bets in the last two weeks on the German submarine Deutschland.

Wall Street regarded the mission of the submarine as a myth, and bets were freely offered at 15 to 1 that it would never put in an appearance. Boshen took every bet offered, and all day yesterday he was busy collecting his winnings.

CANADA MAY BAR NICKEL

Will Try to Keep German Submarine From Carrying Back Cargo of That Metal

OTTAWA, Ont., July 11.—The Canadian government is considering the new situation in regard to nickel, created by the arrival of a German submarine at Baltimore after crossing the Atlantic. Canada, which largely controls the nickel production of the world, has allowed the shipment of this metal to the United States on condition that the International Nickel company so control distribution that none could reach the Central Powers.

The announcement that the German submarine proposes to take back a cargo of nickel from the United States has been heard with some concern by the Canadian authorities and attention is being given the problem of preventing nickel reaching Germany by its submarine route.

The submarine freighter's arrival has revived an agitation for an embargo against the exportation of any Can-

adian nickel metal to the United States for refinement.

CREDIT TO GERMAN ENTERPRISE

London Daily Graphic Says Voyage Leaves Maritime Situation Where it Was Before

LONDON, July 11.—The Daily Graphic commenting upon the transatlantic voyage of the German submarine Deutschland, says: "While the submarine trip does credit to German enterprise and seamanship it leaves the maritime situation where it was before. The risk of disaster is immense and the capacity of submarines to carry commodities which Germany needs is insignificant."

The Daily Express asserts that if a dozen submarines were to reach America they certainly would not affect the blockade.

LONDON PAPER LAUDS KONIG

"Ready to Join in Laugh Against Ourselves and Applaud Captain," Says Manchester Guardian

LONDON, July 11, 11.15 a. m.—"We are quite ready to join in the laugh against ourselves and to applaud the skill and daring of the captain, who appears to us as a sportsman and has earned his laurels cleanly," says the Manchester Guardian, alluding to the German submarine Deutschland.

The Guardian says that plans for submarines of 2000 to 4000 tons existed in Germany and England before the war, but that such vessels were not built because of the time required to submerge them and the impossibility of submerging them in shallow water. It points out that the Australian submarine AE-2 went from Australia to the Dardanelles and says that if the captain and crew of the Deutschland are against the exportation of any Can-

The submarine freighter's arrival has revived an agitation for an embargo against the exportation of any Can-

20 DOZEN 50c

APRONS

This Sale Only

27c

Three only to a customer.

CHERRY & WEBB

\$35,000

WORTH OF

Vacation Garments

IN OUR

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Twice yearly this great opportunity comes to our customers from Lowell and surrounding towns. A POSITIVE CLEARING AWAY of all surplus and seasonable garments. Regardless of the high water mark for merchandise, we intend to surpass all previous efforts. The CHERRY & WEBB standard will be maintained. Every garment in this store at a reduced price. Nothing sold till

Wednesday Morning at 9 O'Clock

EVERYBODY MUST HAVE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO REAP THE BENEFITS

SUITS Values

That can never be repeated.
20 Suits at.....\$5.00
100 Suits at.....\$10.00
160 Suits at.....\$12.75
200 Suits—the balance of stock.

\$15

All the fine materials in the above suits have advanced 20 per cent. You pay less than one-half price.

2ND FLOOR COSTUMES

75 Silk Taffeta Dresses

Navy, Copen, Black and Rose.

\$12.00 and \$15.00 Values

\$8.90

40 RAINCOATS

\$4.00 values

\$1.90

While they last.

350 Coats

All marked for a quick clearaway. No woman can afford to be without a coat. No vacation can be complete without one. Main Floor the home of high grade coats.

\$12.00 and \$15.00 COATS.....\$8.90

\$16.00 and \$18.75 COATS.....\$10.00

\$18.75 to \$22.50 COATS.....\$12.75

As none of the garments could be duplicated for one-half again what they cost, we advise immediate action. Sale begins at 9 o'clock.

Silk Coats, Sport Coats, Auto Coats, Street Coats

\$22.50 to \$15
\$30.00 COATS

A GREAT HUGE TABLE HOLDING

150 Garments

Soiled Dresses, Odd Skirts, Children's Coats, Kimonos, etc. Every garment 3 to 5 times original cost.

—CHOICE—

\$1

50

Odd Coats

\$12 and \$15 values

\$1 AND \$2

30 Palm Beach Suits

\$8.00 Suits.....\$4.67
Genuine Palm Beach, not the imitation you see quoted.

75 SILK SWEATERS

Selling at \$5.98 to \$7.50, Copen, rose, green and purple, at

\$4.60

167 OUTING SKIRTS

In serges, poplin, checks and mohair—\$6 to \$8 Skirts, at

\$3.90

Silk Taffeta Skirts

\$12.00 Skirts.....\$8.79
\$14.75 Skirts.....\$10.00
Every High Grade Skirt Reduced



Fashion Basement

Is Swarming With Bargains

\$6.00 SPORT COATS.....\$3.89
75c WAISTS.....39c
\$3.00 CLOTH SKIRTS.....\$1.69
\$3.00 BATHING SUITS.....\$1.79
\$4.00 BATHING SUITS.....\$2.49
\$5.00 RAINCOATS.....\$3.89
\$1.00 COLORED PETTICOATS.....39c
\$7.50 SILK POPLIN DRESSES.....\$4.89

\$1.00 WASH SKIRTS.....49c
\$1.25 WASH SKIRTS.....79c
\$1.50 WASH SKIRTS.....97c
\$5.00 BATH ROBES.....\$1.89
\$1.25 HOUSE DRESSES.....67c
\$1.75 HOUSE DRESSES.....97c
\$4.00 SILK KIMONOS.....\$2.39
\$1.50 CREPE KIMONOS.....87c
\$1.50 SWEATERS.....85c

2000 SUMMER DRESSES

Are all reduced for this sale. The manufacturers' late season made them ready to sell them at clearance prices. Brand new dresses, just when you want to wear them. Pure Linens, Voiles, Cotton Crepes and Novelty goods—the late season styles only.

\$5.00 DRESSES.....\$2.98
\$6.00 and \$7.00 DRESSES.....\$3.98
\$7.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00 DRESSES.....

\$4.98

Children's Garments --- Dresses, Coats, Raincoats

DRESSES—2 for the Price of 1

\$1.00 CHILDREN'S DRESSES.....59c
\$1.50 CHILDREN'S DRESSES.....79c
\$3.00 CHILDREN'S DRESSES.....\$1.65

COATS—1-2 Price

20 CHILDREN'S SOILED DRESSES—
Sold at \$8.00—Choice.....\$2.29
40 CHILDREN'S COATS, were \$5.00.....\$2.49

1800 NewTub and Wash Skirts

The new pockets, gathered backs, wide belts. Styles are all here—Main Floor.

\$3.00 STRIPE SKIRTS—

\$1.80

Copen, Rose and Green.....

Also Plain Gabardines and Repps in this lot.

150 SKIRTS—Silverbloom stripes, fancy gabardines and novelty; values to \$5, for \$2.90
Cherry & Webb styles always lead the way.

100 Serge Dresses

\$5.79

and \$8.79

In Imported French Serge and Poplin. Excellent for country or seashore. Some were \$18.50.

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK
CLOAK STORE
12-18 JOHN ST.

P. S. — Store Closed All

Day Thursday

CLERKS' GENERAL HOLIDAY



3387

Waists

At Reduction Prices
At This Sale

\$1.50 VOILE WAISTS.....79c
\$2.95 VOILE WAISTS.....\$1.69
\$2.50 JAP SILK WAISTS—
Colors only.....\$1.29
\$3.00 CREPE DE CHINE
WAISTS.....\$1.90
\$5.00 GEORGETTE CREPE—
All colors.....\$2.90
\$6.50 CREPE GEORGETTE—
In colors and white.....\$3.90

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

AMERICA'S EYES OPENED

The arrival of a giant submarine from Germany in an American port is for this country the most significant and the most sensational event of the war, and there is no escaping the lessons which it teaches us so plainly. Viewed as an episode of the great war, it has all the elements of romance. As a scientific achievement it opens up hitherto unknown possibilities, but in a national sense it makes Americans pause and forecast its effects on our future policy as to methods of warfare.

There is no ignoring the fact that the naval blockade of England has been challenged and in the development of the new invention all naval warfare may be revolutionized. If one submarine can do this, why not fifty or one hundred? Germany calmly predicts that a fleet of undersea craft will soon be operating on a regular schedule, bringing here dyestuffs, malis, etc., and taking back to Germany food and war necessities. America is not disposed to doubt the prediction, recalling how past skepticism has been nullified.

In the face of this great achievement, where is the vaunted American isolation? No longer can we talk of the natural bulwark of the oceans that have given us such a fancied security. Soon, all the great powers may have the giant submarines, and it may be possible for a fleet of such submarines to enter American ports at night unless new methods of protection be adopted. The peaceful trading vessel of today may be the war vessel of tomorrow, and the ocean that kept us away from the quarrels of the world may yield us a crop of armed foes at some future date.

In that case, Bryan's predicted army of one million mobilized over night will not do. The threatened flurry with Mexico proved that his dream can never be realized. Instead of having a million recruits in one day, we have managed to scrape together a poorly trained and poorly equipped army of 30,000 in 24 days. America can no longer feel secure with this condition staring us in the face while foreign powers make such vast strides in war inventions.

America has been shouting for preparedness; it must now put preparedness into practice. The first essential is a great navy, large enough and powerful enough to protect our coast line from all possible attack. The work of repelling an invading army must fall upon the navy in the first instance, and there will now be no need to argue that a large and powerful navy is essential to American security.

After the navy must come an adequate army—not an army depending on haphazard systems of volunteer troops but an army made up of resolute American citizens alive to the calls of nationality. The European war has demonstrated that a democracy cannot wage war as efficiently as a militaristic government. England tried to blunder through without adopting the methods of Germany or Russia, but eventually both England and France were compelled to impose the will of the state or nation on the people, leaving no choice in the matter of military service. So it will have to be in the United States. If this great free country is to remain secure from possible foreign aggression, there must be an understanding that if necessity requires it, every American citizen must be ready and willing to take his or her place in the scheme of national defense when the call for service is sent out from Washington. Whether the people like it or dislike it, some form of universal military training and some provision for compulsory service in emergencies is surely coming. Otherwise America cannot feel secure in a world that has seen so many ideals shattered in the past few years.

The extraordinary achievement of Germany has challenged England's claim that she is mistress of the seas and has opened the eyes of America. From the White House down to the humblest dwelling in the land all Americans are beginning to realize that we are not nearly so far away from the wars of the rest of the world as we had fondly fancied. It is for us to wake up and apply the lessons that are only too plain.

THINGS HALF DONE

It is too often the way of municipal business to start so many things that a great many projects are half done and remain half done until public opinion compels their completion. Just as soon as there is a public show of compliance is made and then in a little while the agitation is forgotten and things are permitted to drift back into the same old rut. While the city is handling more big problems at the present time than for any period in several municipal administrations, we have examples of the propositions that have gone into the preliminary stage and are in for a period of chronic inaction.

The erection of a hospital for contagious diseases is a case in point, and it must be confessed that the public is heartily sick of the agitation. Nevertheless, it will not be settled at

all until it is settled right by the erection of a modern institution, and the longer it is delayed the longer is a need left unfulfilled.

What has become of the suggestion for a public swimming place for the children of the city? The authorities have gone so far as to hold a conference with representatives of the Locks and Canals corporation, but when the corporation agreed, throwing the responsibility over on the city, the matter was allowed to go by the board. The time for action has gone by for another year with every probability that several lives will be lost in the canals before the summer closes.

The extension of Dummer street, the agitation for a public hall, the starting of work on the high school, etc., etc., seem to have suffered to some extent from the ennui of the season, and the people would like to see results. Yet, it may be unreasonable to ask for speed when so many large and costly plans are in their initial stages. The point in issue is that when the city plunges into projects and carries them on to any extent, it is a poor policy to leave them half done or wholly undone. Better take up only such things as can be done and finish what has been well begun.

MORE CARE NEEDED

In view of the great spread of infantile paralysis this year in New York and elsewhere and in view also of the popular dread concerning it, the local board of health might do well to go farther than usual in the work of prevention. If the mother of the local victim is not able to give the proper amount of attention, it would seem the part of prudence for the authorities to step in and apply the most modern precautions suggested by doctors who have made a close study of the mysterious malady. It is all very well for the board of health to tell parents what ought to be done or what must be done, but that does not necessarily mean that the things suggested are done. Those familiar with the parents of some sections know that they are liable to listen to the doctor or the member of the board of health and then disregard their positive orders, when the visitor is out of sight. In the interest of the public safety the board of health might do well to put a paid and efficient nurse on that particular case and on any others that may turn up in the future. If the parents of the city felt that more than the average precaution is taken to prevent the spread of infection, it would help greatly to allay fears and to arouse confidence where there is apt to be dread and alarm.

TO HELP MEXICO

President Wilson's emphatic declaration at Detroit that he will serve Mexico while refusing to serve those selfish few who want America to crush Mexico for their own ends is in the interests of permanent peace. It is based on his conviction that Mexico has changed its attitude of hostility towards us, and he is in a better position to judge of Mexican intentions than most of his critics. It is very easy for us to work ourselves into a passion by talking and writing of Mexican mobs and their outrages, but what glory is there in a war of extermination or aggression? There must be some spark of sense in Mexico and it is to the better element in that country that Pres. Wilson now appeals, promising to help Mexico get her house in order. By lending the troubled republic financial and economic assistance and by calling for an international council to remedy existing evils, we may yet start a movement for peace that shall restore harmony to Mexico without having to adopt the remedies of the jingo. If only Carranza could see that he has nothing to fear from President Wilson and the American government a good start would be made towards the return of peace and sanity.

SPRAYING THE TREES

Children who have been wont to go to the improvised deer park on Fort Hill will regret the death of one of the does, presumably because of eating leaves that had been sprayed with arsenate of lead. The temptation to feed the animals is obvious and it is probable that children pulled the poisonous leaves and fed them to the deer through the fence. The spraying of poison under any circumstances is a serious matter and every year it is responsible for the death of many domestic pets and larger animals. Occasionally a farmer succs for the loss of a cow or other beast, and we are reminded in other ways that the city should exercise the greatest care in

SAFEGUARD YOUR CHILD

If your child is pale, dull at times, irritable and fretful you should attend to the condition at once as the chances are your little one is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer is what you should get. This well known remedy for worms is pleasant to take and expels the worms at once, the cause of your child's suffering. Only 25c. at all drug stores.

MILL AND FACTORY EMPLOYEES

Have your eyes examined and glasses made at the

Caswell Optical Co.

20 MERRIMACK ST.
Lowell's Leading Opticians. Est. 1899.

spraying the trees and shrubs. In the meantime every effort should be made to impress on the visitors to our aspiring little zoo that it is a short-sighted and a cruel policy to kill the deer with kindness.

SEEN AND HEARD

You can be little and still be interesting.

The new fashioned haircut is intended to give a wig impression—and it does.

Campers are authority for the statement that the mosquitoes are mobilizing at the ponds herabout.

A Mistake Somewhere

This is a true story. "Little Walter," whose father is a professor in a middle west university, was scrutinizing his parents closely and said: "Father, you have such heavy eyebrows and mother has hardly any. What are eyebrows for?" The father replied, promptly, "What eyebrows are—eyebrows—they are to keep the sweat from getting into people's eyes when they work hard." "But father," protested Walter, "I don't see how that can be for mother would need to be many times heavier than yours." And father was lost in thought.

She Was Some Seaside

A sentimental young lady from town was on the steamship pier, where she saw a young girl sitting on a trunk in an attitude of utter dejection and despair. "Poor thing," thought the romantic young lady, "she is probably alone and a stranger. Her pale cheeks and great, sad eyes tell of a broken heart and a yearning for sympathy." She went over to the traveller to win her confidence. "Gee-whizz in love?" she asked sympathetically. "No," replied the girl with a sigh, "crossed in the love and an awfully rough passage, too."

This Story Has a Moral

Tommy's mother was an invalid, so his Aunt Lavinia looked after him and the house. "O, dear," said Tommy one day after aunt had lectured him for 10 minutes, "I wish I had wings." "Why, what?" asked mother, pleased at his angelic inspiration. "O, I'd fly up in the air with Auntie Lavinia, and I'd fly and fly till I couldn't fly any higher." "Yes, dear," said mother proudly, as the little chap paused impressively. "What would you do then?" "I'd drop Aunt Lavinia," said Tommy savagely.

The Tall and Short of It

There are two teachers in a certain Brockton school. One is tall, the other short—sort of a female Mutt and Jeff combination. They are nearly always together. The short one the other night was mistaken for one of her pupils at a local theatre. Just for the larger girl suggested that they take one of the scholars to the show that night. A little girl who had got 100 in everything that day was selected. At the ticket office the larger girl, pointing to the pupil and her coworker, asked if the price for children was fifteen cents.

An Ideal Island

The island of Ascension, in the Atlantic, belonging to Great Britain, is unique in many respects. There is no private property in land, no rents, no taxes and no use for money. The flocks and herds are public property, and the meat is issued as rations. So are the vegetables grown on the farms. When an island fisherman makes a catch he brings it to the guardroom, whence it is issued by the sergeant major. Practically the entire population are sailors, and their work at most of the common trades. The climate is the most perfect. The island is 8 by 5 miles in size and has a population of about 400. It is 250 miles northward of St. Helena and is governed by a captain appointed from the British navy.

When Papa Was a Boy

When papa was a little boy you really couldn't find him. In all the country round about a child so quick to mind. His mother never called him once, and he was always there. He never made a baby cry, or pulled his sister's hair. He never slid down banisters or made the slightest noise. And never in his life was known to be late with other boys. He always rose at 6 o'clock and went to bed at 8. And never lay and till noon, and never eat up late. He finished Latin, French and Greek when he was ten years old. And knew the Spanish alphabet as soon as he was told. He never never thought of play until his work was done. He labored hard from break of day until the set of sun. He never scraped his muddy shoes upon the parlor floor. He never answered back his ma, and never banged the door. "But, truly, I could never see," said little Dick Malloy, "how he could never do these things and really be a boy."—Selected.

There are at least 100,000 girl clerks in London, compared with 25,000 before the war.

Red Seal Batteries

29c EACH 4 FOR \$1.10

Every battery tested before sale

New England Electric & Supply Corp.

261 DUTTON STREET

Electric Shop, 62 Central Street.

Tel. 1317-W and 1317-Y

Devine's Trunk Store

Removed to

156 Merr'k St., Opp. Bon Marche

BEST LINE OF LEATHER GOODS IN LOWELL

OAKLAND SEWER

Trunk Sewer Only Relief for Oakland, Says

Mr. Morse

Commissioner Charles J. Morse gave hearings in the aldermanic chamber at city hall last evening on petitions for streets and sewers, the most important of which had to do with sewers in the Oakland, especially that of the laying of a sewer to the plant of the Newton Mfg. Co., and in this there seemed to be some misunderstanding.

Mr. Morse said that Edward Cawley had refused to contribute a cent towards the laying of a sewer to the Newton Mfg. Co. plant through property owned by him.

"Who told you that?" asked Mr. Cawley, who was seated in an alcove near the entrance to the chamber.

"Mr. Newton and one other," said Mr. Morse.

"Neither one had any authority to make such a statement," said Mr. Cawley.

Abbott Lawrence spoke for the laying of sewers in the Oakland—in Boylston, Rea, Bishop, Berwick, and Calvin streets and Berkeley avenue, and he spoke very emphatically, too.

"We need a sewer in every one of those streets," he said, "and no member of the government dares to stand up and say otherwise. The board of health and the state board of health officials have been there and have been astounded at conditions. At one time this spring there were 20 inches of water in my cellar by actual measurement and the measurement was made the day you were there, Mr. Morse. I had wood and coal and couldn't use them because they were soaked and I had to buy more wood and coal for house use. An old culler empties water from the Oakland into our land and the stench there is something frightful."

"I don't know how you will solve the problem there, but it must be solved, for sooner or later we will have an epidemic of typhoid fever there, and we shall have to do something."

In the course of his remarks Mr. Lawrence remarked that every time anybody in the Oakland wants anything the people in the Highlands object. He said the people in the Highlands get everything and the people in the Oakland get nothing.

Engineer Kearney said it would be impossible to lay any sewers in the district in question until a main line Oakland sewer is put in.

It was at this point that Mr. Morse said Mr. Cawley had refused to pay a cent towards a sewer through his land to the plant of the Newton Mfg. Co.

Mr. Cawley said he was not opposed to a sewer in the Oakland, but that he wanted to be shown how drainage could take place. To relieve the residents of Boylston, Rea, Bishop, Berwick and Calvin streets and Berkeley avenue he would allow a filter bed to be put in on his land and that any filter bed taking care of the sewage by gravity would have to be laid 10 or 12 feet below the bottom of the brook.

Mark A. Adams said that conditions in the section are not what people were led to believe they would be when they took up their residence there. Some years ago, he said, he raised his house 15 inches and for several years there wasn't any water in his cellar. The past three years, however, there has been water in his cellar, at times.

Timothy J. Sullivan allowed that the flooding of Shedd Park pond results in the flooding of cellars on Boylston street.

Mr. Sullivan has had a whole lot of trouble with mosquitoes and some times he is almost tempted to use dynamite. "The mosquitoes are frightful there," he said. "I have every vine."

What Thin Folks Should Do To Gain Weight

Good Advice For Thin, Underdeveloped

Men and women suffer from excessive thinness, weak nerves and feeble stomachs who, having tried artificial flesh-makers, food-laxatives, physical culture and rubbery exercise, resign themselves to life-long skinflap and think nothing will make them fat. Yet their case is not hopeless. A recently discovered combination of assimilative agents has made fat grow after years of thinness, and it is also unequalled, judging from reports, for quickening the waste of excess or faulty digestion and for strengthening the nerves. This remarkable preparation is called Sargol. Six strength-giving, fat-producing assimilative elements of acknowledged merit have been combined in this preparation, which is endorsed and used by prominent people everywhere. It is absolutely harmless, inexpensive and efficient.

A few weeks systematic use of Sargol will go far to produce flesh and strength by correcting faults of digestion and by supplying nourishing fats to the blood. If not every drugist wanted to sell it, it is authorized to return the purchase price. Increased nourishment is obtained from the food eaten, and the additional fats that thin people are thus provided. Lowell Pharmacy and other leading druggists supply Sargol and say there is a large demand for it.

This new preparation has from reports given splendid results as a nerve-tonic and revitalizer. Its use is not recommended to nervous people unless the wish to gain at least ten pounds of flesh.

A Child's Swing

FREE

This is one of the good things which we will give this week with a pound of Tea.

We would advise that you secure one of these if you need it as we do not expect to have any more that we can give away on account of the advance in material.

DICKSON'S TEA STORE

ORDER AT ONCE

68 MERRIMACK STREET

C. A. CONANT

Bradley Bldg., 147 Central St.

—UPSTAIRS—

July Mark-Down Sale

SUITS

\$12.50 Suits.....\$3.98

\$12.75 Suits.....\$5.00

\$15.00 Suits.....\$7.75

COATS

\$8.00 Coats.....\$2.98

\$10.75 Coats.....\$5.00

\$15.00 Coats.....\$6.75

WAISTS

\$1.00 Odd Waists.....39c

\$1.50 Waists.....69c

\$3.00 Silk Waists.....\$1.49

SILK DRESSES

\$8.00 Silk Dresses.....\$3.98

\$15.00 Silk Dresses.....\$7.75

WASH SKIRTS AND DRESSES

\$1.50 White Skirts.....85c

\$3.00 Stripe Skirts.....\$1.98

\$3.00 Sport Dresses.....\$1.59

\$4.00 Stripe Poplin Dresses.....\$1.98

CLOAKS and SUITS

At Wholesale Prices

147 CENTRAL ST.

IRON INDUSTRY BOOMS

HIGHLY PROSPEROUS CONDITION

OF 1915 IS CONTINUED DURING FIRST HALF OF THIS YEAR

The first six months of 1916 in the iron industry showed a continuation of the highly prosperous conditions that prevailed during the last four or five months of 1915, according to E. F. Burchard of the United States geological survey. In fact, activity was even greater in 1916 than in the first half of 1915. Large increases are shown in the output of both iron ore and pig iron. The shipments of ore from the Lake Superior region during the first five months of 1916 were more than 10,000,000 gross tons, or 83 per cent. greater than those of the corresponding period of 1915.

One price at lower lake ports for 1916 were increased 75 cents a ton over the price for the season of 1915, but lack of boats is reported to have forced concessions in the price of ore from some mines that do not control their Lake transportation facilities.

The production of coke and anthracite pig iron in the first five months of 1916 showed an increase of 36 per cent. over that of the corresponding period in 1915, and prices are from 15 to 47.25 per ton higher, or 33 to 40 per cent. above those in June, 1915.

Prices for steel bars and beams have increased 100 to 130 per cent. over those of a year ago, and if conditions are not adversely affected by miners' strikes now threatening and if the present strong demand for iron and steel continues, the total ore output from the Lake Superior region may possibly reach 60,000,000 gross tons.

Birmingham and other iron districts are not capable of such rapid increases in output as the Lake districts, and if 10,000,000 tons be estimated as the production of all other districts its indication a possible total domestic production of iron ore of 70,000,000 gross tons for 1916. At any rate, there are good indications that a new high record of iron ore production will be made this year.

CASTRO COMING

Former Dictator of Venezuela on His Way to New York

NEW YORK, July 11.—Information was received here today that Gen. Cipriano Castro, who for many years was president and virtually dictator of Venezuela is on his way from

badens, West Indies, to New York on the steamship Vanhan. Before leaving Bridgetown, Barbados, Castro said he was going to the United States on pleasure trip. He has been in Trinidad for several months.

It was reported that a gathering of men formerly powerful in some of the Latin-American countries would be held here after Castro's arrival to consider the situation in their respective countries.

Countess Nada Torby, who recently married Prince George of Batterbury, wears her engagement ring of the third finger of her right hand and, also wears her wedding ring there in accordance with the Russian custom.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Food For Summer

Make this a healthier, happier summer for yourself and the children.

Jersey Ice Cream is real wholesome food, — purer than the requirements of any state or Federal pure food law and made in the largest, best equipped and most hygienic ice cream factory in New England.

FOR MEMORY TRAINING

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION OF THE BEROL SYSTEM TO BE GIVEN AT Y.M.C.A. HALL TONIGHT

A great deal of interest has been shown by the citizens of Lowell in the demonstration which is to be held at the Y.M.C.A. tonight at 8 o'clock. Many inquiries have been received over the phone and others are calling at the office for further particulars. Enrollments have begun to come in.

Judging from present indications, the entertainment hall will be filled to overflowing, when Mr. Henry J. Sutton and Master Bruno Lehmann, the 12-year-old lad from Brooklyn, and several other students of the Berol System give their marvelous demonstration of memory feats.

Bruno can recite in rotation a pack of playing cards which have been called out after being thoroughly shuffled. He not only calls them off backward; that is, from the last to the first card, but states on demand the 14th, 24th, or any other card, thereby proving that the system is so simple and practical that any child can master it with ease. Another feat which he performs is to state off-hand the exact number of inhabitants in the United States. Bruno is like other boys. He is fond of play as any youngster, and is especially interested in roller skating. He was taught how to remember by his uncle, William Berol, who has instructed thousands in New York city.

Mr. Sutton arrived in this city yesterday, bringing with him Master Bruno Lehmann together with Philip Herthing, both of Brooklyn. In order to make the demonstration still more interesting and convincing Mr. Sutton has arranged for two of his Boston students, to come to Lowell to assist in the program of this evening. With these four students of the Berol method, under the direction of the expert instructor, Mr. Sutton, the people of Lowell are guaranteed a rare program in startling memory stunts.

The Berol course which is to follow, comprises eight class sessions, one on each week. Each session lasts about one hour and a half. The instructor for this course, as given at the Y.M.C.A. will be Mr. Henry J. Sutton, the man who has taught thousands of men and women in such cities as New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Boston, Providence and



BELTERS

\$10.00

New Belters—some call them "pinch-backs"—fresh from one of our best makers, real value \$13.50 and \$15, bought so we can sell them for \$10.00.

Fancy Cheviots and Blue Serges, the suit complete—half Norfolk coat, vest and trousers—sizes 33 to 38—all today \$10.

Putnam & Son Co.

166 Central Street

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If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Food For Summer

Make this a healthier, happier summer for yourself and the children.

Jersey Ice Cream is real wholesome food, — purer than the requirements of any state or Federal pure food law and made in the largest, best equipped and most hygienic ice cream factory in New England.

FOR MEMORY TRAINING

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION OF THE BEROL SYSTEM TO BE GIVEN AT Y.M.C.A. HALL TONIGHT

A great deal of interest has been shown by the citizens of Lowell in the demonstration which is to be held at the Y.M.C.A. tonight at 8 o'clock. Many inquiries have been received over the phone and others are calling at the office for further particulars. Enrollments have begun to come in.

Judging from present indications, the entertainment hall will be filled to overflowing, when Mr. Henry J. Sutton and Master Bruno Lehmann, the 12-year-old lad from Brooklyn, and several other students of the Berol System give their marvelous demonstration of memory feats.

Bruno can recite in rotation a pack of playing cards which have been called out after being thoroughly shuffled. He not only calls them off backward; that is, from the last to the first card, but states on demand the 14th, 24th, or any other card, thereby proving that the system is so simple and practical that any child can master it with ease. Another feat which he performs is to state off-hand the exact number of inhabitants in the United States. Bruno is like other boys. He is fond of play as any youngster, and is especially interested in roller skating. He was taught how to remember by his uncle, William Berol, who has instructed thousands in New York city.

Mr. Sutton arrived in this city yesterday, bringing with him Master Bruno Lehmann together with Philip Herthing, both of Brooklyn. In order to make the demonstration still more interesting and convincing Mr. Sutton has arranged for two of his Boston students, to come to Lowell to assist in the program of this evening. With these four students of the Berol method, under the direction of the expert instructor, Mr. Sutton, the people of Lowell are guaranteed a rare program in startling memory stunts.

The Berol course which is to follow, comprises eight class sessions, one on each week. Each session lasts about one hour and a half. The instructor for this course, as given at the Y.M.C.A. will be Mr. Henry J. Sutton, the man who has taught thousands of men and women in such cities as New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Boston, Providence and

Jersey Ice Cream

First quality sugar, finest of true fruit flavors, and pure, rich cream from our own Vermont creameries. Jersey Ice Cream served by the plate, cone, or in delicious college ices. Take home a brick perfectly protected by our Tripl-Seal package.

"Look for the Jersey Sign"

Jersey Ice Cream Co., Lawrence, Mass.

For Sale by

Dealers in Every Part of Lowell.

TEETH

Treated, Filled and Extracted Painlessly by Our

Dental Ease Method

Not only are teeth necessary to masticate food, but

MAY TAKE HUGHES' PLACE

REPORT THAT WILLIAM A. GLASGOW OF PHILADELPHIA WILL BE APPOINTED



WILLIAM A. GLASGOW

William A. Glasgow, placed before the president by prominent Pennsylvanians for appointment to the supreme court in succession to Mr. Hughes, is a leading lawyer of Philadelphia and has represented the government in special cases. He has had a long practice in abstruse corporate law and interstate commerce cases. Pennsylvania has not been represented on the supreme court bench since 1903, when Justice Shiras retired.

Mrs. Lena Rood, of Seattle, Wash., has the distinction of being the richest woman in the great Northwest. Her income amounts to over \$750,000 a year.

Mrs. Marion B. Colthorn, an attorney in Brooklyn, recently tried her own case in court and succeeded in defeating a traffic policeman who had charged her with violating the traffic laws.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

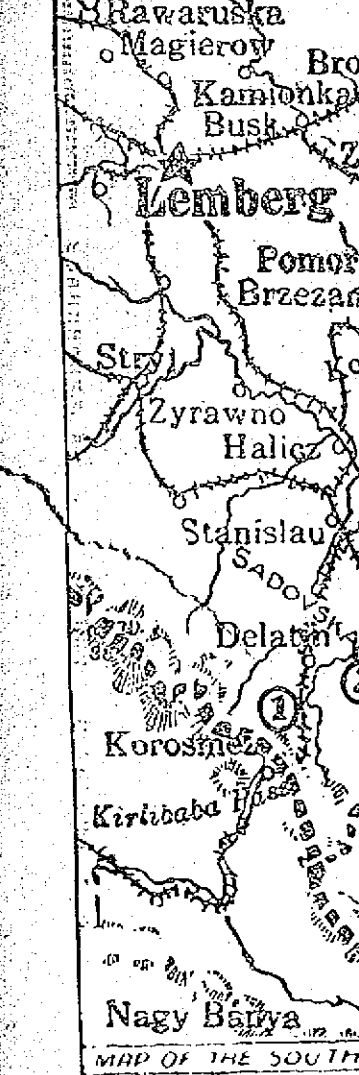
ANALYSIS OF THE FOREIGN COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE MONTH OF MAY, 1916

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The usual monthly statement of the

Imports	11 months ended May 1916	1915
Crude materials for use in manufacturing	\$543,614,704	\$513,595,082
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals	222,569,685	205,795,042
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured	205,932,189	255,368,874
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing	31,111,937	213,356,260
Manufactures ready for consumption	281,831,633	312,512,295
Miscellaneous	16,125,644	15,690,115
Total imports	1,092,088,072	1,516,474,690
Exports	11 months ended May 1916	1915
Crude materials for use in manufacturing	\$79,640,915	\$78,557,612
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals	358,241,207	481,110,384
Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured	542,603,135	405,373,144
Manufactures for further use in manufacturing	581,025,812	317,216,584
Manufactures ready for consumption	1,709,169,215	695,357,553
Miscellaneous	93,944,781	70,117,866
Total domestic exports	3,814,454,113	2,462,033,414
Foreign merchandise exported	55,708,973	45,065,310
Total exports	3,870,163,086	2,507,098,724

Exports of principal items under the heading "Miscellaneous" in May, 1916, were: Horses, \$1,019,275; mules, \$1,887,281; and seeds, \$114,565; and for 11 months ending with May, 1916: Horses \$69,605,116; mules \$21,121,110; and seeds \$2,106,531.

RUSSIANS BOTHER TEUTONS MORE THAN FRANCO-BRITISH



MAP OF THE SOUTHERN RUSSIAN ADVANCE

According to numerous reports from Europe, the advance of the Russians on the eastern front is giving the Teutonic powers more serious concern than the allied French and English attacks. The map shows the southern part of the Russian offensive. By cutting the railroad between Delatyn and Korosmezo (1) and occupying the railroad junction at Delatyn the Russians in Galicia severed the communications of General Bohner's army with Hungary through the Kirobaba pass. They captured Sadonska (2) and by routing the Austro-Germans south of the Dniester, near Tlumach (3), still further contributed to rendering Stanislaw untenable.

DO YOU KNOW THAT

(U. S. Public Health Service)
Intelligent motherhood conserves the nation's best crop?
Heavy eating like heavy drinking shortens life?
The registration of sickness is even more important than the registration of deaths?
The U. S. public health service co-operates with state and local authorities to improve rural sanitation?
Many a severe cold ends in tuberculosis?
Sedentary habits shorten life?
Neglected adenoids and defective teeth in childhood menace adult health?
A low infant mortality rate indicates high community intelligence?

Mrs. Vernon Castle recently visited her husband, now an aviator in the allied army.



ST. PAUL READ

White drill is the fabric of this fetching smock, set off with old rose collar and cuffs. White pearl buttons and low belt carry out the idea. Please notice how the pocket lid is also smocked.

foreign trade of the United States was today completed by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, department of commerce. The imports and exports by great groups during the 11 months ended May, 1916, are presented in the following statement:

Imports	11 months ended May 1916	1915
Crude materials for use in manufacturing	\$543,614,704	\$513,595,082
Foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals	222,569,685	205,795,042
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Stock Market Closing Prices July 10

FOR COMPLETE REPORT OF TODAY'S CLOSING PRICES SEE LATER EDITION

NEW YORK MARKET			
Stocks	High	Low	Close
Am. Beet Sugar	22 3/4	22 1/4	22 3/4
Am. Can	52 1/2	51 3/4	52 1/2
Am. Car & Fm.	105 1/2	104 3/4	105 1/2
Am. Hide & L. Co.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/2
Am. Locomotive	67 1/2	66 3/4	67 1/2
Am. Sugar	25 1/2	25 1/4	25 1/2
Am. Tobacco	85 1/2	84 3/4	85 1/2
Atchafalpa	105 1/2	104 3/4	105 1/2
Baldwin Loco.	71 1/2	70 3/4	71 1/2
Bell & Howell	82 1/2	81 3/4	82 1/2
Br. Rap. Tran.	85 1/2	84 3/4	85 1/2
Cal. Pac. Co.	20 1/2	19 3/4	20 1/2
Cal. Tele. & Tel.	48 1/2	47 3/4	48 1/2
Can. Pac. Co.	17 1/2	16 3/4	17 1/2
Cent. Leather	54 1/2	53 3/4	54 1/2
Chas. & Ohio	62 1/2	61 3/4	62 1/2
Chas. & W. Co.	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2
Chas. R. & Ice	22 1/2	22 1/4	22 1/2
Col. Fuel	20 1/2	19 3/4	20 1/2
Consol. Gas	13 1/2	13 1/4	13 1/2
Corn Products	20 1/2	19 3/4	20 1/2
Cru. Steel	72 1/2	71 3/4	72 1/2
Den. & Rio G. pf.	15 1/2	15 1/4	15 1/2
Den. & Rio G. pf.	37 1/2	36 3/4	37 1/2
Dis. Secur. Co.	42 1/2	41 3/4	42 1/2
Erle 1st pf.	54 1/2	53 3/4	54 1/2
Erle 2d pf.	45 1/2	44 3/4	45 1/2
Gen. Elec.	141 1/2	140 3/4	141 1/2
Goodrich	75 1/2	74 3/4	75 1/2
Gr. North pf.	110 1/2	109 3/4	110 1/2
Gr. N. Ore. pf.	35 1/2	34 3/4	35 1/2
Hilltop Cen.	105 1/2	104 3/4	105 1/2
Int. Mer. Com.	25 1/2	24 3/4	25 1/2
Int. Mer. Marine	85 1/2	84 3/4	85 1/2
Int. Paper	11 1/2	11 1/4	11 1/2
Int. Paper	11 1/2	11 1/4	11 1/2
Kan. City S. pf.	60 1/2	59 3/4	60 1/2
Lehigh Valley	79 1/2	78 3/4	79 1/2
Maxwell	79 1/2	78 3/4	79 1/2
Maxwell 2nd	54 1/2	53 3/4	54 1/2
Maxwell Petroleum	107 1/2	106 3/4	107 1/2
Missouri Pa.	7 1/2	7 1/4	7 1/2
Nat. Lead	64 1/2	63 3/4	64 1/2
N. Y. Central	104 1/2	103 3/4	104 1/2
N. Y. West	130 1/2	129 3/4	130 1/2
N. Y. West	130 1/2	129 3/4	130 1/2
North Pacific	112 1/2	111 3/4	112 1/2
Pacific Mail	21 1/2	20 3/4	21 1/2
Pennsylvania	57 1/2	56 3/4	57 1/2
Pers. Steel	45 1/2	44 3/4	45 1/2
Reading	92 1/2	91 3/4	92 1/2
Rep. Iron & S.	44 1/2	43 3/4	44 1/2
Rep. I. & S. pf.	108 1/2	107 3/4	108 1/2
S. P. Co.	27 1/2	26 3/4	27 1/2
So. Pacific	83 1/2	82 3/4	83 1/2
Southern Ry.	24 1/2	23 3/4	24 1/2
Southern Ry. pf.	62 1/2	61 3/4	62 1/2
Studebaker	124 1/2	123 3/4	124 1/2
Tenn. Copper	34 1/2	33 3/4	34 1/2
Texas Pac.	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2
Union Pac.	66 1/2	65 3/4	66 1/2
Union Pac.	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	107 1/2	106 3/4	107 1/2
U. S. Rub.	53 1/2	52 3/4	53 1/2
U. S. Steel	68 1/2	67 3/4	68 1/2
U. S. Steel	117 1/2	116 3/4	117 1/2
Utah Copper	77 1/2	76 3/4	77 1/2
Westinghouse	59 1/2	58 3/4	59 1/2
Western Un.	94 1/2	93 3/4	94 1/2
—Ex. div.			

DECLINES IN SPECIALTIES

IRREGULAR TENDENCY OF LAST WEEK OBSERVED AT OPENING—CLOSING HEAVY
NEW YORK, July 10.—The irregular tendency that characterized much of last week's trading was observed at the outset of today's operations. Specialties were again singled out for pressure, notably Industrial Alcohol, Mexican Petroleum, Marine pf., and some of the munitions and metals, particularly zinc issues. Declines in this group soon ranged from 1 to 3 points. Motors and similar equipments fell away more moderately and U. S. Steel yielded a fraction with a full point for Crucible. Rails were dull with some heaviness in Canadian Pacific, Reading and Seaboard Air Line pf.

Persistent selling of alcohol, which made an extreme decline of 7 1/2 points to 12 1/2, the lowest price of the year, was accompanied by further recessions in other war and semi-war issues during the forenoon. There were occasional feeble rallies, but the undercurrent continued heavy. Another sharp break in the price of bar silver was without appreciable effect on stocks most concerned. Rails held surprisingly steady in the face of additional large imports of American securities from London, suggesting a renewal of foreign liquidation. Bonds were irregular, in sympathy with the stock list.

Weakness became more marked after mid-day. Alcohol extending its loss to 9 points with declines of 1 to over 2 points in leading rails. The steel statement showing a decrease of about 30,000 tons, caused some selling of that stock.

Alcohol fell to 107 1/2 in the final hour with a severe break in Tennessee Copper. Elsewhere prices shaded again on the rise in call money to 5 1/2 per cent. In the last few minutes of the stock market session call money rose to 6 per cent. The closing was heavy.

BOSTON MARKET

BOSTON, July 10.—Copper shares with few exceptions, were easier in price during the early hours today. Copper Range and Old Dominion lost a point each. Osceola advanced.

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, July 10.—Money market paper, 1. Sterling: Sixty day bills, 4 1/2; demand, 4 1/2; cables, 4 1/2. 1.6. France: Demand, 5 1/2; cables, 5 1/2. 1.6. Germany: Demand, 7 1/2; cables, 7 1/2. 1.6. Greece: Demand, 12 1/2; cables, 12 1/2. 1.6. Italy: Demand, 11 1/2; cables, 11 1/2. 1.6. Japan: Demand, 6 1/2; cables, 6 1/2. 1.6. Russia: Demand, 3 1/2; cables, 3 1/2. 1.6. Sweden: Demand, 3 1/2; cables, 3 1/2. 1.6. Switzerland: Demand, 3 1/2; cables, 3 1/2. 1.6. United States: Demand, 3 1/2; cables, 3 1/2. 1.6. Other countries: Demand, 3 1/2; cables, 3 1/2. 1.6.

EXCHANGES

NEW YORK, July 10.—Exchanges, \$304,412,479; balances, \$19,431,520.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, July 10.—Cotton futures opened firm, August, 13.05; October, 12.14; December, 13.15; January, 13.23; March, 13.40. Spot quiet; middling, 13.04.

BOSTON MARKET

BOSTON, July 10.—Copper shares with few exceptions, were easier in price during the early hours today. Copper Range and Old Dominion lost a point each. Osceola advanced.

BANDITS MOVING NORTH

WASHINGTON, July 10.—A second warning that Villa bandits are headed for the Big Bend district of Texas, was given to the state department today by Eliseo Arrando, Mexican ambassador designate. He told Acting Secretary Polk his government had given him definite information that the bandits were moving northward toward Big Bend, Tex., and promised co-operation of Carranza forces.

SALESMANSHIP CONGRESS

DETROIT, Mich., July 10.—What the United States must do to take its share of the world's trade at the end of the European war was outlined to the world's salesmanship congress here today by Secretary William C. Redfield of the commerce department.

WAR IMMINENT

Peru and Venezuela in Secret Agreement to Take Land in Dispute

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Official despatches received today in Latin American diplomatic quarters say a secret agreement has been made between Peru and Venezuela with the object of taking vast tracts of land in the Amazon region of which the dispute with Colombia and Ecuador. Grave fears for the peace of the nations involved were expressed.

MEN AND WOMEN FINED

ARRESTED IN SO-CALLED "TEN-BEHELOIN" DISTRICT IN NEW BEDFORD

NEW BEDFORD, July 10.—Fines amounting to hundreds of dollars were imposed in the third district court here today upon 60 men and women arrested in the so-called "Ten-behelein" district by the Watch and Ward society Saturday night. El Belbo, who pleaded guilty to maintaining an alleged gambling place was given six months in jail. Belbo was the only one of the batch of prisoners sent to jail.

INVESTIGATE MURDER

GRAND JURY TAKES UP CASE OF LORETTA WAKELIN, KILLED JUNE 1

CAMBRIDGE, July 10.—The Middlesex county grand jury today began an investigation of the murder of Loretta Wakelin, a five-year-old girl whose mutilated body was found near her home in Melrose, June 1. The inquiry marks a reopening of the case in which an inquest had been started but left unfinished. District Attorney William J. Corcoran had announced to today's session of the jury Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wakelin, parents of the child, and Mrs. Lillian Johnson, the child's eldest sister. The grand jury heard only Mrs. Johnson before adjourning until Thursday.

To qualify women now employed in the leather trade as forewomen and supervisors in factories, the Leather-sellers' company, of London, is arranging for special courses of practical and theoretical instruction.

CHILDREN CRY FOR FLETCHER'S

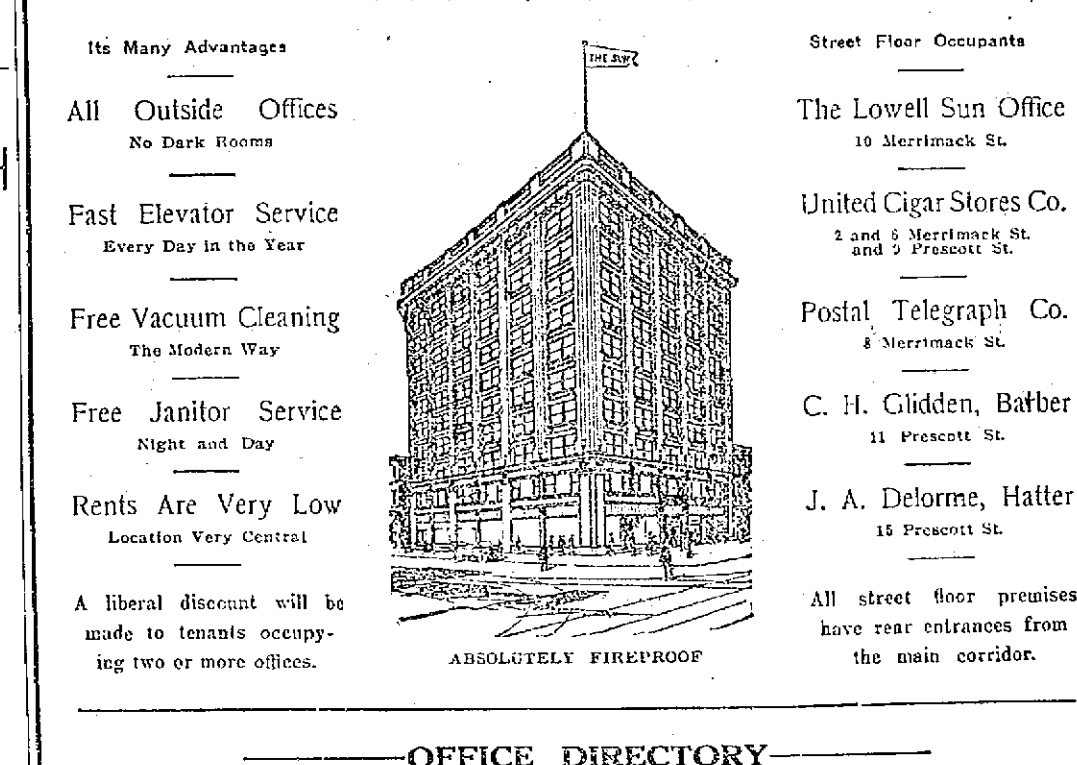
CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, imitations and "just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It does not destroy the baby's bowels or cause constipation. It is a safe and reliable remedy for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years
THE CENTON COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SUN BUILDING



Its Many Advantages		Street Floor Occupants	
All Outside Offices	No Dark Rooms	The Lowell Sun Office	10 Merrimack St.
Fast Elevator Service	Every Day in the Year	United Cigar Stores Co.	2 and 3 Merrimack St.
Free Vacuum Cleaning	The Modern Way	Postal Telegraph Co.	8 Merrimack St.
Free Janitor Service	Night and Day	C. H. Glidden, Barber	11 Prescott St.
Rents Are Very Low	Location Very Central	J. A. Delorme, Hatter	15 Prescott St.
A liberal discount will be made to tenants occupying two or more offices.		All street floor premises have rear entrances from the main corridor.	
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF			
OFFICE DIRECTORY			
ARCHITECT		LAWYERS	
BONPAIN, EDWARD	407	DUNCAN, WILLIAM W.	511
TAILOR		FISHER, EDWARD	507
SULLIVAN, JOHN J.	206	FISHER, FREDERIC A.	507
PHYSICIANS		GOLDMAN, FRANK	403
BRADY, DR. FRANK R.	504	HILDRICH, CHARLES L.	507
DRYER, DR. MANON D.	504	HILL, JAMES GILBERT	511
DUKE, DR. W. L.	511	MARBLE, FREDERICK P.	507
CASSIDY, DR. JAMES J.	504	REGAN, WILLIAM D.	503
DREW, DR. H. H.	511	RING, WILLIAM D.	504
ELSON, DR. D. J.	511	SILVERBLATT, BENNETT	505
GAFFNEY, DR. JAMES F.	511	VARNUM, HAROLD A.	511
MAHONY, DR. FRANCIS R.	406	WALSH, RICHARD B.	411
PHILBERT, DR. HUBERT H.	511		
SMITH, DR. FORSTER H.	500		
SUNNER, DR. H. H.	511		
DENTISTS		STENOGRAPHER	
ALLEN, DR. OTIS A.	294	CONNETT, MISS MARY	510
HOWELL, DR. W. W.	503	DRESSMAKER	
KNAIP, DR. WALTER E.	503	OUELLETTE, MISS ANNA	701
PHILLIPS, DR. NORMAN S.	506	CHIROPODIST	
ROWLANDSON, DR. J. M.	507	OTHMAN, WILLIAM	508
OPTOMETRISTS		SAUNDERS, MISS CLARA M.	605
NEEDHAM, DR. SUMNER H.	503	TEACHER OF PIANO	
ROGERS, JAMES H.	502	SAVAGE, MISS B. D.	607
REAL ESTATE		MISCELLANEOUS	
ADAMS, JOHN V.	605	HEATH, CAROL F., Interior Decorator	603
CAMPBELL, ABEL R.	605	LOWELL DENTAL LABORATORY	501
SLATTERY, EDWARD F. JR.	603	QUINN, JOHN P., Const. Office	603
INSURANCE			
MASSACHUSETTS BONDING & SURETY CO.	304		
METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CO.	706		
NORTHWESTERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.	711		
BANKER			
BUTTRICK, W. P.	711		

270 DIE OF PARALYSIS

Decided Increase in Number of Deaths and New Cases in the Epidemic in New York

NEW YORK, July 11.—A decided increase in the number of deaths and new cases in the epidemic of infantile paralysis was reported today. During the last 24 hours, 195 new cases developed in the five boroughs of New York City and there were 32 deaths.

This is an increase of more than 100 per cent in the number of deaths resulting from the plague in the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock this morning, compared with the previous 24-hour record. In Brooklyn 68 new cases were reported yesterday as against 155 today. There are now a total of 1278 cases of infantile paralysis in the greater city. Deaths since the outbreak of the scourge number 270.

BAR NEW YORK CHILDREN

Communities Surrounding Metropolis Establish Quarantines—1000 Persons Fined

NEW YORK, July 11.—Communities immediately surrounding New York City show increasing fear that they will be infected with infantile paralysis from children fleeing the plague in the metropolis. A number of cities and towns in New Jersey and New York have established quarantines and some are turning back all children from New York City. Paterson, N. J., which has had one death from the disease, has excluded all children, no matter from whence they come. It was announced there that 500 children from New York City already have been deported.

The state health department at Albany has called the attention of the New York authorities to complaints from up-state communities that children believed to be from infected districts here are being sent to other parts of the state. The department announced that nine cases of infantile paralysis up-state were traced to children from Brooklyn. The local health officers insist that every effort is being made to prevent children from districts known to harbor the plague from leaving the city.

1000 Persons Fined

The city magistrates are co-operating with the police and health authorities in the fight against the epidemic. It is estimated that more than one thousand persons were fined yesterday for violations of the sanitary code. Most of the offenders threw garbage into the street or left garbage cans uncovered.

PRECAUTIONS AT NEW HAVEN

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 11.—Precautions are being taken by county health officers, co-operating with the state board of health, to safeguard children in rural districts from infantile paralysis. Thousands of children come to the state each summer from New York City. In Colchester and other towns in eastern Connecticut there are summer colonies to which are sent scores of families. In the northwest part of the state there are several fresh air camps for poor New York children.

The authorities are advising societies which send these visitors to keep their charges at home for the present. Children brought in will probably be subjected to quarantine.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has boarded up all but two exits at the local railroad station to make it easier for health officers to intercept children brought in on trains. Several supposed cases of infantile paralysis have been reported in the state but in nearly every instance physicians have not agreed in their diagnosis.

CASE IN PAWTUCKET

PAWTUCKET, R. I., July 11.—The first case of infantile paralysis in this

city was reported to the health officer today. The child is in the hospital and every precaution has been taken to prevent the disease from spreading.

FEDERAL BOARD ACTS

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Instruction for state and city authorities concerning means of preventing spread of infantile paralysis was completed by the public health service today to be mailed throughout the United States. It recommends isolation of patients for six or eight weeks and a general strengthening of all sanitary precautions.

Reports to the health service today indicated that infantile paralysis is not epidemic except in New York City. Elsewhere the number of cases is barely above normal.

TO RESTORE HIS FORTUNE

FORMER SENATOR LORIMER BEGINS WITH AID OF ORGANIZATION TO RESTORE LOST MONEY

CHICAGO, July 11.—William Lorimer, former United States senator, today started out to restore his fortune with the aid of an organization of 4000 depositors of the defunct La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank who lost money in the failure of that institution of which he was president. At a mass meeting last night the depositors pledged themselves to assist Lorimer in his plans to reimburse them for "every dollar they had lost."

The former senator in an address before the meeting told how public men he "had made" had "turned him down" and how former friends among bankers had turned their heads when he asked aid.

He said he wanted to show that this impression of him was unjust and that he had an ambition to return to the United States senate.

EVERY HOUSE A FORT

All Germans in the Blanches Village Killed or Captured by French, Says Officer

PARIS, July 11.—The taking by the French of the Blanches village, on the bank of the Somme opposite Ste. Radegonde, the principal suburb of Peronne, was accomplished in about an hour and a half. A French lieutenant who took part in the assault described the action as follows:

"About noon word came for the divisions to 'keep ready,' and at 1 o'clock our soldiers advanced to the attack all along the front from Sormont farm to Helloyen-Santerre."

"The first German line was passed almost without fighting. The second had the preparatory bombardment been but when we entered Blanches, at 10 minutes after 2, we found every house organized as a fort supplied with a number of machine guns. Our artillery, however, by its accuracy and power, destroyed these defenses, though it still left cellars and other places full of enemies."

"As we entered the village, the commandant, who was at the head of a battalion with rifle in hand, ordered the trumpeters to sound the charge. All the Germans in the village were captured or killed. The commandant was wounded by a shot from a lieutenant's revolver, but he knocked down the lieutenant with a blow from his rifle."

"At 2.35 the village was completely in our possession, although a recent German order had declared it to be 'impregnable.' We are now less than two kilometers from Peronne."

NOTABLE PROGRESS

Continued

served, one of the primary objects of the Anglo-French offensive has been achieved. The two armies now are engaged in an effort to organize and extend the limits of the ground they have gained and in repelling German counter attacks which are directed particularly against the British to the north of the river, where they succeed in regaining a footing in the Trones wood. At other points, however, the British have been able to make some progress, although necessarily slow, against well fortified positions.

Attacks by Germans

The Germans, on their part, are heavily shelling the allied front from Lens to the Belgian coast but thus far there have been no attempts at infantry actions except for the usual raids in which both sides engage.

Russians Advance—Pitched Battle

The Russians continue their advance towards Kovel and now are engaged in a pitched battle along the banks of the Stokhod which they have crossed at some points. On the rest of the eastern front, while there is continuous fighting at many places no important change occurred. Both sides are concentrating their efforts on the Lutsk salient to the east of Kovel.

Turks and Russians Clash

In the Caucasus and Mesopotamia the fighting between the Turks and the Russians continues with varying results. The weather in the greater part of this region which is extremely hot precludes any sustained efforts.

PIERCE FIGHTING DESCRIBED BY A. P. MAN WITH THE BRITISH ARMY

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN THE FIELD, July 10, via London, July 11.—

In a bright mid-summer afternoon the British stormed Contalmaison whose possession both sides seem to regard as the tactical keystone of the present situation. Fragments of walls of an old chateau still standing amid ruins constituted the last glimpse The Associated Press correspondent had of the town before the attack.

In the preparatory bombardment the attack, a British 15-inch shell was seen to tear away a portion of the walls which rose in a cloud of dust. For a given area the artillery fire was the heaviest of any yet seen on this front. The Germans answered the British shelling with an immense volume of their own fire, placing a curtain in front of the town which at times was hidden from the British guns enveloping the town, and also scattering shells near the front line.

The British fire kept on increasing, and spreading until from the Trones wood, another not dissipated point which already has become a branch of the front, the British guns were firing. The artillery duel raged along the front.

At 4.40 o'clock as the British charged there seemed to be peace in Contalmaison, surrounded by walls of shell fire. Soon after the British entered the town and the German guns took their turn at hammering the ruins and knocking off more sections of the walls of the old chateau while the British were tossing the second line of German defenses beyond Contalmaison heavenwards and raining shrapnel from the sky eastward.

The amount of ammunition the British are continuing to expend is astounding and, as a spectacle this afternoon eclipses anything The Associated Press correspondent has seen since the offense began. From one point he was able to see from the region of Albert to the bend in the Somme in front of Peronne the present line of battle mapped across the fields, woods, valleys and hills by shell bursts.

Nineteen great British or French sausage balloons were visible. The absence of such balloons on the German side was the result of their destruction by British projectiles and aeroplanes. Artillery observers consider this a big handicap to the Germans.

Over the French lines speedy Newport aeroplanes were dashing past balloons, going on coming at the rate of 120 miles an hour.

Passing through the French lines the correspondent noted that the French

had some of the safety associated with the national temperament instead of the grimness which has come to be attributed to them in this war.

Sharp competition between two famous French army corps as they pressed forward to the capture of Blanches, which placed the French on the Somme river with a six mile depth of gains has set every Frenchman on edge. Every village taken has been razed by shell fire but there has been no complaint, only rejoicing. The Germans are concentrating heavily between Amere and the Somme where there is no river between them and the allies and violently are determined to dispute, step by step, the advance that endangers their main second line of defenses.

FRENCH CAPTURED 1300 PRISONERS IN LAST TWO DAYS

ALONG SOMME

PARIS, July 11.—The situation remained unchanged on the Somme front last night.

The war office statement of today says it has been ascertained that south of the Somme the French in the last two days have taken more than 1300 prisoners.

On the Verdun front the Germans launched an attack at 4 o'clock this morning on the French positions from Fleury to a point east of Chenois. They succeeded in penetrating advanced French trenches at some points, but were expelled immediately by a counter attack.

West of the Meuse there was active artillery fighting in the neighborhood of Avocourt and Chattancourt.

Northeast of Veho the Germans exploded four mines that cratered the ground and were occupied by the French.

BRITISH FORCES CAPTURED CONTALMAISON ON FRENCH FRONT LAST NIGHT

LONDON, July 11, 2.04 p. m.—The British captured Contalmaison on the French front last night, the war office announced today.

Several lines of trenches in Mametz were taken by the British. Heavy fighting continues in Trones wood.

The statement follows: "Last night, after a brisk bombardment our infantry again carried Contalmaison by assault, taking 159 unarmored prisoners, including a battalion commander and four officers. A strong counter attack, delivered by the Germans during the night was beaten back with heavy loss to the enemy and the whole village is now in our hands."

"During the east we stormed several lines of trenches in the Bois de Mametz and the greater part of this large wood is now in our possession. Here we captured one heavy howitzer, three field guns and 236 unarmored prisoners, including three officers. Heavy fighting continues in Trones wood."

"In the continuation of the report on aerial combats on July 9, one of our aeroplanes was shot down by a direct hit from an anti-aircraft gun and three other machines have not returned to our lines."

FRENCH CONTINUE TO REPORT PROGRESS IN OFFENSIVE IN PICARDY

PARIS, July 11.—The French continue to report satisfactory progress in their great offensive in Picardy. Monday's operations again were confined to the southern echelon, which has consolidated and extended its hold upon the northern plateau opposite Albert.

The outstanding French success of the day was the capture of all the German positions on Hill 97, the highest point of the plateau. The first French rush on Sunday carried them to the western slopes of this hill, on which they made good their footing. The troops waiting there had been stopped until adequate preparation permitted an attack on the farm buildings at the summit, which the Germans had converted into a small fortress. This assault was made with more speed and fewer casualties. They are now in full possession of this important point, from which they look into Peronne 150 feet below.

The result they claim from the whole day's fighting is command of the left bank of the Somme from east of Feuilleries to a point opposite Flaucourt, the Germans holding only a few positions on the edge of the river.

This does not mean, French military critics admit, that Peronne can be captured out of hand. The Germans, according to the statements of prisoners, have constructed formidable defenses outside the city, but the French believe that these are not likely to delay the capture of the city. Each day the time is ripe to make it.

French artillery already is beginning to throw a ring of fire around the city.

The communication follows: "On both sides of the Somme the night passed in quiet. The total number of prisoners taken by us south of the Somme in the fighting of the last few days is now more than 1300."

"On the left bank of the Meuse, (Verdun front) there were severe artillery engagements in the sectors of Avocourt and Chattancourt. To the right of the river the bombardment yesterday of our positions from Fleury to a point east of Chenois was repulsed with intensity. At 4 o'clock this morning the Germans delivered an attack over the whole front thus bombarded. East of Rumin wood and Chenois wood the enemy gained a foothold in our advanced trenches but immediately was ejected entirely by counter attacks. Elsewhere our curtain of fire and our machine guns broke up the attacks of the enemy. The bombardment continues in this region."

"West of Pont-au-Mousson a surprise attack delivered by the enemy against one of our trenches west of Mortuore wood was broken up completely."

"In Lorraine after spirited artillery preparation, the Germans attacked the salient in our line east of Reillon and succeeded in penetrating portions of our first line over a front of 200 metres."

"In the vicinity of Veho, the enemy attempted by the explosion of four mines to destroy one of our trenches. He was checked by our fire and driven back leaving dead and wounded. We occupied the craters of the German mines."

"In the Vosges, south of Lusse an attack of the enemy was broken up with grenades. North of La Fontenelle a surprise attack on trenches of the enemy enabled us to penetrate first line trenches of the enemy and a support trench which we cleared out. We brought back some prisoners."

BRITISH ARMORED PATROL BOATS SUNK BY AUSTRIAN CRUISER

BERLIN, July 11. (By wireless to Sayville).—The Austrian admiralty announced today that an Austrian cruiser had sunk four or five British armored patrol boats. Only nine men

from the British vessels were rescued.

The announcement follows:

"Our cruiser Novara met a group of four or, according to the declarations of prisoners, five armored British patrol boats off Otranto road (at the lower end of the Adriatic). All the patrol boats were destroyed by our artillery fire. All the steamers sank in flames, three of them after the explosion of their boilers. The Novara was able to rescue only nine members of the British crews."

The Novara is a scout cruiser and has figured in several engagements in the Adriatic.

The Strait of Otranto is between the heel of Italy and the Albanian coast connecting the Adriatic and Ionian seas.

BERLIN REPORTS HEAVY FIGHTING WITH SUCCESSES FOR TROOPS ON ITALIAN FRONT

BERLIN, July 11. (By wireless to Sayville).—The official Austro-Hungarian statement of Monday reports the continuance of heavy fighting on the Italian front. Monte Corno was captured by the Italians but won back by Austro-Hungarian troops which took prisoner 455 Italians. An Italian attack in the sector of Monte Interrotto failed.

Austro-Hungarian aeroplanes have again bombed the Italian military establishments at Adria.

The foregoing was not included in the Austrian statement of Monday as cabled from London last night.

TWO GERMAN NAVAL AEROPLANES BOMBARDED ENGLISH COAST FORTS

BERLIN, July 11, via wireless to Sayville. Two German naval aeroplanes bombarded English coast fortifications at Harwich and Dover on the night of July 9-10, said the German admiralty today.

The air raid on the English coast announced by Berlin today was reported in official British statements Sunday night and Monday. No casualties were caused by the seaplane bombardments, the British accounts stated.

DEATHS

WROBLAWSKA.—Mrs. Veronica Wroblawska, aged 35 years, 2 months, died last evening at her home, 152 Lakeview avenue, after a lingering illness of her husband. She leaves two daughters, all of this city.

HAND.—Miss Marcella Hand, a devoted attendant of the Immaculate Conception church, died last night at St. John's hospital, aged 27 years. She leaves three brothers, James J. of New Rochelle, N. Y., John, of New York, and John of Scotland, and three sisters, the Misses Catherine, Mary and Rose Hand. The body was taken to the home of her brother, James J. Hand, 3 Puffer avenue.

RICHARDS.—Jonathan B. Richards died this morning at his home, 38 Middlesex street, aged 59 years. He leaves besides his wife, Lillie E., four sisters, Mrs. Flora Thomas and Mrs. Nellie Lowell, and a brother and two sisters and a brother in Maine.

J. HENRY DUNHAM DEAD

WELL KNOWN BUSINESS MAN OF BELVIDERE DIED AT BROCKTON YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

The numerous friends of the late J. Henry Dunham will be pained to hear of his death, although it was not unexpected as he had been seriously ill for several months. He passed away yesterday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Joseph P. Courtney, of Brockton, whither he had gone some time ago because of his illness. He was 77 years of age. He was a highly esteemed member of the Immaculate Conception parish, the Y.M.C.I., the Knights of Columbus and Foresters of America and Grocers' and Butchers' association. He had hosts of friends throughout the city who were deeply attached to him on account of his genial manner and his kind and generous heart. For many years he had been in business as a marketman in Belvidere. He leaves besides his sister, two brothers, George Dunham, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Albert of this city. The body has been brought to this city and will be interred from the home of Miss Sarah Sparks of 69 Elm street.

FUNERAL NOTICES

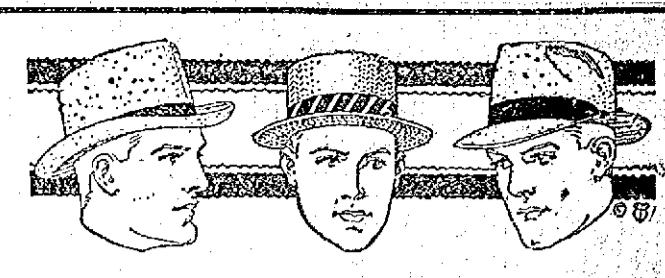
HOLLAND.—The funeral of Miss Catherine Holland will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the chapel of James J. Hand, 3 Puffer avenue. At 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

RICHARDS.—Died in this city, July 11, Jonathan B. Richards, aged 59 years, 1 month. Funeral services will be held from the home of O'Donnell & Sons, 3 Puffer avenue. At 9 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at the Immaculate Conception church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

WARD.—The funeral of Patrick J. Ward will take place tomorrow morning at 8.15 o'clock from his home, 110 Rock street. At 9.45 a high mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

CHENEY.—The funeral services of Byron E. Cheney were held at Providence, R. I., and burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery this city yesterday afternoon. The committal services were conducted at the grave by the following delegation: Representing the Order of the Sons of the American Revolution, J. J. O'Donnell, Fred Vinal, Fred Petrie, Amos Kendall, E. A. Desrochers and W. E. Maynard. The above named delegation also acted as bearers. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LIVINGSTON.—The funeral services of Winfield S. Livingston took place from his home, 153 Westford street.



SPECIALS ON Straw Hats

Take your choice of any of our \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 or \$3.50 Straws for

\$1.85

In this lot we have included all of our split or Sennitt Sailors, Soft Mackinaws, Panamas and Leghorns; in fact any straw in our store that retailed as high as \$3.50, now \$1.85.

MACARTNEY'S Apparel Shop

The Home of 10c Collars

72 Merrimack Street

The blaze was discovered by a passer-by, who pulled in the alarm and when the firemen arrived on the scene there was a lively blaze in progress.

SHORTER HOURS FOR WOMEN

THE HAGUE, (via London), July 11.—The Berlin arms manufactory has reduced the work of its 4000 women employees to eight hours daily. The Vorwärts urges that all similar establishments follow its example, as long hours, combined with underfeeding are proving most injurious to the women.

That the war diet is injurious to health is denied by Dr. Thiele of Chemnitz, who, according to the Clinician Weekly, has examined 1055 children and found them on the average an inch taller and more than two kilograms heavier than pre-war children, while their general health was unimpaired.

PAPERS INCREASE PRICE

LONDON, July 11.—Penny (two cents) newspapers have been advanced a half-penny (one cent) and half-penny papers to one penny in a large number of towns outside of London. This was found necessary because of the increased price of print-paper and materials. A number of these provincial dailies have been forced to suspend publication for the same reason.

SIGNS GOOD ROADS BILL

PRESIDENT WILSON'S SIGNATURE AUTHORIZES EXPENDITURE OF \$55,000,000 IN FIVE YEARS

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Wilson today signed the good roads bill recently passed by congress, authorizing the expenditure of \$55,000,000 in five years by the federal government on condition that states expend amounts similar to those apportioned to them.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing: Tobin's, Asso. Bldg. Auto supplies, Beharrell, 33 Middlesex. J. F. Donohoe, 233 Hildreth bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone 311. Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Clarke of this city and Mrs. Emma A. Heald and son, Frederick of Chalmersford, are enjoying a vacation at Revere beach.

An Irish terrier was struck by an automobile at 7.15 last night in Gorham street near Davis square. Later the animal was shot by Special Officer Fred Gilmore of the Humane society.

Miss Kittie Lee and Miss Norah Powers of Cross street will spend the next two weeks in Portland, Me., as the guests of Mrs. Connors of that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Ready of Court street and sons, John and Bernard, Jr., with daughter, Mary, are on an auto trip to Scranton, Pa., and points of interest in New York.

Harold H. Stratton, graduate of the Earllet school, has gone to spend his vacation with his uncle, Dr. T. B. O'Neill, and his aunt, Mrs. W. W. Connors, of Utica, N. Y. He will also visit relatives in Plattsburgh, N. Y., and Burlington, Vt.

A correspondent asks if King George signed the Irish home rule act. Yes, the British sovereign whether king or queen, signs every measure enacted by parliament. To veto a measure would be regarded as opposing the will of the people and might cause a revolution.

F. Edmund Edmunds, formerly of this city and now of Philadelphia is the guest of his brother, F. Waldron Edmunds, a local teacher of vocal music. The two brothers will enjoy a vacation together at Bailey's Island, Me.

S. J. Ryan, the latter is located in his new quarters, in Room 131, on the 11th floor, in the Brady building, and will be pleased to see his former customers where the best service and prompt attention to all orders will be given.

Miss Grace Murphy of 18 Franklin street and Miss Frances Conlin of 50 Crosby street have returned from a two weeks' vacation spent at Revere beach.

Thomas Hayden of this city, who is a member of the United States navy, was tendered a reception by a number of his friends in upper Gorham street last night when he was presented a beautiful signet ring. Refreshments were served and a delightful entertainment program was carried out during the evening. John P. Mahoney acted as toastmaster.

An alarm from box 121 at 10.20 o'clock last night was for a fire in the plant of Swift & Co. in Dutten street. The fire had its inception in the room where hams are smoked and several hundred dollars damage was done before the fire was placed under control.

Stomach Relieved Digestion Aided



MR. CHAS. A. WARNER.

"I want to express my thanks for the good Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey I have done me. My attending physician told me I could not live any longer. I read your advertisement in the newspaper, bought a bottle, took it, and it has done me so much good I cannot praise Duffy's enough. I have taken it for three years and keep it in the house all the time. I would not be without Duffy's for 63 years of age." Mr. Chas. A. Warner, Cambridgeport, Vt.

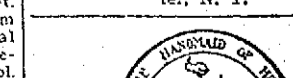
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is recommended in tablespoon doses in equal amounts of water or milk before meals and on retiring as an aid to digestion and assimilation of food.

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well"

At most druggists, grocers and dealers, \$1.00. If they can't supply you, write us. Useful household booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.



NOTICE OF HEARING

The Municipal Council of the City of Lowell will hold a hearing at the City Hall, Tuesday, July 11, 1916, at ten o'clock a. m. on petition of Arthur C. Varian.

For a permit to move the 14 story wooden building, size 35 by 25 feet, numbered 9 on Varian ave. to Orchard street, by the following route: Main road and Woodward Avenue.

By order of the Municipal Council, STEPHEN FLANN, Clerk.

July 11, 1916.

What's There--

the drawn features of the nervous under-nourished man--

Or the bright, calm look of health and conscious power to do things, that belongs to the man who is well-nourished?



Grape-Nuts

FOOD

with the wonderful energy values of whole wheat and barley, including their vital mineral elements, is an ideal ration (served with cream or good milk) for building well-balanced bodies and brains.

Grape-Nuts is a delicious food, combining the native sweetness of wheat with the delicate flavor of malted barley and brought by scientific baking to a marvelous degree of ease in digestion. A daily ration of Grape-Nuts has put the joy-look of health and confidence on many a countenance.

"There's a Reason"

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Having been forced to vacate because of building operations, we are better equipped than ever with the most sanitary fish market to serve the people of Lowell and vicinity the best sea food of all kinds in their season.

Live and boiled lobsters our specialty.

TARPON FISH MARKET

John L'Anson, Prop. 37 EAST MERRIMACK ST. H. M. Randlett

BASEBALL AND
FIELD SPORTS

THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF
AND ATHLETICS

LOWELL WON CLOSE GAME

Pitcher Bonsack and Ty Helfrich
Starred in Victory Over the
Lawrence Team—Score 2 to 1

Behind the splendid pitching of John Bonsack, the Albright college twirler, Lowell won a close and interesting contest from Lawrence at Spaulding park yesterday afternoon. Charlie Press was on the mound for the visitors and he also pitched a rare game, allowing but two hits. One of the hits, however, came after a base on balls and was followed by an error, which allowed a run.

It was Bonsack's first start since joining the team under the reign of Harry Lord, and he made good. He worked with ease but tightened in the ninth and gave for the sixth inning, when one run was pushed over, not a Lawrence man reached third base. In the second inning Bill Luyster opened

with a two-bagger, but Bonsack forced the next two men to pop up easy flies in front of the plate, and the third out was a high fly to the outfield. The young pitcher showed excellent control, giving but one base on balls. Six of the O'Donnell pets were forced to fan. Ty Helfrich was the star at the bat, driving in one run and scoring the other. His first hit was a double to right field with Robinson on second, and he started the seventh with an infield hit but did not get beyond the initial sack. Larry Mahoney, the Lawrence shortstop, was the erring one, heaving the ball to the first base bleachers with Helfrich on second in an endeavor to get a man at first.

First Inning
Neither side scored in the first inning. Torphy stopped O'Connell's grounder near second base and retired him at first. Howard fanned the breeze, Mahoney bunted in front of the plate and Kihullen gathered the ball in and threw to first in time to get the runner.

No runs, no hits, no errors.
In the latter half of the inning Stimpson struck out and Whelan hit to Mahoney and was retired at first. Robinson was third out on a grounder to Howard.

No runs, no hits, no errors.
Score: Lowell 0, Lawrence 0.

Second Inning
Luyster cracked the ball out to the left field fence for a two-bagger, but he died there for Warner popped an easy fly to Bonsack. Ostergren fouled to Kihullen and Gilmore fled to Robinson.

No runs, one hit, no errors.
Helfrich hit to Press and died at first. Kihullen followed with a foul fly to Howard and Greenhalge sent a grounder to Press and was out at first. No runs, no hits, no errors.
Score: Lowell 0, Lawrence 0.

Third Inning
Lavigne singled to left garden but was forced at second on Press' grounder to Greenhalge. O'Connell hit to Greenhalge who threw to Torphy getting Press, and Torphy threw to first getting O'Connell for a double play.

No runs, one hit, no errors.
Kane grounded to Warner and never saw first and Torphy followed with a strikeout. Bonsack walked but was forced at second on Stimpson's grounder to Mahoney.

No runs, no hits, no errors.
Score: Lowell 0, Lawrence 0.

Fourth Inning
Howard started the fourth with a single and Mahoney was later retired on a fly which Kane took care of. Howard tried to make second and Kihullen by a perfect throw to Torphy got the runner. Luyster closed the inning with a grounder to Torphy.

No runs, one hit, no errors.
Lowell scored two runs in the latter half of the inning. Whelan was an easy one on his grounder to Howard. Robinson drew a free pass, stole second and scored on Helfrich's double to right field. Mahoney made a wild throw on Kihullen's grounder and Helfrich scored. Kihullen tried to make third and was nailed. Greenhalge popped an easy fly which Howard took care of.

No runs, one hit, one error.
Score: Lowell 2, Lawrence 0.

Fifth Inning
Warner and Ostergren went out on hits to Kane, the catch of Ostergren's being of the spectacular nature. Gilmore sent an easy one to Helfrich but the latter threw bad to first and Gilmore went to second on the play, but he died there for Lavigne struck out.

No runs, no hits, one error.
Kane sent a grounder to Warner and was out at first. Mahoney made a nice stop of Torphy's drive through short and retired him at first. Bonsack was third out on a grounder to Warner.

No runs, no hits, no errors.
Score: Lowell 2, Lawrence 0.

Sixth Inning
Lawrence scored one in the sixth. Press opened with a foul fly to Kihullen. O'Connell sent an easy one to Bonsack and was out at first. Howard singled to left and stole second and Mahoney followed with a base on balls. Luyster hit one too hard for Helfrich to handle and Howard scored. Mahoney going to third. Warner closed the inning with a grounder to Torphy.

One run, two hits, no errors.
Stimpson fled to Luyster and Whelan went out Press to Ostergren. Robinson was third out on a fly to Luyster.

No runs, no hits, no errors.
Score: Lowell 2, Lawrence 1.

Seventh Inning
Ostergren died to Kane in left center and Gilmore struck out. Lavigne fouled to Helfrich.

No runs, no hits, no errors.
Helfrich beat out a bunt along the third base line and went to second. Kihullen fouled to Lavigne. Greenhalge was out at first on his grounder to Warner.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Helfrich going to third on the play. Kane fled to Gilmore.
No runs, one hit, no errors.
Score: Lowell 2, Lawrence 1.

Eighth Inning
Press fouled to Kihullen. O'Connell struck out. Howard singled to left field and later stole second. Mahoney struck out.
No runs, one hit, no errors.
Torphy fled out to O'Connell. Bonsack struck out. Stimpson sent a grounder to Press and was out at first. No runs, no hits, no errors.
Score: Lowell 2, Lawrence 1.

Ninth Inning
Luyster struck out. Warner fouled to Kihullen.
Ostergren went out, Greenhalge to Whelan.
No runs, no hits, no errors.
The score:

	ab	h	bp	po	a	e
Stimpson lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Whelan 1b	3	0	0	0	0	0
Robinson 3b	2	1	0	1	0	0
Helfrich 3b	3	1	2	1	0	1
Kihullen c	3	0	0	10	2	0
Greenhalge 2b	3	0	0	0	0	0
Kane cf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Torphy ss	2	0	0	1	0	0
Bonsack p	2	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	25	2	2	27	10	1

	ab	h	bp	po	a	e
O'Connell cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Howard 3b	1	0	3	2	0	0
Mahoney 2b	2	0	0	0	0	0
Luyster rf	4	0	2	2	0	0
Warner 1b	4	0	0	1	0	0
Ostergren 2b	4	0	0	12	1	0
Gilmore cf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Lavigne c	3	0	1	0	0	0
Press p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	1	6	24	14	1

Two base hits: Luyster, Helfrich, Stolen bases: Robinson, Howard. Batted runs: Lowell 1, Lawrence 1. Double plays: Greenhalge, Torphy and Whelan. Left on bases: Lowell 1, Lawrence 5. First base on errors: Lowell 1, Lawrence 1. Bases on balls: O'Connell 1, Press 2. Strike out: O'Connell 2, Press 3. Wild pitch: Press. Umpire: Keady. Time: 1:25.

CRUCIAL SERIES

Yanks and Indians and
Red and White Sox in
Important Games

NEW YORK, July 11.—The nearest thing to a crucial series that the Yankees have taken part in many years opened on the Polo grounds yesterday when the American league leaders met the Cleveland Indians in a double-header. The twin bill opened with a six game series. Another double-header is on tap for today.

The Yankees showed no signs of abating last week, winning three out of four from Washington, and two out of three from Chicago. The team also has ceased to be a one or two man affair. Neither Pipp nor Baker went good after the team returned to the Polo grounds on Thursday, each slugger making only one hit in the White Sox series, yet some other player always was on the job with the timely hits. After the Baker, Pipp, Magee, Eligh furl attacked, Peck, Geaton and Nunnemaker started to clout the ball.

This week will test the team as the Yanks have not been tested previously this season. After Cleveland leaves the local camp the Yanks have six games to play with Detroit in four playing days, a third double header being on the card for next Friday. So far this season the club has had an uncanny success in four double headers, winning all four played, two from Washington and one each from Boston and Philadelphia. Where the Donovans play in both the morning and afternoon it doesn't work so well, as they broke even on both Decoration day and Fourth of July.

The Yankees believe they must beat out the present world's champs, Red Sox, to win the pennant, with Chicago the next leading trouble maker. The Red Sox have been playing spasmodic ball, and last week it was their turn to have a very good week. Cartright hit a clean sweep in the series with the Athletics, and then took two out of three from Cleveland.

While the Yankees and Indians play six games in four days, the Red and White Sox will be doing the same thing in Boston. A highly important series to both teams. The Washingtons are fighting to stay in the first division and the Browns are trying hard to overcome their poor start and get into the fight. The Athletics are about ten times worse off than ever. Since Merv and Bush won shutouts on the Polo grounds during Mack's Preparation day series with the Yankees the Athletics have won just two games.

After making a sorry showing against Brooklyn early in the week, losing all three games played, the Giants started in the friendly west by taking two out of three in Pittsburgh. At Cincinnati and St. Louis are the next stops on the trail, there seems some hope for the Giants getting back into the first division, though they have a lot of ground to recover if they hope to make it interesting for the Dodgers, and take part in the pennant fight.

The McGrawites continue to show uncertain pitching. There is not a man on the staff upon whom McGraw can absolutely depend. With Perritt, Anderson, Tesreau and Benton it has been a gamble all along whether they would pitch a good game, or blow up in a few innings.

The team is hitting better on the road than was the case at home. It seems that invigorating western air has put life into the boys. Davey Robertson again is doing some hefty clubbing. Davey may save the Giants something out of the spoils of a victory by leading the league at bat as Larry Doyle did a year ago.

The Brooklyners are setting a pace that is hard to follow. During a past week both superbas and Yankees have developed that something which for want of a better name is called "pennant spirit." Sometimes it is just a hot ball, but it is something which all championship aspirants must possess. It compels good pitching with good hitting. It is that something which enables championship clubs to win pitchers' battles 1 to 0 and 2 to 1, and shattering matches 5 to 1 and 9 to 1. The Brooklyners believe in the new. They think no team is as strong as the Red Sox, and they are getting many converts to believe likewise. The writer is one to be converted during the Fourth of July series. The Dodgers kept

their heads high all the time, fought for every inch, and what is more played smart baseball, something which Brooklyn teams calling on the G. usually neglected to do. If O'Neil O'Mara can get back his old confidence and plug up that hole at short, Brooklyn should get in the world's series. Jack Coombs said last winter the pennant of 1915 trickled through the shortstop hole.

The Phillies and Braves are doing their best to hang on to the Brooklyn coat tails, but the Robinson lead is growing instead of diminishing. Alexander seems to be in condition again, as he proved when he shut out St. Louis last Friday, and when Ateck goes good the Phillies always show a new spirit when they know their pitching prince is in form. Evers' latest outburst and suspension are a tough blow to Stallings, as the Braves, after floundering around during Trujillo's leadership in the first half of June, had been moving fast after the human people not returned to the game.

Stallings is getting good pitching now. He has developed a new first string in Barnes, Neft, Allen, Hughes and Reulbach. The Cubs have shown some improvement, and should give the Giants quite a battle for fourth place. Pittsburgh, St. Louis and Cincinnati are just filling out the schedule and the poor Reds are just barely in the league. Merz is practically through. Bring on the next victim!

SIGNS WITH YANKEES

RUBE OLDING TAKES PITY ON

LEAGUE LEADERS WITH CRIP-

PLED OUTFIELD

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.—Rube Olding, the former star outfielder of the Athletics, announced yesterday that he would sign a contract to play the remainder of the season with the Yankees. Olding said he was induced to accept the offer of the New York club because of the crippled condition of the team, and added that he would retire from baseball at the end of the season. Olding expects to sign with New York today.

Olding announced his retirement from baseball July 1. Connie Mack gave him his unconditional release, and said he would not stand in the outfielder's way if he wanted to join some other team.

COMPETE IN BOTH MEETS
BOSTON, July 11.—The Middlesex county A.O.U. games postponed from July 4 and 5, will take place today. The games will be between "Joe" McNamara and "Tommy" Callahan. Managers of the meets, have arranged a time for starting so that the athletes can compete at both meets, the

Middlesex county games at Russell Field starting at 1:30 p. m., while the Cathedral games at the Walpole street grounds will start at 3:30 p. m.

GAMES TOMORROW

Eastern League
Lowell at Lynn.
Portland at Lawrence.
Worcester at New Haven.
Bridgeport at Springfield.
New London at Hartford.

American League
Chicago at Boston.
Cleveland at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Washington.

National League
Boston at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
New York at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

LEAGUE STANDING

	W	L	P.C.
Eastern League	26	17	.676
Portland	27	18	.673
Springfield	33	22	.600
Worcester	33	24	.579
Lowell	31	30	.508
Lynn	25	31	.445
Hartford	23	31	.429
Lawrence	22	31	.413
New Haven	21	35	.375
Bridgeport	20	43	.317

American League 1916 1915

	W	L	P.C.
New York	43	29	.597
Cleveland	42	31	.574
Chicago	40	32	.556
Boston	39	34	.534
Washington	38	34	.523
Detroit	38	36	.516
St. Louis	31	42	.426
Philadelphia	17	50	.254

National League 1916 1915

	W	L	P.C.
Brooklyn	42	27	.609
Philadelphia	38	30	.559
Boston	39	34	.534
Chicago	36	39	.479
New York	32	35	.478
Pittsburgh	33	37	.473
St. Louis	34	41	.452
Cincinnati	31	43	.419

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Eastern League
Portland 2, Lynn 0.
Springfield 1, Hartford 1.
Lowell 2, Lawrence 1.

American League
Chicago 3, Boston 0.
Cleveland 5, New York 2.
Washington 2, Detroit—rain.
Philadelphia 5, St. Louis—rain.

National League
Boston 4, Chicago 0.
Pittsburgh 7, New York 1.
Cincinnati 6, St. Louis 2.
Philadelphia 6, St. Louis 2.

OUTDOOR LEAGUE SHOOT
WASHINGTON, July 11.—The Peeters Rifle and Revolver association of Kings Mills, Ohio, the National Rifle

association announced today, is leading the small bore short range outdoor league shoot at the end of the fifth match of a series of ten. Its score is 4753. Auburn, N. Y., is second 4723. Others in their order are Quinlan of New Haven, 4700; Buynus, Ohio, 4671; Massachusetts Rifle association 4619.

WITH THE PADDED MITTS

Charlie White, who is matched to meet Matt Wells at Boston, next Tuesday night, expects to meet Vic Moran at New York within two weeks. Moran fought a draw with White in the south last spring.

Dan Morgan and Jack Dillon are involved in a controversy as to who will referee the bout at Baltimore, July 11, in which Dillon and Morgan's proteges, Battling Levinsky, will be principals. Dillon wants, Matt Hinkel of Cleveland, who recently officiated at the Dillon-Morgan bout, as referee. Morgan wants a New York man. Dillon undoubtedly will score, as he is the card.

Bill Brennan, of Chicago, and Joe Cox, of Springfield, Mo., may be matched to meet in a return bout in a short time. Brennan recently lost on a foul to Cox at the Broadway Sporting club, Brooklyn.

Harry Pollok has again signed articles for Freddie Welsh to take on the best lightweight at Denver, Labor day, that can be secured. Harry performed a similar stunt last year, and then did the fight fantastic.

Joe Welling, who made a good impression on the sporting men who met him, may meet either Johnny Dundee or Benny Leonard at Buffalo within two weeks. Welling's victory over Battling Kopin placed him in a commanding position at Buffalo.

Young Saylor, of Indianapolis, has been advised to retire for two months. His advisers should suggest he make it permanent. Saylor has lost his usefulness as a boxer.

Harry Pierce, the Brooklyn boxer, is slated for a battle with Walter Mohr tonight. The bout will be staged by the Broadway Sporting club, Brooklyn.

FREDDIE WELSH DODGING

SIGNS TO MEET LOGICAL CONTEND-

ER AT DENVER, LABOR DAY—

JOKER IN CONTRACT

There may be a little joker in Freddie Welsh's contract to fight a "logical contender" to a decision for the light-

weight title at Denver on Labor day. The articles provide that Frederick's opponent is to be selected by the club offering the purse.

There are just three logical contenders—Benny Leonard, Johnny Dundee and Charlie White. The most logical is Benny Leonard, who gave Welsh the hardest tussle he has had in his whole career. He won a popular decision over the champion that was unanimous, and on his showing at the time he would have made the decision even more emphatic had the contest lasted twenty rounds.

If Welsh really wants to put the title in jeopardy and take on an opponent who will force him to give every thing that is in him, he will take Leonard. The Pride of Harlem made the clever Welshman look like a novice, and decidedly clouded the title which he holds.

The next best lightweight is the bounding Scotchman, Johnny Dundee. He would at least force the title holder to defend himself. White is a dangerous opponent because of a 42-centimeter left, but the weapon is slow in getting into action. It is doubtful whether he would be able to land it once in twenty rounds. Once would be enough, though.

Outside of this trio the logical contenders are more or less unimportant. Consequently, if any opponent other than one of the trio is selected, it will show that the fine Italian hand of Harry Pollok is the real appointing power for that Denver club. Harry may hold that Battling Nelson, Al Volganst or some other, deserving inmate of the Old People's Home is the logical contender.

DIAMOND GOSSIP

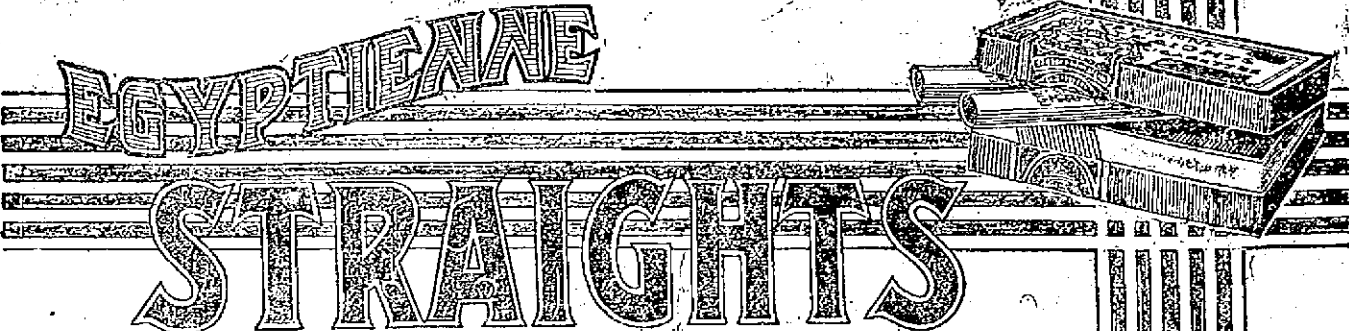
John McGraw is trying his best to land another pitcher, but nobody has thus far expressed a willingness to do business with the New York club. Not only has McGraw failed to purchase several pitchers in the National league club, but a couple of minor league clubs have turned McGraw down flat.

Charley Doolin is working hard to get the pitchers in shape. Matty has not worked for quite a while and is in none too good shape. Benton and Tesreau are the only fingers in condition. Folperitt, who was taken ill from the heat the other day, will not be able to work for several days.

While most of the players have been cured of the hallucination that shadows had anything to do with their poor showing at home, Arlie Fletcher still clings to the impression that the signs at the Polo grounds dimmed his batting eye.

Mrs. Melville F. Johnston, of Richmond, Ind., has undertaken the job of giving the people in the rural districts of her state a taste of really good art.

ABSOLUTELY PURE 100% TURKISH TOBACCO



EGYPTIENNE STRAIGHTS CIGARETTES

Cork Tips Plain Ends CIGARETTES

As pure and clean as the driven snow

Of the factory where Straights are made—

Said Mc Cann, arch-enemy of filth in factories—

"Cigarette Maker puts Food Makers to shame."

Straights are the equal in quality of any Turkish Cigarette sold at 10 for 15 cents

Try a box—its their best argument

Ten in a box 10¢

GOING to New York City? Drop a postal to the STRAIGHTS factory, 337-347 West 27th Street, with your name and address and a card of invitation to inspect this wonder plant will be sent you promptly.

EGYPTIENNE STRAIGHTS CIGARETTES

ARE MADE AND GUARANTEED BY THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

Country Week Fund

FUND

\$300 MORE NEEDED AT ONCE

Those who are always glad to help with the work of the Country Week Committee are reminded that subscriptions should be sent promptly to the treasurer, Mr. J. G. Hume, 20 Market street. The children left on Tuesday, July 4th, and more will go next week. As there is a large waiting list we must have the money in hand before we can send them away. For those wishing to send money a box has been conveniently placed on the candy counter in the store of D. L. PAGE CO. Any amount will be gratefully received.

MERRIMACK SQ. THEATRE

TWO MORE DAYS

Mary Pickford

in "POOR LITTLE PEPPINA"

BLANCHE SWEET

in "THE DUPE"

Comedy, Pathé News and Others

CANOBIE LAKE PARK

All Week at the Theatre

6

VAUDEVILLE ACTS

6

Bowling, Boating, Swimming, Eating and "Then Some."

LAKEVIEW PARK

WEEK OF JULY 10TH

FREE

Every Afternoon and Evening, the World's Greatest Aerial Act

"THE RIVA-LARSEN TROUPE"

And Feature Pictures

DANCING AND AMUSEMENTS

TROLLEY AND BOAT EXCURSIONS

50c REVERE BEACH 50c

65c Bass Point, 65c

Nahant, 65c

Through special trolley cars leave Merrimack Square on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 8:15 a. m. Connections made with both at Revere Beach for Bass Point.

For Tickets and Information apply at Local Office of Bay State St. Ry. Co.

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The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY JULY 11 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

WILSON URGED PEACE

President Also Defended the Democratic Party as Friend of Business—Greeted by 50,000

DETROIT, July 11.—President Wilson urged peace, reached by mutual understanding rather than force, and defended the democratic party as a friend of business in speeches yesterday to enthusiastic Michigan audiences.

Detroit streets were lined with thousands of persons who shouted greetings and waved American flags at him wherever he appeared. The hall in which he spoke to the World's Salesmen Congress was jammed, an audience estimated at 50,000 greeted him at the Ford motor plant, and last night in Toledo another throng hastened to his brief rear-platform address.

"Peace" was the shouted response of the salesmanship audience when the president asked them what they desired when the present world struggles are at an end.

And he added that "permanent peace" was his desire.

At a non-partisan luncheon in the Detroit Athletic club the president sprang to the defense of the democrats. A prominent republican had told him during the day that he had been deriving pleasure from association with democrats, and the executive recited the incident and declared that he long had enjoyed the friendship and companionship of republicans, because, being a teacher, he "would like to teach them something."

"We have been trying, some of us, for a good many years to teach in politics, as well as elsewhere, this lesson—that we are all in the same boat," he said.

"We have common interests. The great difficulty that has confronted gentlemen, has often been that we have deliberately looked at these common interests from self-chosen angles, which made them look as if some of us were separated from others and as if some of us wanted to depress business, for example, and others of us wanted to exalt business."

A Democrat Must Also Live

"I dare say that you have noticed that the same necessity to make a living is imposed upon democrats as upon republicans and I dare say you are ready to believe that democrats are

just as willing to make a good living as republicans. Therefore, it seems to me logically to follow, though I have been quoted as having no regard for logic, that democrats are naturally as much interested in the business prosperity of the United States as anybody else. So that if you believe that they are not as fitted to guide it as other persons, you cannot be doubting their interest, you are only impugning their intelligence."

The suspicion is beginning to dawn, he added, that the average man understands the business necessities of the country as well as the extraordinary man.

"So I invite your thoughts," he continued, "in what I sincerely believe to be an entirely non-partisan spirit to the democracy of business."

Pratt's Federal Reserve Act

"An act was recently passed in congress that some of the most intelligent business men of this country earnestly opposed—men whom I knew, men whose character I trusted, men whose integrity I absolutely believed in. I refer to the federal reserve act by which we intended, and succeeded, in taking credit out of the control of a small number of men and making it available to everybody who had real commercial assets, and the very men who opposed that act, and opposed it conscientiously, now admit that it saved the country from a ruinous panic when the stress of war came out, and that it is the salvation of every average business man who is in the midst of the tides that I have been trying to describe."

"What does that mean, gentlemen? It means that you can get a settled point of view and can conscientiously oppose progress if you do not need progress yourself. That is what it means. I am not impugning the intelligence even of the men who oppose these things, because the same thing happens to every man if he is not of extraordinary makeup, but he cannot see the necessity for a thing that he does not himself need. When you have abundant credit and control of credit, you, of course, do not need that the area of credit should be broadened."

STRIKE IS SPREADING GOV'T TAKES PLANT

MORE ELEVATOR OPERATORS QUIT AT BOSTON—MINOR DISTURBANCES

BOSTON, July 11.—A strike of elevator men, begun yesterday, extended today with the result that hundreds of people had to climb stairs in the office buildings in the business district. Some buildings had no operators, while a few were served by two or three of the eight or ten cars usually in operation. There were several minor disturbances when strike sympathizers attempted to recruit supporters among working operators and police were on guard at most of the buildings. The strike was declared in furtherance of demands for a \$15 uniform weekly wage and an eight-hour day.

200 EMPLOYEES STRIKE

SOUTH MANCHESTER, Conn., July 11.—Plecker room employees in the "Coney Bros" plant to the number of 200 struck today because they claimed that the management intended to reduce their wages in proportion to a reduction in the working schedule from ten to nine hours.

RECIPE INSTEAD OF TIP

Hetty Green, World's Richest Woman, Gave Boston Hotel Man a Cure for Rheumatism

BOSTON, July 11.—How the late Hetty Green, reputed to be the richest woman in the world, "tipped" a well-known Boston hotel man several years ago, at the time he was a waiter in a New York cafe, with a recipe for a "rheumatic cure" was described yesterday.

Louis LaFranché, an assistant manager at the Hotel Lenox, who got the "tip" told the story to a reporter.

"Dissolve two raw eggs, shells and all, in a pint of vinegar," said she. "Then add the same amount of alcohol and shake thoroughly. Apply to the part that aches and rub well."

"Hetty said that this would fix rheumatism, and I have found the remedy effective myself," said Mr. LaFranché. "She gave me the recipe in lieu of a tip on one occasion at the Waldorf-Astoria, where I served her meals often."

Marchioness Townsend has given birth to a son and heir. The heir presumptive is a son of Major General Townsend, the gallant defender of Kut, who is now a prisoner of the Turks.

Established March 1, 1877

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UNDERTAKER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR

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PEERLESS CO. AT CLEVELAND COMMANDEERED FOR MOTOR TRUCKS—OTHER ORDERS HELD UP

BOSTON, July 11.—In reply to a telegram asking for information regarding the delivery of Peerless motor trucks in Boston, to the Beacon Motor Car Co., New England distributors, comes the announcement that the United States government has commandeered the entire plant of the Peerless company in Cleveland and will not allow anything, shipped by that government trucks. It is not stated for how long a period the government will continue to take the entire product of the Peerless company, which has a capacity of turning out 75 trucks a week, so that in a very short time the army men in Mexico and along the border will have a generous supply of Peerless motor trucks. The government has been a large purchaser of motor trucks ever since the recent trouble in Mexico started, and many of the larger truck companies have received big orders; but this is the first case in which the entire factory of a truck company has been taken over by the government. J. T. Snow of the Beacon Motor Car Co. is authority for the statement that government men are now in charge of the Peerless factory, and that his orders for trucks will be held up until the pressure of army orders is relieved.

When the Peerless war broke out the Peerless company received immense orders for trucks for the allies, and a record breaking volume of business was done in supplying the foreign demand. These trucks gave excellent satisfaction on the battlefields of Europe, and most of the shipments consisted of trucks suitable for transporting supplies and munitions.

TRADE DEFENSE NEEDED

SENATOR STONE FEARS EXTENTE ALLIES WILL "TURN ICY FACES AGAINST WORLD" AFTER WAR

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee declared in the senate yesterday that, unless the United States were considered in any industrial alliance of European nations, it would be necessary for the country to adopt a definite defensive policy.

Senator Stone was speaking on his resolutions asking the president to inform the senate of the possible effect on the United States of a boycott against enemies of the entente allies proposed at a recent entente conference in Paris.

"It would be only natural for the allies if victorious," said Senator Stone, "to turn icy faces against the world and join in an effort to rebuild their fortunes by some form of concerted action."

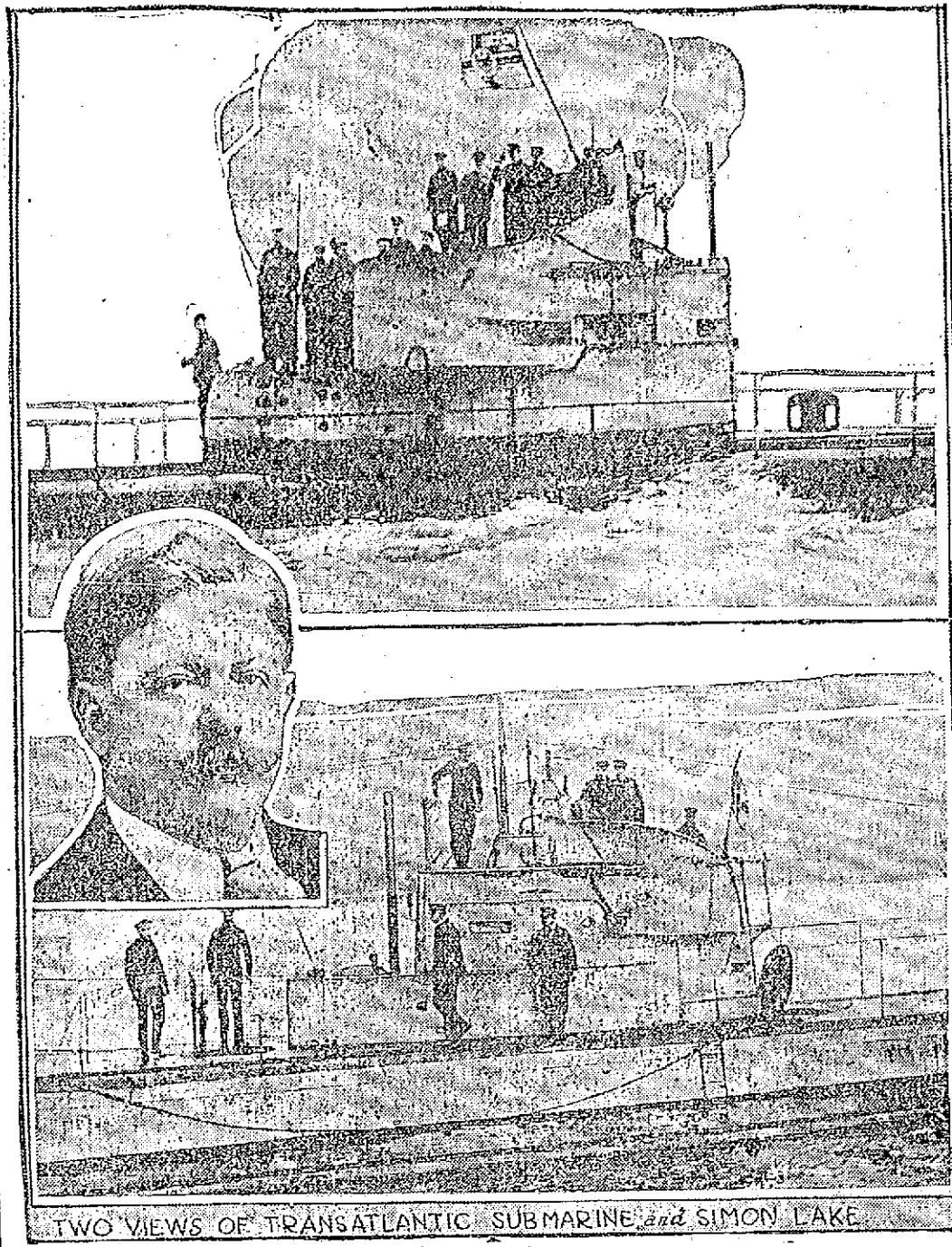
"I am profoundly impressed with the idea that the United States should be considered as being made a financial, commercial, transportation and industrial interests of the world. Otherwise we will be compelled to adopt a definite defensive policy of our own."

KAISER'S DOCTOR DEAD

LONDON, July 11.—An Amsterdam despatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says that Dr. Frederick W. K. von Fibers died in Berlin Sunday. Dr. von Fibers had the special care of the throat affection from which the German emperor has suffered for many years and was one of the emperor's most intimate friends.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

U-BOAT'S ARRIVAL CREATES PROBLEMS; INVENTOR LAKE THREATENS TROUBLE



Another of the perplexing questions of international law growing out of the war in Europe was presented to the United States government by the arrival at Baltimore of the German submarine Deutschland, which came from Germany. The state department was called upon to determine whether the first undersan craft to make the trans-Atlantic voyage should be treated as a merchant vessel or as a belligerent warship. If the submarine is a merchant vessel engaged in peaceful commerce (and this is the prevalent view) it is entitled to all the rights and prerogatives of any other belligerent merchant vessel in an American port, free to come and go as it pleases and at its own risk of incurring damage from enemy vessels outside the entrance to American territorial waters. But if this submarine entered American waters as a belligerent warship the so-called "twenty-four hour rule" applies, as in the case of any other warship, and the Deutschland is subject to the rules of international law that this government invoked in the cases of the Kronprinz Eitel Friedrich and the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm. The situation was complicated further by the action of Simon Lake, inventor of submarine vessels, who asserted his intention of libeling and thus holding up the Deutschland if it contained any of his patented devices. Mr. Lake said that the Krupp's copied his plans when he was in Germany in 1904 and 1905.

NATIONAL PARK IN MAINE

CREATION OF PARK COMPRISING 5000 ACRES ON MOUNT DESERT ISLAND ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Creation of the first national park east of the Mississippi river, comprising 5000 acres on Mount Desert Island, Me., was announced today by the interior department. It will be known as Sieur de Monts national monument.

The tract, noted for its rugged beauty, was donated to the federal government. Its northern boundary is only a mile from Bar Harbor and several popular summer resorts lie near it. There are ten mountain peaks and four lakes within the tract.

GET MAN-EATING SHARK

BAUD DENIZEN CAUGHT OFF BRIDGEPORT BY CREW OF YACHT JESSICA—WEIGHED 30 POUNDS

BRIDGEPORT, July 11.—Within 200 feet of where scores of persons were bathing, the crew of the yacht Jessica yesterday in Black Rock harbor here caught a baby man-eating shark. The Jessica is anchored here following the New York boat races. It is owned by Wilson Marshall, a New York millionaire. The shark measures three feet, six inches and weighs 30 pounds.

"Go out and catch some fish for dinner tonight," the steward of the Black Rock yacht club said to the Jessica crew.

The crew complied. "What luck," asked the steward as the crew returned last evening. For answer Geo. McCarthy held aloft the baby shark. A hook on one of the lines caught the under jaw of the man-eater and after a struggle the denizen was landed. It was necessary to tie a rope around the neck of the shark and choke it to death. It is the first shark sighted in these waters in many years.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

WHY EXPERIMENT? Take Your Watch and Jewelry to

BRILLIANT SPECTACLE

Imperial Divan Escorted to Theatre Where Session of Nobles of Mystic Shrine is Being Held

BEAUFORT, N. Y., July 11.—The most brilliant spectacle of the 42nd annual session of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine occurred today when the Imperial divan was escorted from headquarters to the theatre where the opening session of the imperial council was held. In the escort were 10,000 nobles, 3000 of them garbed in the gay costumes of the Arab patrols.

J. Putnam Stevens of Portland, Me., delivered the annual address as imperial potentate of the order.

Zubrah temple appears to have secured the session of 1917 for Minneapolis.

EVENING DENTAL CLINIC

About 75 Appear for Treatment at Opening of New Feature by the Boston Dispensary

BOSTON, July 11.—The evening dental clinic of the Boston dispensary, 25 Bennett street, opened last evening under the direction of Dr. Kurt H. Thoma. The attendance was large. A morning dental clinic has been conducted at the Boston dispensary for 10 years, but its facilities have been overtaxed.

The morning clinic will be opened daily from 8:45 to 10:30 o'clock; the evening clinic will be on Mondays and Fridays from 7 to 8 o'clock. Last evening at the first clinic about 75 persons applied.

The preliminary work was started yesterday by Mr. Hannagan and he hopes to have actual operations under way within a short while. Most of the streets will be completed before fall. The Hannagan specifications will call for a concrete foundation for the granite blocks and the flooding of the streets with cement. When completed the streets will be smooth, dustless and easily flushed, so that they may be kept clean with little attention.

Mr. Hannagan feels certain that the heavy Boston traffic will be unable to wear them out in less than 50 years.

In Lawrence Mr. Hannagan laid 15 miles of such streets and some of them have stood the heavy traffic for 12 years or more without costing anything for repairs.

The United Improvement association visited Lawrence a few months ago to inspect the streets and after-ward recommended to Mayor Curley that the Hannagan type of streets be adopted in Boston and that Mr. Hannagan, who two years ago was offered a place by Mayor Curley, be secured, if possible, to supervise the work.

Miss Chiff Martin is the first woman to receive her degree as a graduate of the law school of the University of Louisiana, and one of the few women entitled to practice law in that state.

KEEP WELL!

There is no need to suffer with intestinal and stomach troubles. Just get a bottle of the famous 40 year—no cure, no pay—

DOWS' DIARRHOEA AND CHOLERA SYRUP.

That'll settle the question. It's a positive preventive and a sure cure. Been curing for over forty years. More popular each year. An inferior article sees its best days in infancy.

All druggists should carry it. 25c. and 50c., as you like it.

A. W. DOWS & CO., Prop., Lowell, Mass.

HANNAGAN IN BOSTON

LAWRENCE PAVING EXPERT TO BUILD \$400,000 WORTH OF BOSTON STREETS

BOSTON, July 11.—Paul Hannagan, formerly alderman and director of engineering in Lawrence, and originator of the so-called Hannagan type of smooth granite block paving with grouted joints, began his work yesterday for the city of Boston as consulting engineer in the paving division.

Mr. Hannagan's work will be the construction of about \$400,000 worth of smooth granite-paved streets in the business section, taking in most of the main thoroughfares between the North and South stations which Mayor Curley and Commissioners of Public Works Murphy have decided to pave according to the Hannagan specifications.

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EAGLES, NOTICE!

Lowell Aerie will hold a special meeting this evening in Eagles hall, 52 Central street, at 8 o'clock.

Per Order,
Patrick J. McCann,
John M. Hogan,
Secretary

SERVICE BY AIR SIX CENT FARES

Trans-Atlantic Zeppelin Freight and Passenger Service

AMSTERDAM, July 11.—There is a gigantic scheme on foot in Germany for the formation of a transatlantic Zeppelin freight and passenger service, according to information obtained from an authentic German source here yesterday.

The proposed Zeppelin service, it is learned, will be ushered in the same manner as the prospective submarine traffic by the arrival of the Deutschland at the Virginia Capes Sunday. The first airship, one of the new type of super-Zeppelins, will arrive at an American port some time in the middle of August if the plans now under consideration materialize. Its name will be Z-Deutschland. Upon its trip will depend the formation of the transatlantic service. Like the U-boat Deutschland, the Zeppelin of the same name will carry a large cargo of dyes and chemicals, mail and possibly some passengers to the United States.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

SIX LEADING PROGRESSIVES ARE INCLUDED IN G. O. P. CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

NEW YORK, July 11.—The roster of the campaign committee of the republican national committee, announced last night, is composed of the republican executive committee and six progressives as follows:

John T. Adams, Iowa, republican; Everett Colby, New Jersey, progressive; William H. Crocker, California, republican; F. W. Estabrook, New Hampshire, republican; James R. Garfield, Ohio, progressive; James A. Hemenway, Indiana, republican; A. T. Hart, Kentucky, republican; R. B. Howell, Nebraska, republican; Harold L. Jakes, Illinois, progressive; Alvah H. Martin, Virginia, republican; Herbert Parsons, New York, republican; George W. Perkins, New York, progressive; S. A. Perkins, Washington, republican; Chester H. Rowell, California, progressive; Oscar S. Straus, New York, progressive; Charles B. Warren, Michigan, republican, and Ralph E. Williams, Oregon, republican.

James B. Reynolds of Washington, D. C., was named as secretary. Mr. Reynolds is also secretary of the national committee.

No announcement was made as to who will be chosen as treasurer. Neither was a date set for formal notification to Mr. Hughes of his nomination. It was learned, however, that the time probably will be July 31 and the place Carnegie hall, New York.

REDUCE ENLISTING AGE

BOSTON, July 11.—The United States recruiting stations have reduced from 21 years to 18 the age under which a parent or guardian has to consent of those stations are trying to fill the new hospital and engineering corps, which will serve under Gen. Funston at the border. Since the first of the month the number of recruits has fallen off to about one-third.

At the state armories recruiting continues to be fairly active. Nine recruits from the East armory and 12 from the Commonwealth armory left yesterday for the training camp at Framingham.

Ten recruits were sent from the Charlestown armory on Bunker Hill street, where Lt. F. L. W. Wiley is in charge. They make a total of 22 recruits at the point since the middle of last week, to augment the Fifth regiment.

PARTOT FIGURES IN SUIT

WHEELING, W. V., July 11.—There are no children to furnish an issue in the divorce suit Charles Davis has instituted here against his wife, Edna Davis, but there is a parrot.

Following the filing of the papers in the suit, Sheriff Sweeney reported the defendant could not be found. She was located, however, in Parkersburg, and the sheriff of that county was appealed to to get service on Mrs. Davis. He succeeded, and Mrs. Davis came back with this message:

"Mrs. Davis says that if Mr. Davis gives her the parrot she will not fight the suit for divorce, but if Mr. Davis keeps the parrot, then Mrs. Davis will contest the suit."

PRES. WILSON RETURNS

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Wilson returned early today from Detroit where he spoke yesterday before the world's salesmanship congress.

He was accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and Miss Gertie Wilson.

He will be in Lowell tomorrow morning.

New, Positive Treatment to Remove Hair or Fuzz

(Beauty Notes)

Women are fast learning the value of the use of delatone for removing hair or fuzz from face, neck or arms. A paste is made with some powdered delatone and water and spread on the hairy surface. In two or three minutes it is rubbed off, the skin washed and every bit of hair has disappeared. No failure will result if you are careful to buy genuine delatone.

By JOHN M. FARRELL.....Auctioneer

OFFICE, 162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Tomorrow, July 12, 1916, at 2.30 P. M., at Geo. Lynch's Wood Yard, 7 to 9 Marion St., Lowell

I will sell at public auction the buildings and all the personal property used by Mr. Lynch in his wood business, consisting of a one and one-half story building, 21 feet by 72 feet, all fitted for a store with large windows. The inside of the store is all pine sheathed, and fitted with shelves, spico drawers, bins, etc.; also, a 20-foot store counter, one butter chest, a cheese case, four show cases, two stoves, oil tank and pump, etc. Also, a stable for four horses, with large loft, large storage sheds for wood, and wagon sheds. These buildings are on leased land and will be sold to any person wishing to carry on the wood business or remove them from the land. One of the best power saws, a good one, saw and saw bench, extra circular saw and belt; one power wood-splitting machine and chain, two work horses, six wood wagons in good condition, two wood sleds, one pump, lot of harnesses, lot of new and second-hand wood baskets, canvas, etc. This is a good lot of personal property and will be sold to the highest bidder in lots to suit the purchaser, as Mr. Lynch has other business which takes up his attention.

Per Order, GEORGE LYNCH

Final Arguments for the Remonstrants Will Start July 17

BOSTON, July 11.—Final arguments for the remonstrants representing local communities in the Bay State street railway six cent fare case will start next Monday before the Massachusetts public service commission.

Tuesday, July 18, Edwin F. Dwyer of Lynn and E. Gerry Brown of Brockton will argue on the main case, if the local communities have finished their case. The latter represent the remonstrants at large.

July 24 Atty. Arthur G. Wadleigh of Lynn, also representing the remonstrants, will commence his arguments, to be followed by Attorney Jackson for the Bay State company.

This program was decided upon by the public service commission yesterday following a conference.

REVENUE BILL PASSED

MEASURE PROVIDES BIG INCREASE IN INCOME TAXES—CALLS FOR BI-PARTISAN TARIFF COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The administration omnibus revenue bill, creating a tariff commission, imposing a protective tariff on dyestuffs, repealing present stamp taxes and providing for new taxes on incomes, inheritances and war munitions profits, passed the house late yesterday by a vote of 240 to 140.

During the closing hours of debate several amendments, providing for elimination of the bankers' tax and modifying the tariff commission section, were adopted over the opposition of democratic leaders. On the final roll call the democrats voted solidly for the bill and were joined by 31 republicans, five progressive-republicans, one independent and one socialist.

The amendments adopted cut the salaries of members of the tariff commission from \$10,000 to \$7500 annually; struck out the provision under which no member or former member of congress could serve on the commission, and provided a single appropriation of \$300,000 to pay expenses of the bill's stipulation of a continuing annual appropriation of that amount. The entire section levying a tax of \$1 for each \$1000 of capital, surplus and undivided profits held by bankers was stricken out.

The bill, which now goes to the senate, increases the surtax on incomes, ranging from an additional one per cent on incomes between \$20,000 and \$40,000 to 10 per cent additional on those above \$50,000; taxes transfers of estates valued at \$50,000 or more, and net profits of war munitions manufacturers, with an exemption of those having less than 10 per cent profit.

The new taxes are expected to yield \$157,000,000 annually.

The tariff commission would be composed of five members, no more than three to be of the same political party, and would have broad powers of investigation.

The bill also carries an anti-dumping provision to protect American producers from unfair foreign trade practices.

Among the republicans who voted for the measure was A. P. Gardner of Massachusetts.

Women now act as caddies in Great Britain.

Alkali in Soap Bad For the Hair

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mulsified coconut oil (which is pure and greaseless) and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use. One or two teaspoonfuls will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, curly, lustrous, and shines out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly, and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified coconut oil at any pharmacy, it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

OUR BED BUG DESTROYER

Does the Work Effectively

Pt. 20c, Qt. 35c, Gal \$1.25

Talbot's Chemical Store

40 MIDDLE ST.

NOTABLE PROGRESS FOR ALLIES ALONG SOMME

British Lines Being Brought Up to Level of French—Contalmaison Captured—Trenches Taken

The British lines north of the Somme are gradually being brought up to a level with those of the French farther south.

British Take Contalmaison
London today announces the capture of Contalmaison, marking notable progress in the work of crushing in the German salient extending from Thiepval on the north to Montauban on the south.

German Trenches Captured
This process has been further accelerated by the taking of several lines of German trenches in Mametz wood, southwest of Montauban while the struggle of the British to regain possession of a French wood, in the Montauban sector is continuing.

British Hold Entire Village
The entire village of Montauban is now in possession of the British, while the greater portion of the Mametz wood is in their hands, the official statement asserts. Contalmaison was carried by the British in the final rush of their offensive but subsequently was lost. This line it has been held against a strong counter attack.

500 Additional Prisoners
Nearly 500 additional prisoners and four pieces of artillery including a heavy howitzer have been taken by the British troops.

French Within Mile of Peronne
While the British were achieving the results the French forces on their right flank lapsed into momentary inactivity after having yesterday pushed to within a mile of Peronne and captured a hill commanding the Somme in this region. They have

U-BOAT GOING IN TEN DAYS ANOTHER ON WAY TO U. S.

The Bremen, Constructed by Same Company That Built the Deutschland, Has Already Left Harbor—American Naval Officers Go Aboard Submarine to Determine Status of Craft—Will Not Take Passengers on the Return Trip

AMSTERDAM, July 11, via London.—Another commercial submarine, the Bremen, constructed by the same company that built the Deutschland, a point in an American port, already has left harbor, according to the Berlin Vossische Zeitung.

This statement was made by the newspaper in giving details regarding the ownership of the Deutschland.

U. S. OFFICERS ON BOARD
Shown Through the Deutschland by Officials of the North German Lloyd Line

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—American naval officers, detailed by the navy department to determine the status of the German submarine Deutschland, went aboard the craft today.

Capt. König, commander of the Deutschland, was not there to receive them but they were shown through the vessel by the marine superintendent of the North German Lloyd line with per commander's permission.

Captain König settled today the question of the spelling of his name. "I spell it K-O-N-I-G," he said, "with the umlaut over the O." To convey the sound correctly in English it should be spelled K-O-N-I-G.

The officers, Capt. G. F. Hughes and two submarine experts, Lieut. J. O. Fisher of the bureau of steam engineering and Naval Constructor Herbert S. Howard, accompanied by the collector of the port, boarded the vessel at her pier from a tug.

The officers were to determine whether the submarine was an armed vessel, but they were given permission by Capt. König to make a complete inspection. This meant that the American naval officers had been given the privilege of examining all the details of the vessel's construction, although Capt. König said today that there was nothing in this respect to conceal.

The navy officers expected, after completing their inspection to return to Washington to report to the navy department.

Capt. König today made a statement to the customs officials that he expected to get away within ten days.

Capt. Hughes finished his inspection of the Deutschland about 2 o'clock this afternoon. He declined to discuss what he had determined as to the status of the craft, saying he would make his report later to Collector Ryan.

"I saw everything connected with the Deutschland except the bottom of her hull," Capt. Hughes said.

Capt. Hughes, it is understood, is thoroughly satisfied that the Deutschland should be classed as a merchant vessel and will so report. It was unofficially learned, to the treasury department.

embassies setting up the claim that the German merchant submarine Deutschland is potentially a warship, even though designed and used as a merchant.

The department will take the embassies' views under consideration in connection with the report of Capt. Hughes, the American naval expert, who is making a physical examination of the submarine in search of any war-like equipment.

Before the arrival of the Deutschland, acting upon the basis of reports in the press that a submarine was due at an American port Colville Barclay, the British consul and charge d'affaires in the temporary absence of Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, communicated to Secretary Lansing the deposition of his government regarding the use of any underwater craft in commercial service. Again yesterday, Mr. Barclay, in addition to notifying the department of the arrival of the Deutschland to lay the foundation for subsequent claims for any damages.

BERNSTORFF TALKS
German Ambassador Going to Baltimore to Congratulate Captain König Tomorrow

NEW YORK, July 11.—Count von Bernstorff, ambassador from Germany to the United States, announced today that tomorrow he would go to Baltimore "unofficially" to see the underwater liner Deutschland and congratulate its commander.

The count denied there was a letter for President Wilson aboard the Deutschland. Asked what the mail sacks contained which were carried aboard the Deutschland, he said: "You must not forget that we have had no mail from Germany for many days. Here was the first chance to send it and, of course, there was a great deal of it."

In reply to a query as to the intentions of the government of the Deutschland, the ambassador said: "I want again to impress upon you that this is a trip entirely unofficial and one undertaken by the North German Lloyd Co. Its return will be in the same capacity."

SAY IT IS WARSHIP
Representations Made To the State Department by British and French Embassies

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Representations have been made to the state department by the British and French

STREETS AND PARKS IN UNSANITARY CONDITION

Mrs. William Porter White Says Streets and Parks are Unsanitary—Railroad Wants More Land

Mrs. William Porter White appeared before the municipal council today, as a representative of the Special Aid Society for Preparedness, to protest against the unclean and unsanitary condition of streets and parks in this city. She made special reference to Park Garden and said something ought to be done at once to improve conditions there.

The council also heard a representative of the Lowell & Nashua railroad relative to the railroad's petition for more land for yard purposes in Middlesex Village. The proposition contemplates the closing of the old Ferry road and Hon. Samuel

P. Hadley appeared as remonstrant. He said it is the only approach to the Merrimack river between the Pawtucket bridge and North Chelmsford where "the honest American citizen" can approach the river without going over private land. He also voiced the belief that at some time a bridge would span the Merrimack river at that point.

Mrs. William Porter White said that the Special Aid Society for Preparedness had organized a local branch and that the society is making an effort to have clean streets in Lowell. She spoke of the mayor's order relative to

Continued to page eight

MONEY IS RAISED

Mayor O'Donnell Got More Than \$500 for Company M

Mayor O'Donnell has received more money in cash and checks than is required by Company M for merchandise and tent floorings on the Mexican border and the mayor is very much pleased over the quick response to the appeal which he made two days ago. It will be remembered that the mayor received a telegram from Lieut. D. E. Christian, commanding Company M, 5th Massachusetts, stating that his company was without a mess house or floors in their tents and asking that the sum of \$500 be forwarded as soon as possible. The mayor immediately sent out an appeal through the press and also by mail with the result that more than \$500 had been received up to the noon hour today and the chances are that more will be received this afternoon. Whatever the amount, the mayor will forward it to Lieut. Christian. The mayor allows that the boys can find good use for the amount exceeding the \$500. The subscription up to the noon hour was as follows:

Previously acknowledged	\$147.00
Frederick Fletcher	\$35.00
Frank Hanchett	25.00
Charles L. Warren	25.00
Boyle Bros.	10.00
Member of College Club	1.00
John F. Sawyer	10.00
Martin W. Halloran	10.00
F. E. Nelson	20.00
Employees of Middlesex Machine Co.	25.00
Members of Chas. J. Norris	10.00
Members of Flushing Club	5.00
G. H. R.	5.00
Police Deputy Hugh Downey	2.00
Capt. James Brosnan	2.00
Inspector James Holland	2.00
Inspector Alfred Covert	1.00
Fireman Arthur Drewett	1.00
Officer James Howard	2.00
Officer John Hickson	2.00
Lieut. John Freeman	2.00
Patrolman Michael Clancy	2.00
Patrolman John P. Kelley	1.00
Patrolman John J. Ganley	1.00
Patrolman Michael J. O'Neill	1.00
Patrolman Simon Lane	1.00
Michael J. Burns	2.00
John J. Flaherty	1.00
Mrs. John K. Farnham	2.00
H. G. Cheney	1.00
Stephen Kearney	1.00

MORE NEW BUILDINGS

DWELLING FOR CHARLES WIER IN WAVERLY AVE.—TWO DOUBLE APARTMENTS HOUSES

Charles Wier has taken out a permit at the office of the lands and buildings department at city hall for the erection of a dwelling at 3 Waverly avenue. The building will be 28 by 30 feet, two stories, and bath, two stories, and the estimated cost is \$4500.

The Baker Engineering corporation will build two houses of two apartments each at 1241 and 1245 Middlesex street. The buildings will be 30 by 40 feet, two stories, and the estimated cost of each is \$4000.

The City Foundry company has taken out a permit for the erection of a foundry building in Plain street. The building will be 30 by 80 feet, wood with cement foundation, one story in height and the estimated cost is \$1000.

Antonio Jarvis has been granted a permit for the erection of a dwelling house of ten rooms at 1122 Gorham street. The building will be 37 by 30 feet. The estimated cost is \$1500.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt is the only woman who held every tennis championship in one year.

TONIGHT

Free Demonstration Of the Berol System of Memory Training

AT THE Y. M. C. A. AT 8 O'CLOCK

ASTOUNDING FEATS OF MEMORY

—BY—

Famous Exponent Henry J. Sutton

ASSISTED BY 12-Year-Old Master Bruno Lehmann and Other Students

Both Men and Women Welcome

CHALIFOUX'S ON THE SQUARE

"YOU" is the second oldest and the second most important word in the vocabulary. And it is the word which the word "YOU" is without rival.

Now that we have succeeded in attracting your attention we take this means of telling "YOU" about our new department on the Fifth Floor. On this floor "YOU" will find China, Kitchenware Utensils and Camping Necessaries.

Why don't "YOU" visit it? Take the elevator.

Written by Grace W. Burns of High School Commercial Dept.

LOWELL DEFEATS PORTLAND IN FIRST GAME OF DOUBLE HEADER

Hughie Duffy's Portland team, which yesterday boosted New London from first place in the league standing, made an effort to strengthen its hold at the high perch in a double header, with the Lowell team at Spalding park this afternoon. The Portlanders are now in fine shape and look like the best outfit in the league to battle with the New London Millionaires for the pennant. The team came to Lowell with a string of victories that go back several days.

Included in the Portland lineup this afternoon were two former Lowell players who are helping Duffy in his hard fight for first place. They are Walter Loneragan, former Lowell shortstop and Pete Clemens who starred in the outfield for Lowell only a couple of seasons back. Beatty, a new third baseman, was played today.

The showing of the Lowell team yesterday was more encouraging than for some time past. Robinson, the new outfielder, and Whelan at first base both worked well and should strengthen the team materially.

Umpire Keady called the first game at 2 o'clock. Lohman and Kilhullen being in the points for Lowell while Plipp did the twirling for the Maine aggregation and Gaston was behind the bat.

First Inning
The visitors started scoring in the first inning by sending one man across the plate, but Lowell went out in quick order.

Clemens singled over second base and went to third when Burns singled. Brown sent a grounder to Whelan and was out at first. Beatty, a new third baseman, was played today.

One run, two hits, no errors.

Stimpson struck out and Whelan went out on a high fly to Loneragan. Robinson was third out on a foul fly to Gaston.

No runs, no hits, no errors.

Score: Portland 1, Lowell 0.

Second Inning
The visitors got three men on

the second inning but failed to score. Beatty singled with a single to left field and Loneragan reached first after being hit by a pitched ball. Gaston beat out a bunt along the third base line and the bases were filled. Plipp bunted in front of the plate and Lohman threw to Kilhullen getting Beatty. Clemens hit to left field and Lohman was nailed at the plate. Burns hit to Lohman and the latter threw to first in time to get the runner.

No runs, two hits, no errors.

Lowell scored four runs in the latter half of the inning. Helfrich opened with a single to left field. Kilhullen hit to Beatty who got Helfrich at second. Greenhalge drew a base on balls and when Kane was hit by a pitched ball the bases were filled. Torphy fouled to Beatty over second. Lohman lifted the ball into left field, scoring Kilhullen and Greenhalge. Stimpson singled to centre field and Kane and Lohman scored. Whelan drew a base on balls but Robinson was third out on a grounder to Plipp. Four runs, three hits, no errors.

Score—Lowell 4, Portland 1.

Third Inning
In the third inning Brown flied to Torphy. Dowell sent a Texas leaguer in back of second base and Sweatt followed with a base on balls. Beatty flied to Kane in centre field. Loneragan hit a hot grounder to Torphy who threw to Greenhalge getting Sweatt at second.

No runs, one hit, no errors.

Lowell scored another run in the latter half of the third inning. Helfrich singled to right field and went to second on Kilhullen's sacrifice. Greenhalge hit to left field but Helfrich was caught at the plate on a pitched throw by Brown. Loneragan juggled Kane's grounder and the runner was safe. Greenhalge and Kane then started a double steal and while Kane was being run down between first and second, Sweatt fumbled but was safe. Kane was finally tagged out.

One run, two hits, one error.

Score—Lowell 5, Portland 1.

Fourth Inning
Gaston singled to left field and Plipp was retired on strikes. Clemens flied to Robinson and Burns flied to Kane in centre.

No runs, one hit, no errors.

Torphy sent a grounder to Loneragan and was out at first and Lohman flied to Gaston. Stimpson reached first when Sweatt gumbled but was caught while trying to steal second.

Score—Lowell 5, Portland 1.

Fifth Inning
Portland scored another run in the fifth. Brown singled to centre and when Dowell hit to Helfrich the latter threw bad to first and Brown went to third and Dowell reached second. Sweatt flied to Kane and Brown scored on the put out. Beatty struck out and Loneragan went out Torphy to Whelan.

One run, two hits, one error.

Lowell scored two more runs in the fifth inning. Whelan reached first when his boulder went over Loneragan's shoulder. Robinson bunted to Dowell, who dropped the ball and the runner was safe. Helfrich bunted to Dowell who threw to Beatty getting Whelan at third. Kilhullen singled to left and Robinson scored. Brown allowed the ball to go through his legs and Helfrich scored. Greenhalge got a base on balls. Kane bunted to Plipp and Kilhullen was caught at the

270,000 TAKEN

Total of Prisoners Captured by Russians Up to July 10

PETROGRAD, July 11, via London, 7:16 p. m.—The approximate total of prisoners taken by the Russians during Gen. Brusiloff's operations up to July 10 amounts to 270,000 officers and 365,000 men, the war office announced today. Guns to the number of 312 and \$66 machine guns have been captured.

DEATH CAR PROBE

Surgical Instruments Are Seized From Home in Boston

BOSTON, July 11.—While the grand jury was continuing its investigation today of the death of Miss Margaret Ward of Peabody, which resulted from an illegal operation, District Attorney Joseph C. Pellegrini, ordered a search of a house in the West end district, which resulted in discovery of surgical instruments and correspondence which, he stated, would be placed before the jury. The house searched was that of Mrs. Minnie Frothingham, a sister of two of the men arrested in Salem in connection with Miss Ward's death, and who is being sought by the police.

James O'Connell, one of these men, was in the house when the officers visited it, the district attorney stated. He said the grand jury probably would make a report of its inquiry tomorrow.

LOWELL BOY IN BOX
Fouliot, a Lowell boy, was sent to pitch the second game of today's double-header, with Carroll behind the bat. This battery for Portland was Tuckey and Gaston.

If the name "SOCKET-FIT ARCH AND HEAD SURGICAL SHOE" is stamped on a shoe the man who wears it is insured against Flatfoot, Corns and Bunions.

STOVER & BEAN CO.
Hood Building, Thorndike st., Lowell

LOWELL									
Stimpson lf	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Whelan lb	2	0	1	6	0	0	0	0	0
Robinson rf	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Helfrich 3b	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kilhullen c	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greenhalge 2b	2	2	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Kane cf	3	2	1	4	0	0	0	0	0
Torphy ss	4	0	2	4	2	0	0	0	0
Lohman p	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	30	8	11	27	9	1	0	0	0

PORTLAND									
Clemens, rf	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burns, cf	5	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Brown, lf	5	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Dowell, lb	5	0	2	7	3	1	0	0	0
Sweatt, 2b	4	0	1	5	1	0	0	0	0
Heatty, 3b	5	0	2	3	4	0	0	0	0
Loneragan, ss	4	0	1	3	4	0	0	0	0
Gaston, c	4	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0
Plipp, p	4	0	1	0	4	1	0	0	0
Totals	41	2	14	24	13	5	0	0	0

Save Your Steps

This is the rule of a good housekeeper.

She starts the day right by cooking the morning meal at the breakfast table with an electric toaster.

She realizes the importance of saving many steps in this way, besides a lot of time and bother.

Are you following her example?

Lowell Electric Light Corp., 29-31 Market Street, Telephone 821.

DICKERMAN & McQUADE

CENTRAL COR. MARKET ST.

RAINCOATS

Pay for Themselves in One Rain Storm. Our Line is the Best and Most Complete in City.

BIG BARGAINS IN WOMEN'S SPORT COATS

WEST OF THE RIO GRANDE

United States-Mexico Boundary Line Marked By Over 200 Cast Iron Monuments

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—That part of the United States-Mexico boundary line extending from El Paso, Texas, to the Pacific coast is described in the following way by the National Geographic Society, issued from Washington:

"After leaving the Rio Grande, the natural boundary, and striking due west from El Paso for 100 miles, the international line between the United States and Mexico changes direction five times before reaching the Pacific coast. As if it had struck an insurmountable obstacle in the Big Hachet mountains, it turns at right angles, and extends to the south for 30 miles, then strikes west again for a distance of more than 160 miles to a point beyond Nogales. Forming an obtuse angle, the line now runs in a northwesterly direction for its longest leg, more than 230 miles, until it reaches the Colorado river, which forms the boundary for 20 miles from southwest to northeast. At Yuma, near the junction of the Gila river with the Colorado, the line takes its final change of direction toward the west, terminating in the Pacific, 146 miles distant.

"This boundary is marked by 258 monuments. They are six feet tall, and set in concrete. The expense of their erection, borne jointly by Mexico and the United States, averaged \$150 each.

"With the exception of Bisbee, Santa Cruz, Yuma and San Diego, there are few settlements of any size within a 25-mile zone on each side of the boundary, embracing an area of 24,000 square miles.

"Although the boundary was chosen arbitrarily, when the work of surveying began it was found that the line between the Colorado and the Rio Grande followed almost exactly the summit of the divide separating the waters flowing north into the United States from those flowing south into Mexico.

"The highest point on the line is at the summit of the San Luis range, a part of the continental divide. The elevation is 6600 feet, which is nearly 2000 feet above El Paso. It is in this high altitude that quantities of game are to be found, making it one of the

most interesting sections of the line. Here antelope, pronghorn, and wild turkeys are plentiful, and the incense from the evergreen oaks of the picturesque valleys attract great flocks of wild pigeons. Many years ago there were a few straggling settlements in this region, but they were abandoned during the raids of the ruthless Apache chief, Geronimo.

Terrific Sand Storms

"One of the most considerable towns along the border is Bisbee, Ariz., with a population of 9000. It is situated in the Mule mountains, 10 miles from the border. Tombstone, which is 20 miles northwest of Bisbee, was once one of the great mining camps of the world. In a valley to the west of the Tombstone mountains, also called the Pozo Verde mountains, 200 miles east of the Colorado river, the traveler sometimes is so unfortunate as to encounter a sand-storm which in severity rivals the torrid tempests of the Sahara desert. In their report to the United States government the international (Mexican) boundary commission, which made the final survey of the line and erected the monuments which now mark the border, described such a storm, saying: 'In this valley on July 3, was encountered a sand storm of frightful violence. About 1 o'clock in the afternoon a dense, dark brown cloud was seen rising in the south, which presented a singularly threatening appearance. The sun, which until then had been shining brightly, was soon overcast, and in a few moments after the cloud was first noticed the storm burst in all its fury, filling the atmosphere to a height of several hundred feet with the loose soil of the valley. In ten or fifteen minutes after the storm burst it became as black as midnight, respiration was almost impossible, and it was only by breathing through a handkerchief held in front of the mouth that suffocation was avoided. In about half an hour the wind began to subside, and the darkness to diminish, and finally, in a little over two hours after the storm commenced the setting sun shone faintly through the particles of dust which still filled the air.'

SCHOOL BOARD

Annual Election of Teachers at Postponed June Meeting

At the postponed June meeting of the school board held last night, the annual election of teachers already employed took place. Orton E. Beech was elected a teacher in the high school at a salary of \$1200. He has been serving as a temporary teacher.

Dr. Nathan Pulsifer was re-elected medical director for the high school. Supt. Molloy reported a letter from the secretary of the retiring board, announcing the retirement of the following teachers, on July 1: Abbie F. Woodward, Olive E. Underhill and Marion J. Stephenson.

The resignation of Arthur H. Bean, a teacher in the Vocational school, was accepted. The resignation of Blanche M. Craven from the advisory board of the girls' vocational school was also accepted.

The following teachers, the highest ten on the list of applicants who took the examination in June, were elected permanent substitute teachers: Katherine F. Baker, Helen L. Mansfield, Albert M. McCue, Ruth P. H. H. Mary F. Wallace, Gertrude A. Hession, Sadie Taft, Esther A. Sanders, Katherine O'Neil, Jane T. Johnson. The names are given in the order of their ranking.

All of the young women named are graduates of the Lowell Normal school. Their papers were examined and ranked by the board. The board is superintendent of schools of Worcester, and the sealed envelopes containing the names of the ten highest in rank forwarded by him to Supt. Molloy and held by him to be opened in the presence of the committee. Before opening the sealed envelopes, the committee agreed to change in the salary schedule for newly elected teachers, in order to give teachers who have had experience of three years or more an advantage, in salary, over the inexperienced. The schedule as it now reads is as follows:

"Any member of a class from 1916 on, elected as a permanent substitute from examinations thereafter to be held, who has had only two years' previous experience, shall go on the pay roll, when elected as a teacher, on the regular schedule starting at \$500. Teachers who have had three or four years' previous experience shall start with a salary of \$550. Those who have had five years' previous experience shall start at \$600; and those who have had six years or more of previous experience shall start at \$650."

TRANSPORTING LIVE FISH

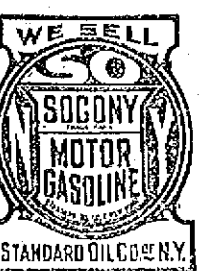
THE NEW BUREAU OF FISHERIES CAR IS ENTIRELY OF STEEL AND WEIGHS 12-12 TONS LOADED

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 11.—The new bureau of fisheries car, constructed at Wilmington, Delaware, arrived at Union Station, Washington, July 1. The car was delivered to the bureau and accepted in May, but has since been at Wilmington for the installation of special equipment preparatory to being placed in commission. A crew of five men has been assigned to the new car, transferred from one of the old wooden cars.

The car is entirely of steel, including all interior bulkheads, partitions, doors, berths, lockers and water tanks, and is thoroughly insulated by the latest improved method to insure against heat and cold. It has a length of 60 feet 1-2 inch over ends of body plates, and a standard width of 10 feet. The weight of the car with equipment is 135,000 pounds, and is designed to carry a load of 35,000 pounds, including water, fuel, ice, and other supplies, making its total weight when loaded 170,000 pounds, or 32 1-2 tons.

The car is specially designed for carrying live fishes long distances. In the center, running lengthwise on each side, are insulated tanks with a total capacity for 134 ten-gallon cans, in which the fish are held. During transportation the fish will be furnished with oxygen and fresh water by means of air and water pumps, operated by a six horse-power steam boiler. The boiler will also furnish heat to the car, but in addition to this independent heating system the usual train attachment for heating the car from the locomotive is provided for.

Tanks for carrying a reserve water supply are located beneath the car, and an ice box of a capacity of one ton of ice is provided. In addition to the facilities for the transportation of



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WATTS, H. G. & CO., Billerica, Mass.
WRIGHT & FLETCHER, Westford, Mass.
WHITE, GEO. F., 680 Middlesex st.
WAMESIT GARAGE, Whipple st.

Standard Oil Company of New York

BETTER TOBACCO MADE THEM FAMOUS

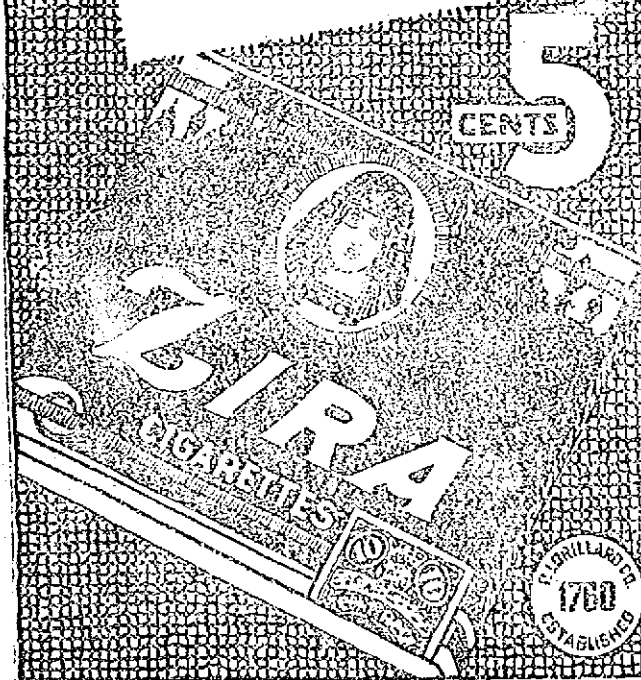
22

WONDERFULLY GREAT CIGARETTES

YOU CAN BUY a high-grade cigarette for 5 Cents—ZIRA.

The MILDEST Cigarette.

Again we say "Better tobacco made them famous."



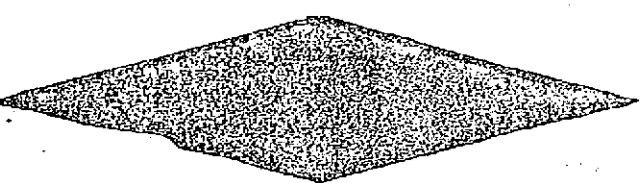
fish, the car is fitted with living accommodations for a crew of five men, a cook's galley, an office, and space for a dining table.

Fish are distributed by the bureau of fisheries in every state of Union, some 10,000 individual applications being filled annually in addition to the large public plants of the so-called commercial species in the Great Lakes and coastal streams of the seaboard.

This phase of the bureau's work has grown to enormous proportions, and in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, forty-nine species were propagated, these including, in addition to fishes, the lobster and several species of economically valuable fresh-water mussels. The total output of these was over four and a half billions, which were planted in every state and Alaska. Some idea of the magnitude of the work of distributing fish is indicated by the fact that it involved 637,116 miles of travel, of which 116-

544 was by the bureau's special cars and the remainder by car messengers. These marine and fresh-water fishes and invertebrates were collected and hatched by 40 stations and 95 sub-stations located in 34 states and Alaska. In addition \$104,000 food and game fishes were rescued from over-flooded lands and returned in safety to the streams; otherwise they would have perished in the temporary ponds left by the receding waters.

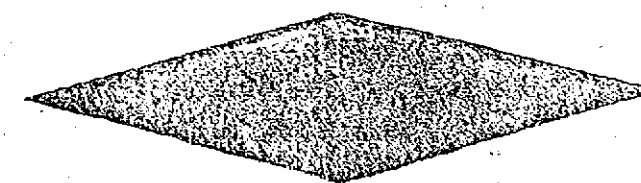
Solely by reason of these fish-cultural operations and similar activities on the part of the states, the supply of trout and other game and food fishes in streams and small lakes is being maintained and increased, the whitefish of the Great Lakes is holding its own, the shad in certain waters is being saved from extinction, and the effects of exhaustive fisheries for the Pacific salmon and certain marine fishes are being offset. As a result of transplanting, the Atlantic



People who have itched and scratched for years usually get sleep and comfort soon after Cadum Ointment is applied to skin troubles, such

as eczema, pimples, itch, sores, cuts, burns, rash, blotches, scaly skin, chafing, scabs, ringworm, eruptions, etc.

Three Million Boxes Sold Every Year in FRANCE 25 cents a box - all druggists



FOR SALE
WINDOWS, SECOND-HAND
DOORS, LATHS and LUMBER
BARGAINS
CALL FOR
F. A. BASSETT
Next to New American House

shad and striped bass are abundant on the Pacific coast, and the former are being shipped back in large numbers to supply the markets of the east. Certain depleted salmon rivers of Maine recently have been planted with humpback salmon from the Pacific coast, and small runs of breeding fish already have appeared in several of these streams, indicating that the nearly exterminated Atlantic salmon may be replaced by a worthy successor, better able to cope with the new conditions in the streams incident to industrial development.

LOWELL GIRL, NORTHER OF TWINS
Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Hofbauer of the Bronx, New York, are receiving congratulations over the arrival of twin boys. Mrs. Hofbauer was formerly Miss Ruth Richards of Lowell.

WILL TELL OF CAMPAIGN
Mayor Gale of North Adams Ordered By Court to Pay \$2250 By Profits On Fireworks Deal

NORTH ADAMS, July 11.—In his controversy with Special Justice John E. Magenis over politics and the collection of a bill for \$2250, Mayor John W. Gale yesterday afternoon declared he did not care whether he went to jail or the electric chair, he would publish when prepared his story of last fall's mayoralty campaign.

This remark was brought out by the statement by some of Mr. Magenis' friends that the mayor did not dare make a statement or he would be prosecuted.

In court yesterday arguments were heard in the case for the collection of the \$2250 bill. The court ordered that Mayor Gale assign his prospective profits in a small fireworks deal to meet the bill in whole or in part, which is now twice its original amount, because of costs.

ON KIDNAPPING CHARGE

SALEM MAN HAS HIS WIFE ARRESTED FOR HIDING SON AWAY FROM MANCHESTER CONVENT

SALEM, July 11.—Josephine Fourrier Talbot of 6 Cabot street, Salem, was arrested last night on a warrant sworn out by her divorced husband, Donat Talbot, charging her with kidnapping her 8-year-old son, Rogers. She was later released on \$1000 bail. The kidnapping is said to have taken place at St. Peter's convent, Manchester, N. H., July 2. In his complaint Mr. Talbot claims that he obtained a divorce from his wife in

January, 1915, securing custody of Rogers and a 5-year-old son, Everett. Both Mr. and Mrs. Talbot have been working in the same mill in Salem since the divorce. Mrs. Talbot, it is claimed, has been making frequent trips to Manchester to visit her son, unknown to Talbot.

On July 2 she visited the convent, according to his complaint, and obtained permission from the superintendent to take her son for a walk. When she failed to return that night the Manchester police were notified and they notified the father at Salem. After several days' search Talbot located his former wife in Salem, and obtained the warrant for her arrest.

Mrs. Talbot admitted to the police that she took her son from Manchester to Canada, but refuses to tell in what town he is staying. She says that Talbot had told her son that his mother was dead and had also told her that the other son, whom she has been unable to locate, is also dead.

SANFORDS



GINGER

Is my favorite for little ills caused by change of climate, food or water. Delicious and refreshing it's always healthful and helpful.

A delicious combination of ginger, aromatic and French honey for the relief of colds, pains, colic, chills, weakness, nervousness and indigestion. Look for the Old Trade Mark on the wrapper. See you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

STREET FLOOR SHOE DEPT.

Men's \$4.00 and \$4.50 Elite Oxfords—Black and tan Elite Oxfords—English last, mostly all small sizes, 5 to 7. Pennant Day...\$2.35

MILLINERY DEPT.

Untrimmed Hats, extra fine quality straw in light and dark colors; regular value \$2.48 to \$4.00. Pennant Day...95c
Wreaths made of fine mixed flowers and foliage; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...49c

LEATHER GOODS

Wrist Bags in black only, hand-somely lined, in seal and pin seal, furnished with mirror and purse; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...59c

Women's Combination Pocket-books, with inside frame, extra extension pockets, finger strap in the back; regular value 25c and 29c. Pennant Day 17c Each

Chalifoux's

ON THE SQUARE
ESTABLISHED 1877

RIBBON DEPT.

Black Ribbon Velvet with satin back, 3, 3 1/2 and 4 inches wide. Pennant Day 33c a Yard
All Silk Ribbon in 3 1/2 to 5 in. plain, lavender, blue, brown, maize, black, navy and green; regular value 10c to 15c. Pennant Day...6c a Yard
Fancy Dresden and Roman Stripes, suitable for hat bands, girdles and hair bows, 1 1/2 to 7 1/2 in. wide; regular value 50c to 89c. Pennant Day...35c a Yard

BOYS' CLOTHING DEPT.

Boys' Washable Pants, linen, very durable, sizes 8 to 16 years; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 39c
Boys' Wash Suits, Billy Boy and Tommy Tucker styles, gingham and chambray; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...39c
Boys' Khaki Bloomer Pants, sizes 5 to 14 years; regular value 29c. Pennant Day...19c
Boys' Rompers, high grade galatea, made with straight pants, sizes 2 to 6 years; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...45c

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12th, IS THE DAY OF DAYS AT CHALIFOUX'S

On Sale
Tomorrow
July 12th
Only

PENNANT DAY

THESE GOODS ON SALE ONE DAY ONLY, JULY 12th

THE DAY OF STARTLING VALUES—THE GREATEST OF THE MONTH. Pennant day has become a big event, watched for with eagerness by hundreds upon hundreds of lovers of economy from far and near. Every month, since we first instituted this original and striking event, the values have grown better and the fame of the sale has swept on until now we anticipate a record breaking business for which we have prepared with record breaking prices. Note them quoted below.

On Sale
Tomorrow
July 12th
Only

WOMEN'S CLOAK and SUIT DEPT.

Suits, broken sizes, just 22 in all, plain colors, also black and white checks; regular value up to \$18. Pennant Day...\$9.50
This lot worth up to \$25. Every suit is new and stylish; in assortment of sizes. Pennant Day...\$12.50
Children's Coats in black and white checks, nobby belted effects, lined throughout, sizes 6 to 12 years; regular value \$5.95. Pennant Day...\$3.15
Wool Skirts, many styles in stripes, plain colors, also checks; regular value \$2.95. Pennant Day...\$1.79
Wash Dresses, made of goodingham and percale; these are guaranteed to wash; sizes 34 to 46; regular value \$2.95 and \$3.95. Pennant Day...\$1.79
High Grade Dresses, made of best striped gingham and pique, many styles; regular value \$3.95. Pennant Day...\$2.69
White Gabardine Skirts, button front, large sizes, included; regular value \$2.95. Pennant Day...\$1.79
Wash Suits, black and white checks, belted effect, new flare skirt; regular value \$5. Pennant Day \$3.49

JEWELRY DEPT.

Real Gun Metal Mesh Purse, some with finger ring, and chains, others with long chain attachment; regular value \$1.50 and \$2.00. Pennant Day...73c
Jitney Vanity Purse in gilt, silver, oxidized and green gold, plain and fancy; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...33c
Wrist Bags in German Silver and Gun Metal finish, also Fancy Beaded Bags; regular value \$2, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.39
Fancy Bead Necklace, large assortment of colors, all are graduated and extra length; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...29c
Cuff Links, extra heavy gold plated, assorted patterns, all have the lever; regular value 29c and 39c. Pennant Day, 14c a Pair
Pendant and Chain. Assorted Pendants, with white and colored stone, settings also some cameo settings; regular value 35c and 50c. Pennant Day 17c

SHELL GOODS

Children's Hair Bow Barrettes in amber and shell, two styles in the combinations; regular value 15c. Pennant Day...5c
Fancy Rod Pins and Barrettes in amber and shell with very fine stone settings; regular value \$1.49 and \$2. Pennant Day 63c
Hair Pins in amber and shell, straight, loop top and crinkle; regular value 15c. Pennant Day, 9c a Dozen

TOILET GOODS

Complexion or face powders in very fine quality in flesh and white; regular value 15c. Pennant Day...7c a Box
Cold Cream, extra good quality and large size glass jar with screw top; regular value 25c. Pennant Day...10c a Jar
Emery Boards, 5 inches long, extra quality; regular value 10c. Pennant Day...5c Dozen
Dressing Combs in black, white and assorted colors; regular value 15c. Pennant Day 7c Each
Powder Puffs, extra large size wool puff; regular value 15c. Pennant Day...9c Each
Midnet Manicure Sets, contain 5 separate articles, including medium size buffer; regular value 12c. Pennant Day 10c Set
Pure Olive Oil Spanish Castile Soap, full size cake, each cake in a separate wrapper marked "C"; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 7c a Cake
None prevents perspiration; regular value 30c. Pennant Day...25c Bottle

NOTION DEPT.

Darning Cotton, white, black, gray and brown; regular value 5c. Pennant Day...3 for 5c
Tripe Nickel Plated Steel Pins, 300 pins in a paper; regular value 8c. Pennant Day...4c
Basting Cotton, all numbers, 500 yard spool; regular value 8c. Pennant Day...4c
Black and White Hooks and Eyes, small sizes; regular value 5c. Pennant Day...1c a Card
Peel's Spring Hooks and Eyes black and white; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 6c Package
Women's Pad Garters, odd colors; regular value 25c. Pennant Day 5c
Colored Emblems, suitable for trimmings; regular value 15c card. Pennant Day 6c a Card
Ice Picks. Pennant Day 1c Each
Ore Shields, medium and large sizes; regular value 15c and 19c. Pennant Day...8c Pair

Black Hose Darning Balls; regular value 4c. Pennant Day 4c Each
Steel Safety Pins in all sizes, one dozen on card; regular value 3c a card. Pennant Day, 3 for 5c
Fresh Water Pearl Buttons, assorted sizes, one dozen on card; regular value 5c a card. Pennant Day, 3 for 5c
Remnants of Black and White Belting. Pennant Day 5c Yard
1 Lot of Val. Lace. Pennant Day, 4 Yards for 5c
Darning Needles, assorted sizes; regular value 5c. Pennant Day, 4 for 5c
Sewing Silk, assorted colors; regular value 5c. Pennant Day, 3 for 5c

DRAPERY DEPT.

30x60 Bungalow Rugs, suitable for camps and porch use; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day 79c
1000 Yards Scrim Remnants in pieces from 1 to 12 yards; regular value 12 1/2c to 30c a yard. Pennant Day...8c a Yard
Grass Rugs, 21x45 size; regular value 75c. Pennant Day...49c
Remnants of Oil Cloth and Linoleum from 3 to 10 yards; regular value 39c to 50c. Pennant Day...25c Yard
Congoleum Art Rugs, one yard square, slightly imperfect; regular value 60c. Pennant Day 45c

Women's Neckwear

Large Cape Collars, made of chiffon, lace trimmed, very new; regular value 60c. Pennant Day...45c
Muslin Vests, with roll and flat collar; regular value 30c. Pennant Day...21c
Auto Caps in black and white checks and linen and gray with veil attached; regular value 60c. Pennant Day...45c
Lace Vests with standing or flat collar; regular value 65c. Pennant Day...45c
Winstor Ties, made of crepe de chine in all shades; regular value 29c. Pennant Day...21c
A few Collars and Vests, slightly counter soiled; regular values 25c and 50c. Pennant Day 14c

House Dress Dept.

Allover Aprons in good sizes; regular value 29c. Pennant Day 21c
Allover Aprons in light and dark colors; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...45c
Elastic Band Aprons in good percales, pretty patterns; regular value 79c. Pennant Day...59c
House Dresses in light and dark shades, sizes to 46; regular value 79c. Pennant Day...45c
Percale House Dresses in new styles and colors; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...65c
Afternoon Dresses in all colors, full skirts, sizes to 46; regular value \$1.49. Pennant Day...88c
New Street Dresses in best quality percales and chambrays, and gingham, nicely trimmed, sizes to 52; regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day...\$1.29
Long Kimonos in good patterns, of crepe, soft silk and muslin; regular value \$1.69. Pennant Day...88c

CORSET DEPT.

Warner's \$2.00 Corsets, discontinued model. Pennant Day \$1.50
C.B. and P.N. Corsets, broken sizes; regular value up to \$2. Pennant Day...\$1.39
Brassieres in hamburg and lace trimmings; regular value 39c. Pennant Day...21c
Children's Underwaists. Pennant Day...21c
Sanitary Aprons; regular value 19c. Pennant Day...2 for 25c
Corsets, \$1.00 model. Pennant Day...50c

INFANTS' DEPT.

Infants' Short Dresses, smocked, lace and hamburg trimmed; value 98c to \$1.35. Pennant Day...49c
Girls' Gingham Dresses, in sizes 12, 14 and 15 years, in plaids, stripes and chambrays; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day \$1.29
Children's Gingham Dresses in plaids, sizes 2 to 6 years; regular value 60c. Pennant Day 39c
Children's Muslin Kimonos, trimmed with pink and blue; regular value 25c. Pennant Day 15c
Children's Slip-on Dresses in tan, blue and white; regular value 13c. Pennant Day...4 for 25c

FURNITURE DEPT.

Porch Rockers, extra large rattan seat and back, natural finish only; regular value \$3.25. Pennant Day...\$1.98
Lawn Seetees, natural seat, green backs; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day...79c
Women's Sewing Tables, maple top with yard measure; regular value \$1.35. Pennant Day...89c

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

ANNEX
Men's Oxford Gray Raincoats, stitched and strapped seams, with plaid back and full sweep skirt; regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day...\$5.00
Men's 2-piece Light Weight Suits in plain or fancy gray, greens and browns, some silk sleeves and yoke, also back of vest of silk; regular value \$15.50. Pennant Day...\$10.75
Suit Cases, 24 in. size only, in leatherette, reinforced corners, strong lock; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...69c
Young Men's Light Gray Suits in cassimeres, plaids or stripe effects, slant or patch pockets; regular value \$12.00. Pennant Day...\$8.75

WAIST DEPT.

Colored Silk Waists, regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day...55c
White and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...55c
White Middy Blouses and Plaid Skirts to match; regular value \$1. Pennant Day...55c Each
White Voile and Organdie Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$2. Pennant Day...88c
White and Colored Silk Waists, regular value \$3. Pennant Day \$1.39
White and Colored Georgette Crepe, pussy willow taffeta and crepe de chine, regular value \$5.00. Pennant Day...\$1.88
Children's All Wool Sweaters, regular value \$2.50. Pennant Day \$1.49
Women's All Wool Sweaters, regular value \$5. Pennant Day \$3.98

Mustin Underwear

Corset Covers and Drawers, lace and hamburg trimmed; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c
Long White Petticoats, envelope chemise and combinations; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 55c
Envelope Chemise Night Robes and Combinations, counter soiled; regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day...88c
Long White Petticoats, lace and hamburg flounce; regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day...\$1.19
Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemise, regular value \$2.95. Pennant Day...\$1.39

WOMEN'S and GIRLS' SHOES

150 Pairs of Women's Oxfords and Pumps, sizes 2 to 5, in black and tan leathers; every pair a bargain; regular value \$1.25 and \$2. Pennant Day...55c
Women's Tan Russian Calf Oxfords and Pumps with rubber sole, also gun metal boots, English model; regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day...\$1.25
Women's Pumps, 2 straps, and Oxfords, in black kid and patent leather, high and low heels; regular value \$1.50 and \$2.00. Pennant Day...\$1.19
Children's Tan Barefoot Sandals, mostly all sizes up to 11; regular value 39c. Pennant Day...19c
Girls' Tan Grain Barefoot Sandals, in all sizes; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...37c
Infants' White, Black, Pink and Blue Soft Sole Shoes, and ankle tie; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...25c
Girls' Patent Leather Button Boots with white canvas top; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day 85c

MEN'S and BOYS' SHOES

Men's Oxfords and Boots in black and tan leather, mostly all Good-year values; regular value \$2.50 and \$3.00. Pennant Day...\$1.60
Men's White, Brown and Black Tennis Bals and Oxfords; regular values \$1.25 and \$1.50. Pennant Day...85c
Boys' White with White Sole and Brown with Brown Sole Oxfords, in all sizes up to 6; regular value 90c. Pennant Day...59c

DOMESTIC DEPT.

Homestitched Scarfs and Table Covers, extra heavy quality; regular value 75c. Pennant Day 49c Each
Huck Towels, extra good size; regular value 17c. Pennant Day...12 1/2c
Initial Turkish Towels, in blue and pink, warranted fast color; regular value 35c. Pennant Day...25c
51 Inch Bleached Sheet; regular value 39c a yard. Pennant Day 29c a Yard

Handkerchief Dept.

Women's Embroidered Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c each. Pennant Day...4c Each
Men's Tape Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c each. Pennant Day, 5c Each
Women's Bordered Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c. Pennant Day, 3 for 11c
Women's Colored Handkerchiefs; regular value 10c. Pennant Day 5c

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT
Khaki Pants in medium shade, well stitched and cut full, 30 to 42 waist measure; regular value \$12.50. Pennant Day...79c
Auto Dusters in linen shades only, military collar and wide skirt; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day...50c
Men's and Young Men's Suits in plain blue and gray serges, all fancy worsted and cassimeres in gray, brown and greens; plain or patch pockets; regular value \$12.00. Pennant Day \$7.39
Men's Suits in fancy worsted and chevrons, a few blue serges in this lot, size to 42 only, plain or patch pockets; regular value \$8.00. Pennant Day...\$5.00

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT
Men's Negligee Shirts in percale, madras, laundered cuffs, broken sizes; these shirts are soiled; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...50c
Men's Cotton Night Shirts, low neck, cut big and long, all sizes; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...35c
Men's Blue Chambray Shirts with collar on only 5 dozen in this lot; regular value 39c. Pennant Day...29c
Odds and Ends of Men's Nainsook or Mesh Underwear, made athletic style and knee; regular value 25c. Pennant Day...5c
Odds and Ends of Men's Straw Hats, all sizes, broken lot; regular value \$1.00 and \$2.00. Pennant Day 50c

BOYS' FURNISHINGS

DAYLIGHT BASEMENT
Boys' Cotton Pajamas in madras, percale and soisette, in plain and fancy colors, with silk frogs, sizes 5 to 16 years; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 55c
Boys' and Children's Straw Hats in all this year's styles; regular value 50c. Pennant Day 25c
Children's Straw Hats in all sizes, all this year's styles; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 50c
Boys' Norfolk Suits in dark woolen mixtures, sizes 6 to 18 years; regular value \$3.50 and \$4.00. Pennant Day...\$2.69

KITCHEN WARE DEPT.

\$1.25 and \$1.50 values. No. 1 and 2 sizes. Nickel Tea Kettles, plated on seamless copper body. Pennant Day...79c
\$2.00 Value Economy Bread Mixers, capacity 2 to 6 loaves. Pennant Day...93c
\$1.50 Non-Absorbent Bread and Pantry Boards; clean, sanitary board, and opal glass rolling pin. Pennant Day, both for...75c
25c Eight Arm Clothes Dryers, metal back to fasten to wall. Pennant Day...19c
60c Dozen Table Tumblers, light weight blown glassware. Pennant Day...40c a Dozen
Window Screens, best grade oiled finish, 24 inches high, open to 37 inches; regular value 35c. Pennant Day...25c
\$2.00 Set Dishes, blue and gold line decoration—5 dinner plates, 6 soup plates, 1 baker, 1 pudding dish, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream pitcher. Pennant Day...93c

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPT.

ANNEX
Men's Khaki Pants in good strong khaki and well stitched flaps on back pockets, cuff bottoms; regular value \$1.50. Pennant Day...\$1.19
Men's Outing Pants in fancy flannels, sizes 30 to 40 waist only; regular value \$2.50. Pennant Day...\$1.79
HAT DEPARTMENT
Men's Sailor, Sennit, Straw Hats, all hand made, concealed stitch with easy sweat band, all this year's styles; regular value \$1.50 and \$2. Pennant Day \$1.00

MEN'S FURNISHING DEPT.

STREET FLOOR
Men's Washable Tubular Four-in-hand Wash Ties, in all the newest colors; regular value 25c. Pennant Day...12 1/2c
Men's Cotton Union Suits, in athletic style, knee length, all sizes; regular value 60c. Pennant Day...39c
Men's Lisle Jersey Union Suits in short sleeves, extra stout and regular; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...69c
Men's Lisle Union Suits, close croch, short sleeves, in white only; regular value 75c. Pennant Day...50c
Men's Cotton Pajamas in madras and percale with frogs; regular value 75c. Pennant Day...59c
Men's Cotton Night Shirts with fancy front and silk frogs, all sizes; regular value 75c. Pennant Day...50c
Men's Negligee Shirts in madras, percale, cotton and soisette, soft percale cuffs, collar style, slightly soiled; regular value \$1.00 and \$1.50. Pennant Day 50c
Odds and Ends of Men's Silk Shirts, sizes 15 to 17; regular value \$2.00 and \$3.00. Pennant Day...\$1.00
Men's Sport Shirts in all the newest combinations, short sleeves, a real vacation, all sizes; regular value 75c and \$1. Pennant Day...50c
Men's Fibre Silk Half Hose in black, gray, white and tan; regular value 17c and 25c. Pennant Day 12 1/2c
Men's Pure Two Thread Silk Half Hose, in black only, all sizes (seconds), regular value 50c. Pennant Day 29c, 4 for \$1.00
Men's Lisle Hose, in black, gray and fancy stripes, double heel, sole and toe; 12 1/2c value. Pennant Day 9c Pair, 3 for 25c

WOMEN'S GLOVES

Women's Long Silk Gloves, 16-button length and double finger tips in white only; regular value 75c. Pennant Day...50c

WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Women's Novelty Silk Hose in embroidered dots, checks, and plaids, some in sock effect and also plain colors, all this season's goods and all first quality; regular value \$1.50 and \$2.00. Pennant Day...\$1.19
Women's Onyx Hosiery in black only, high spliced heel and double sole, garter top of lisle, first quality; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...69c
Women's Cotton Hose and Children's Sox, broken lot of sizes; regular value 12 1/2c. Pennant Day...5c

WOMEN'S KNIT UNDERWEAR

Women's Summer Lisle Vests and Pants, vests low neck, no sleeves, and low neck, short sleeves; pants lace and tight knee; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...25c
Women's Summer Jersey Union Suits, in low neck, no sleeves, lace knee, in all sizes; regular value 25c and 29c. Pennant Day...15c
Women's Summer Jersey Vests in low neck, no sleeves, low neck, short sleeves, and high neck, short sleeves; regular value 25c and 29c. Pennant Day...15c

PENNANT DAY LAW

- 1—Goods must be priced 25 to 50 per cent. lower than they can be bought elsewhere.
- 2—The prices are the lowest of the month.
- 3—Values are as stated, not exaggerated.
- 4—The goods on sale that one day only.

Underpriced Basement Section

Children's Drawers, made of good cotton; regular value 25c. Pennant Day...10c
Short Kimonos regular value 50c. Pennant Day...19c
Children's Night Robes, hamburg trimmed; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...29c
Women's Long White Petticoats, envelope chemise and night robes, lace and hamburg trimmed; regular value 50c. Pennant Day...29c

Allover Aprons, made of good quality percale, regular value 50c. Pennant Day...29c
White and Colored Mercerized Petticoats; regular value \$1. Pennant Day...49c
House Dresses, made of the best quality percale; regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day...69c
Colored Crepe Dresses, regular value \$2.00. Pennant Day...88c
Women's Wool Sweaters, all colors; regular value \$3.00. Pennant Day \$1.00

White Voile and Colored Waists, counter soiled; regular value \$1. Pennant Day...29c
White Voile, Crepe and Organdie Waists; regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day...49c
White and Colored Silk and Voile Waists; regular value \$1.95. Pennant Day...88c
Children's Middy Blouses, regular value \$1.00. Pennant Day 49c
Awning Stripe Middy Blouses, regular value \$1.25. Pennant Day 69c

A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

Says the old Sun:

"The common council held its last meeting before vacation last evening, and Councilman Garrity offered a resolution providing for an appropriation for municipal band concerts on the parks and commons. The resolution was defeated by a vote of 9 to 8. Councilman Garrity gave notice of reconsideration at the next meeting."

As the next meeting wasn't due until

after the vacation season, it was probably all off with the band concerts. In those days when money was voted, concerts were generally held on the two commons though occasionally some member with a particular pull would get a concert elsewhere. Experience has taught, however, that there are only three places in Lowell to which the crowds will go to band concerts, and those are the two commons and

Lowell, Tuesday, July 11, 1916

A.G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

Values in Sheets and Pillow Cases

Slightly damaged—that show more money's worth, considering the extreme prices of all cottons, than we have ever offered. There's enough for one day's brisk selling left—though lots are limited.

One lot, subject to slight stains, misweaves and broken selvages. Single size only. Clearance sale price..... 3 for \$1.00

One lot, good heavy cotton, size 72x90, made with three and one inch hem and centre seam. Clearance sale price..... 45c Each

One lot Special Sheets, made from one of the best brands of cotton in the market, for family use, subject to slight stains or heavy threads, positively no holes, at 25 per cent. less than the cost of manufacture today. Clearance sale prices as follows:

72x90—81x90 79c Each

63x99—72x90 69c Each

81x99 89c Each

PILLOW CASES

One lot in sizes to fit ordinary pillow, made of good cotton but subject to slight imperfections; values up to 15c. Clearance sale price..... 10c Each

One lot, various sizes, plain and hemstitched, made of extra quality cotton; also included at the same price Tubing Cases, size 42x36, subject to slight imperfections, values up to 25c. Clearance sale price..... 15c Each

Palmer Street

End of Centre Aisle

A SALE OF

Stamped Goods

FOR EMBROIDERY, AT A SAVING OF 1-3 TO 1-2 STARTS TODAY

Some being slightly soiled or just mused—from handling. All new patterns, having been bought this season. A great chance to get enough embroidery for your vacation work at a great saving. Pillow Covers, regular price 25c and 50c, at..... 10c and 25c Scarfs and Centers, regular price 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00, at 10c, 25c, 35c and 59c

Guest Towels, regular price 25c, 39c and 50c, at..... 15c

Bath Towels, regular price 25c and 50c, at..... 19c and 35c

Pin Cushions, regular price 25c and 35c, at..... 15c

Dollies, regular price 15c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00, at 8c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

Pillow Cases and Day Slips, regular price 50c, at..... 45c

Children's Dresses, regular price 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.50, at 19c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

Baby Jackets, regular price 50c, at..... 25c

Shirt Waists, regular price 50c and 75c, at..... 25c and 50c

Corset Covers, regular price 50c, at..... 35c

Envelope Combinations, regular price 70c, at..... 59c

Night Gowns, regular price 60c and 75c, at..... 50c

East Section

Centre Aisle

TODAY'S BASEMENT SPECIALS

At 3c a Yard THIN BLACK DRESS FABRICS AND LACES

3000 yards of fine black mercerized Batistes, Lawns and Voiles, in full pieces; 10c and 12½c values, only..... 3c a Yard

500 yards of Remnants Edges and Insertion from 1 inch to 4 inches wide, both linen and cotton, very fine quality for trimming or curtain work; values 5c to 20c, at..... 3c a Yard

Palmer Street

Basement

Fort Hill park. The former administration revived the idea of trying to place all by holding them all over the city, but most of the concerts thus held were failures, as far as attendances were concerned.

On Sunday afternoon last a concert was held at the Chambers street playground, though this place was selected simply because the new playground was to be formally opened on the following day, otherwise, no concert would have been assigned there. In this case history repeated itself, for while there were big crowds at the concerts on the North common and at Fort Hill park, they were comparatively few at the Chambers street concert. The people like to go where there is plenty of room to move about and an opportunity to sit down, and where they can be away from the heat and dust of the congested districts.

Went to Nova Scotia

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Lawrence Cummings of the Citizen and Assistant Clerk McCarthy of city hall have just returned from a trip to Nova Scotia."

The old Sun didn't get the impressions of the two Lowell men of Nova Scotia as is customary when distinguished citizens return from a foreign country, and my belated attempt to get impressions from the assistant city clerk resulted in a boom for Tyler park as the only place to live in.

Good Things Gone Wrong

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago, all in the same issue, at that:

"The local members of the Fraternity of Financial Co-operation, have hopes of obtaining part of the \$125,000, which the supreme officers have in a bank in Wheeling, West Va."

"The Order of Reliable Fellowship, with some members in this city, is reported to have collapsed and its president to have left for parts unknown with about \$2000 of the money contributed by confiding certificate holders. The losers are almost wholly a poor class of women whose losses range from \$10 to \$100."

"There are 150 members of the Royal Ark, in this city, and as the order is in distress they are in perplexity to know whether they should pay another assessment with such a great risk of losing all. They would prefer a division of the funds in order to settle the matter."

Royal Ark, by the by, isn't an abbreviation of Royal Arcanum, not by any means, for the Royal Arcanum is a genuine fraternal organization, and, speaking of that order, it is not safe to assume at all times that the letters "R. A." refer to it, especially when seen on a bottle. A may went into a down town hotel for a few days ago and ordered a Scotch high-ball.

"Any particular brand?" asked the accommodating barkeep.

"Give me that Royal Arcanum, if you have it" was the thirsty one's request, and the bar-keep promptly handed him a bottle of R. A.

With the orders mentioned above and the Iron Hall of strong-arm memory and the Annual Friend, whose friendship suddenly and unexpectedly ceased just about quarter of a century ago, and the many other "fraternal" and "endowment" orders, which found such fine picking in this city in those good, old easy days, it's a wonder that there has been any money left in Lowell, for the rising generation.

Joe Is Still on Job

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Joseph Lavigne, employed by the lands and buildings department, was tearing down the high school building when he was struck on the back by a falling timber and was seriously injured. He was taken to St. John's hospital."

But Joe's back was timber-proof and in due time he was back on the job and is there yet having completed a quarter of a century with the city, without ever a strike. When last seen, Joe was pretty busy at city hall tearing out woodwork in the different offices to make way for the new steel vaults which arrived at the municipal building during the week.

E. Garfield "Blew Himself"

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Mr. E. G. Baker placed one of his neat and useful telephone indexes in the rooms of the Press club as a gift, Friday morning. The members of the club appreciate his kindness."

Thus, had it not been for the existence of this column in The Sun, the good that E. Garfield did quarter of a century ago might have been interred for all time with the bones of the Press club which went out of existence about 29 years back, and hence once more The Old Timer has justified his job. It is evident that Mr. Baker wasn't superstitious, for it isn't every man who would make a gift on a Sunday. Some people are so terribly superstitious that they don't make gifts on any day.

Cardinal O'Connell's Early Sermons

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"The Rev. William H. O'Connell, of St. Joseph's church, West End, Boston, will preach the panegyric of St. Ignatius Loyola, at the celebration of his feast at the church of the Immaculate Conception, in Boston."

The church of the Immaculate Conception in Boston has been conducted by the Jesuits for many years and from its pulpit have been heard some of the most famous orators of the Catholic church. The selection of Cardinal O'Connell, then a young curate, to preach at this church on such an occasion was considered a special honor for him. But in those days the fu-

ture prelate was considered the most prominent pulpit orator in the archdiocese and was frequently invited to preach at other churches. If memory serves me rightly, one of his first sermons away from St. Joseph's and which called widespread attention to his ability was at the church of St. Catherine of Siena, in Charlestown, at which he was invited to speak on some unusual occasion by Rev. James J. Fitzgerald, formerly of this city, who at that time was acting-pastor of St. Catherine's and who had known Cardinal O'Connell from boyhood.

An Old Fashioned Vacation

Says The Sun of quarter of a century ago:

"Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Ferrin, of Middlesex Village started with their span for their annual drive and vacation. They will be gone about six weeks and while their headquarters will be Pembroke, N. H., during the time of their absence their carriage will roll over many of the lolly hills and through numerous fertile valleys of the old Granite state."

Can you recall when last you saw a span of horses attached to a pleasure vehicle, barring perhaps that of Engineer Mills of the Locks and Canals company who still sticks to the good old depot carriage and span of bays? A two horse hitch in a carriage is now a novelty at which motorists will instinctively turn around to look after it as it passes. The auto has sent them to the stables for all time. This form of enjoying a vacation, proceeding by easy stages over the pleasant country roads, stopping where night overtakes the traveler was a popular form in days gone by but few if any ever attempt it in these days of speed and dust-producing motor vehicles, and the all-absorbing passion to negotiate the distance between two points in as brief a period of time as is possible.

THE OLD TIMER.

THE ELKS' CONVENTION

BOSTON TO BE CHOSEN FOR 1917—SESSION OPENS AT BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—Boston has virtually been agreed on as

the gathering place of the 1917 convention of the Elks. Lodge leaders from all parts of the country, assured the Boston delegation last night that opposition had dwindled by the willingness of New Orleans and Milwaukee to step aside. Until yesterday both cities were vigorous contenders for the honor.

Formal ratification of Boston as the choice for next year is generally looked for at the business session today. Mayor Curley of Boston and Past Exalted Ruler Jere J. Hurley of Boston lodge will take the floor of the convention and pound home the reasons for their city being chosen.

For several months Mayor Curley, Mr. Hurley and Past Exalted Ruler Edward C. Carr have co-operated with the Boston chamber of commerce in a campaign for the winning of the 1917 convention. Of their strongest arguments was that Boston, although an admirable convention city, had never been visited by the Elks.

Another persuasive point has been scored by the announcement that already an entertainment fund of \$50,000 has been guaranteed by the mercantile and allied interests of Boston.

The next big feature of the convention, which opened today, is the election of a grand exalted ruler as the successor of James E. Nicholson of Springfield, who retired. It is being generally predicted that Edward G. Rightor, an attorney of New Orleans, will get the ballots. He is being opposed by Lloyd Wilkinson of Chicago, but the wise men of Elksdom are forecasting Rightor's election.

HAS 453,000 MEMBERS

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—The first business session of the Grand lodge of the Order of Elks was held this morning. The records of the registration bureau showed that 7500 people had registered and officials estimated that twice that number actually arrived in the city. According to Grand Exalted Ruler James E. Nicholson of Boston, the total number of Elks now in the order is 453,000 and there are 1340 lodges.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The Benevolent Order of Buffaloes met in regular session last night and elected officers for the ensuing term. During the latter part of the evening they were installed by Charles F. Smith, supreme deputy of Lowell lodge. The officers elected were as follows: President, George Pottingill; vice president, Alfred Handly; treasurer, W. W. Murphy; chaplain, Edmund Preston; financial secretary, Robert M. Dempsey; recording secretary, Arthur Senter; trustee, Frank A. Mussey; Charles McAnney and George B. Brown; inside guard, William Hogan; outside guard, Bruno Hobert; marshal, Lloyd Harrison. Following the election of officers, refreshments were served and it was voted to hold the annual outing of the organization in August.

Loyal Integrity Lodge, L.O.O.F.

The regular meeting of Loyal Integrity lodge, L.O.O.F., M.U., was held last night at C.C.A. hall in Middle street. The principal business of the evening was the installation of officers by D.P.G.M. George W. Emsey, Jr., and suite consisting of P.D.G.M. George Emsey, conductor and Samuel Kershaw, secretary. They were escorted into the lodge room by Chaplain Hugh Thomas and Warden James McAdams of Integrity lodge. Officers installed were the following:

G. M. Lee MacKenzie; N. G. Harold Merrill; R. S. to N. G., Arthur Delong; L. S. to N. G., Harry Ackley; V. G., Frank Laprise; R. S. to V. G., Sidney Fryer; L. S. to V. G., Severa Lambert; R. S. David Thomas; treasurer, George Chase; P. S. Thomas Chadwick; W. James McAdams; O. G., Joseph Martell; I. G., William Hudson; pianist, A. W. Henderson; doctor, E. G. Livingston,

FIGHT OVER INSURANCE

Question of Rates for Workmen's Compensation Insurance Discussed—Companies in Conflict

Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, July 11.—Although the law in this state requires that premiums for workmen's compensation insurance shall be "adequate," the cost of carrying on the business, it is not sufficient to accomplish the purpose which the legislature had in mind when enacting it, namely, to compel the companies to charge rates so high that the most poorly managed company may make a profit on its business.

This statement was made yesterday by Samuel H. Pillsbury, attorney for the Massachusetts Employers Insurance association, the so-called "state company," before the special legislative committee which is investigating the subject of compensation insurance rates.

Mr. Pillsbury explained that the law regulates only workmen's compensation insurance; because of that fact any company carrying other lines of insurance may grant to any employer a rebate on his plate glass insurance, for example, which will place the cost of that insurance far below any figure which a competing company may offer, and by that method force the competing company out of business in this state.

Albert H. Mobray, secretary and actuary of the same company, said the stock companies are trying to eliminate the mutuals from doing business in this state. "The three mutual insurance companies of compensation insurance in this state," he said, "represent the only real competition which the stock companies have to meet in this country; if they can only succeed in driving them out of business, then they can advertise to the world that the mutual system has failed in the last commonwealth where it has survived."

Mr. Pillsbury suggested that there are two remedies for the situation in which the compensation insurance business is at the present time, either the state should supervise all lines of insurance, and compel the companies to charge adequate rates for all, or it should compel the companies to keep their workmen's compensation insurance business separate from all other, just as is now done with the savings bank departments of trust companies.

The question of the payment of commissions to agents and brokers for writing compensation insurance business again came up, members of the committee suggesting that if these payments cannot be eliminated entirely by the term of policies should be extended to prevent the payment of an annual commission to an agent, who generally does no work after the first year. Mr. Mobray opposed this suggestion.

question, on the ground that conditions vary greatly from year to year, and he doubted whether a company would be willing to write a policy to cover the employment conditions of three years in the future.

As an instance of this variation he cited the present industrial boom due to the European war. Before the outbreak of the war there was a period of great depression, and employers generally had discharged their incompetent and careless employees. With the war boom, however, they were compelled to hire back such men as they could get, including the incompetent and as a result the number of accidents increased out of all proportion to the payroll, on which premiums are based. Another factor entering into the number of accidents is the fact that many plants are operating overtime, and men who are tired are far more susceptible to injury than when working only an ordinary day.

HOIT.

The Woman's Emergency corps, representing 3000 women of Toronto, has offered their services as industrial workers to the Canadian Manufacturers' association.

Indoor Life Makes Fat

TRY OIL OF KOREIN TO KEEP WEIGHT DOWN, OR TO REDUCE SUPERFLUOUS FAT

People who are confined within doors and who are deprived of fresh, invigorating air and exercise must take precaution to guard against overweight, as fat acquired by indoor life is unhealthy and a danger to the vital organs of the body. Lack of exercise in the fresh air is said to weaken the oxygen carrying power of the blood, so that it is unable to produce strong muscles and vitality and the formation of unsightly and unhealthy fat is the result.

If you are 15 or 20 pounds above normal weight you are daily drawing on your reserve strength and are constantly lowering your vitality by carrying this excess burden. Any persons who are satisfied in their own mind that they are too stout and advised to go to A. W. Dows & Co., or any good druggist and get a box of oil of korein capsules, and take one after each meal and one just before retiring at night.

Even a few days treatment has been reported to show a noticeable reduction in weight, improved digestion and a return of the old energy. Footsteps become lighter and the skin less flabby in appearance as superfluous fat disappears.

Oil of korein is inexpensive, cannot injure, and helps the digestion. Any person who wants to reduce 15 or 20 pounds is advised to give this treatment a trial.

ANOTHER GERMAN U-BOAT
Continued

that later might be indicted on British commerce, took occasion to direct Acting Secretary Polk's attention to the representations he had made on July 3. Mr. Jusserand, the French ambassador, also has been in communication with the department.

From the allies' point of view any submarine is essentially a warship. The United States, Great Britain and France agree on the doctrine that it is illegal to change the character of a merchant ship into a cruiser or privateer on the high seas, but the German government always has insisted upon that right. Consequently, it is argued, it would be no violation of international law for the Deutschland to take aboard armament outside of the three mile limit and to prey upon commerce.

The very nature or construction of submarine, it is also held, makes it impossible for such a craft to comply with the requirements of international law. She could not be stopped and searched and, the allies assert, must be regarded as an enemy warship subject to destruction upon sight. Other points of objection to the recognition by the United States government of the right of German submarines to make use of American ports without restraint, thus constituting a menace not only to allied but to neutral commerce, are expected to be developed and pressed upon the state department just as soon as the report of Capt. Hughes has been received. Inasmuch as rubber and nickel are being imported to the United States under private agreements by the purchasers that they shall not reach the central powers, British authorities are beginning to investigate how the large

quantity of these materials got up at the Deutschland's pier, piled into the hands of German agents.

The United States government is no party to such agreements but officials point out that the steel mills which supply materials for guns and armor for the army and navy may be affected by the outcome. Virtually all the nickel now being used here comes from Canada and nearly all the rubber comes by way of London in British ships.

WILL NOT TAKE PASSENGERS

Two Applicants Offered \$5000 Each to Make Return Trip on the Deutschland

BALTIMORE, Md., July 11.—While no comment has been made by any one connected with the Deutschland on the action of the navy department in detaining Capt. C. F. Hughes to make a formal survey of her for the government, it is thought no objection will be raised. The detail was made at the instance of Acting Secretary of State Polk and is understood to be in line with official opinion that the federal government must take every precaution to establish beyond doubt the exact character of the vessel. The Deutschland's cargo of dyestuffs when discharged will be placed in a bonded warehouse, to be disposed of later by the local representative of the vessel's owners.

A question has arisen whether the submarine will be permitted to take back to Germany a large quantity of nickel that is on the dock to which she is moored. Shipment of nickel to the United States from Canada which is the world's greatest producer of this metal, has been allowed on condition that its distribution should be so controlled that none could reach

the central powers. The Canadian government is said to be considering the new situation.

An emphatic statement was made by Henry G. Milken of the firm which represents the Deutschland's owners, that under no circumstances will any passengers be carried on the submarine on her return trip. He said provision was made only for the crew and that it would be impossible to take any others. Two applicants for passage are said to have offered \$5000 each. Mr. Milken said smilingly, he expected the submarine to leave "about Christmas" but it is understood she will depart within a week.

The Deutschland is moored within a quarter of a mile from the place where the first submergence was made, 19 years ago, of the first boat to successfully navigate under water. This was the Argonaut, invented by Simon Lake, who came to Baltimore yesterday personally to congratulate Capt. König of the Deutschland on the feat he had accomplished.

No Objection to Inspection

There will be no objection on the part of Capt. Paul König, commander of the German submarine Deutschland, to an inspection of his craft by officers of the United States navy. This was announced by Capt. König today after the arrival from Washington of Capt. C. F. Hughes and two of the navy's submarine experts, assigned to aid the collector of the port in determining the status of the vessel.

Unloading Cargo

The work of unloading the cargo of the Deutschland began shortly after 5 o'clock. The cases of dyestuffs were stored inside the warehouse at the base of the pier.

SUBMARINE'S VOYAGE SUMMARIZED

Vessel.....Deutschland
Character.....Underwater liner

Commander.....Capt. König
Crew.....100 men
Cargo.....Dyestuffs and mail
Destination.....Baltimore
Home port.....Unknown
Consignees, A. Schumacher & Co.
Agents North German Lloyd
Time of voyage.....16 days
Distance.....1150 miles
Submergence.....1800 miles
Longest submergence.....800 miles
Route.....North sea and "cherry" line
Length of vessel.....275 feet
Breadth.....17.05 feet
Propulsion.....Diesel oil engines
Speed.....12 knots submerged
Speed.....18-20 knots surface
Armament.....12 guns for defense

CHARTS STATUS

No Diplomatic Complications Seen By Federal Officials in Arrival of the Deutschland

WASHINGTON, July 11.—No diplomatic complications were seen by federal officials today in the arrival at Baltimore of the German super-submarine Deutschland. If examination establishes the vessel is a merchantman and nothing else, a ruling on the traffic status will be made when a report coming from Collector of Customs Ryan at Baltimore is sent over, probably within 35 hours.

There were no prospects today that representatives here of the allied governments would protest if the submarine is held to be a merchant ship. The British and French embassies have asked the state department to satisfy itself of the vessel's character, but no protest against the boat's entrance into American waters was made.

Navy officers have been detailed to assist the Baltimore collector in examining the submarine. Officials put little faith in rumors that there might be objection to a close inspection of the boat on the ground that it was of a secret type of construction. Acting Secretary Polk said he anticipated no protests from the allied governments against a decision, generally believed by officials to be forthcoming, that the Deutschland is an unarmed freighter. He also pointed out that the state department is concerned with the vessel itself and not with disposal of her cargo.

The latter is subject to the treasury department's regulations which will govern discharge and acceptance. The state department, it was officially declared, will not concern itself with reported objections by Canadian nickel interests to exportation of nickel on the Deutschland. Agreements of American purchasers of Canadian nickel not to re-export the metal, Acting Secretary Polk explained, were purely private and no resort could be had to the state department to interfere with nickel shipments on the German super-submarine.

LONDON PAPER LAUDS KÖNIG

"Ready to Join in Laugh Against Ourselves and Applaud 'Captains.'" Says Manchester Guardian

LONDON, July 11, 11.15 a. m.—"We are quite ready to join in the laugh against ourselves and to applaud the skill and daring of the captain, who appears to us as a sportsman and has earned his laurels cleanly," says the Manchester Guardian, alluding to the German submarine Deutschland.

The Guardian says that plans for submarines of 2000 to 4000 tons existed in Germany and England before the war, but that such vessels were not built because of the time required to submerge them and the impossibility of submerging them in shallow water. It points out that the Australian submarine AB-2 went from Australia to the Dardanelles and says that if the captain and crew of the Deutschland are members of the Imperial German navy

the submarine may be dealt with as a naval auxiliary. Otherwise she is a blockade runner which could be ordered to stop, and if she attempted to submerge it would be justifiable to sink her.

Threat to American Navy

"It is unlikely," the Guardian continues, "that the moral of the appearance in American waters of a German submarine will be missed, after the threats of Count von Reventlow and the other Tirpitz writers last spring. They warned America she was not too far away from Germany's arm to reach her. Although the Deutschland may be disarmed, she is none the less a threat to the American navy."

CANADA MAY HARBOR NICKEL

Will Try to Keep German Submarine From Carrying Back Cargo of That Metal

OTTAWA, Ont., July 11.—The Canadian government is considering the new situation in regard to nickel, created by the arrival of a German submarine at Baltimore after crossing the Atlantic. Canada, which largely controls the nickel production of the world, has allowed the shipment of this metal to the United States on condition that the International Nickel company so controlled distribution that none could reach the Central Powers.

The announcement that the German submarine proposes to take back a cargo of nickel from the United States has been heard with some concern by the Canadian authorities and attention is being given the problem of preventing nickel reaching Germany by the submarine route.

The submarine freighter's arrival has revived an agitation for an embargo against the exportation of any Can-

adian nickel metal to the United States for refinement.

WINS \$20,000 IN BETS

Broken Down of New York Had Taken All Wagers Against Arrival of the Submarine

NEW YORK, July 11.—Frederick Boshen, a former Wall Street broker, who is said to have enjoyed close relations with the German government officials in the United States, is credited in Wall Street with having cleaned up \$20,000 in bets in the last two weeks on the German submarine Deutschland.

Wall Street regarded the mission of the submarine as a myth, and bets were freely offered at 15 to 1 that it would never put in an appearance. Boshen took every bet offered, and all day yesterday he was busy collecting his winnings.

CREDIT TO GERMAN ENTERPRISE

London Daily Graphic Says Voyage Leaves Maritime Situation Where it Was Before

LONDON, July 11.—The Daily Graphic commenting upon the transatlantic voyage of the German submarine Deutschland, says:

"While the submarine trip does credit to German enterprise and seamanship it leaves the maritime situation where it was before. The risk of disaster is immense and the capacity of submarines to carry commodities which Germany needs is insignificant."

The Daily Express asserts that if a dozen submarines were to reach America they certainly would not affect the blockade.

20 DOZEN 50c
APRONS
This Sale Only
27c
Three only to a customer.

CHERRY & WEBB

\$35,000WORTH
OF**Vacation Garments**

IN OUR

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Twice yearly this great opportunity comes to our customers from Lowell and surrounding towns. A POSITIVE CLEARING AWAY of all surplus and seasonable garments. Regardless of the high water mark for merchandise, we intend to surpass all previous efforts. The CHERRY & WEBB standard will be maintained. Every garment in this store at a reduced price. Nothing sold till

Wednesday Morning at 9 O'Clock**EVERYBODY MUST HAVE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO REAP THE BENEFITS****SUIT Values**

That can never be repeated.
20 Suits at.....\$5.00
100 Suits at.....\$10.00
160 Suits at.....\$12.75
200 Suits—the balance of stock.

\$15

All the fine materials in the above suits have advanced 20 per cent. You pay less than one-half price.

2ND FLOOR COSTUMES

75 Silk Taffeta Dresses

Navy, Copen, Black and Rose.

\$12.00 and \$15.00 Values

\$8.90

40 RAINCOATS

\$4.00 values

\$1.90

White they last.

350 Coats

All marked for a quick clearaway. No woman can afford to be without a coat. No vacation can be complete without one. Main Floor the home of high grade coats.

\$12.00 and \$15.00 COATS.....\$8.90

\$16.00 and \$18.75 COATS.....\$10.00

\$18.75 to \$22.50 COATS.....\$12.75

As none of the garments could be duplicated for one-half again what they cost, we advise immediate action. Sale begins at 9 o'clock.

Silk Coats, Sport Coats, Auto Coats, Street Coats

\$22.50 to **\$15**
\$30.00 COATS

A GREAT HUGE TABLE HOLDING

150 Garments

Soiled Dresses, Odd Skirts, Children's Coats, Kimonos, etc. Every garment 3 to 5 times original cost.

CHOICE

\$1

50

Odd Coats

\$12 and \$15 values

\$1 AND \$2**30 Palm Beach Suits**

\$8.00 Suits.....**\$4.67**
Genuine Palm Beach, not the imitation you see quoted.

75 SILK SWEATERS

Selling at \$5.98 to \$7.50, Copen, rose, green and purple, at **\$4.60**

167 OUTING SKIRTS

In serges, poplin, checks and mohair—\$6 to \$8 Skirts, at **\$3.90**

Silk Taffeta Skirts

\$12.00 Skirts.....\$8.79
\$14.75 Skirts.....\$10.00
Every High Grade Skirt Reduced



Fashion Basement
Is Swarming With Bargains

6.00 SPORT COATS.....\$3.89
75c WAISTS.....39c
\$3.00 CLOTH SKIRTS.....\$1.69
\$3.00 BATHING SUITS.....\$1.79
\$4.00 BATHING SUITS.....\$2.49
\$5.00 RAINCOATS.....\$3.80
\$1.00 COLORED PETTICOATS.....39c
\$7.50 SILK POPLIN DRESSES.....\$4.89
\$1.00 WASH SKIRTS.....49c
\$1.25 WASH SKIRTS.....79c
\$1.50 WASH SKIRTS.....97c
\$5.00 BATH ROBES.....\$1.39
\$1.25 HOUSE DRESSES.....67c
\$1.75 HOUSE DRESSES.....97c
\$4.00 SILK KIMONOS.....\$2.39
\$1.50 CREPE KIMONOS.....87c
\$1.50 SWEATERS.....85c

2000 SUMMER DRESSES

Are all reduced for this sale. The manufacturers' late season made them ready to sell them at clearance prices. Brand new dresses, just when you want to wear them. Pure Linens, Voiles, Cotton Crepes and Novelty goods—the late season styles only.

\$5.00 DRESSES.....\$2.98
\$6.00 and \$7.00 DRESSES.....\$3.98
\$7.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00 DRESSES.....**\$4.98**



3387

Waists

At Reduction Prices
At This Sale

\$1.50 VOILE WAISTS.....79c
\$2.98 VOILE WAISTS.....\$1.69
\$2.50 JAP SILK WAISTS—Colors only.....\$1.29
\$3.00 CREPE DE CHINE WAISTS.....\$1.90
\$5.00 GEORGETTE CREPE—All colors.....\$2.90
\$6.50 CREPE GEORGETTE—In colors and white.....\$3.90

Children's Garments --- Dresses, Coats, Raincoats

DRESSES—2 for the Price of 1
\$1.00 CHILDREN'S DRESSES.....59c
\$1.50 CHILDREN'S DRESSES.....79c
\$3.00 CHILDREN'S DRESSES.....\$1.65
COATS—1-2 Price
20 CHILDREN'S SOILED DRESSES—Sold at \$8.00—Choice.....\$2.29
40 CHILDREN'S COATS, were \$5.00.....\$2.49

1800 NewTub and Wash Skirts

The new pockets, gathered backs, wide belts. Styles are all here—Main Floor.
\$3.00 STRIPE SKIRTS—Copen, Rose and Green.....**\$1.80**
Also Plain Gabardines and Repps in this lot. Cherry & Webb styles always lead the way.

100 Serge Dresses**\$5.79****and \$8.79**

In Imported French Serge and Poplin. Excellent for country or seashore. Some were \$18.50.

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK CLOAK STORE
12-18 JOHN ST.

P. S. — Store Closed All**Day Thursday****CLERKS' GENERAL HOLIDAY**

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

AMERICA'S EYES OPENED

The arrival of a giant submarine from Germany in an American port is for this country the most significant and the most sensational event of the war, and there is no escaping the lessons which it teaches us so plainly. Viewed as an episode of the great war, it has all the elements of romance. As a scientific achievement it opens up hitherto unknown possibilities, but in a national sense it makes Americans pause and forecast its effects on our future policy as to methods of warfare.

There is no ignoring the fact that the naval blockade of England has been challenged and in the development of the new invention all naval warfare may be revolutionized. If one submarine can do this, why not fifty or one hundred? Germany calmly predicts that a fleet of submarines will soon be operating on a regular schedule, bringing here dyestuffs, shells, etc., and taking back to Germany food and war necessities. America is not disposed to doubt the prediction, recalling how past skepticism has been nullified.

In the face of this great achievement, where is the vaunted American isolation? No longer can we talk of the natural bulwark of the oceans that have given us such a fancied security. Soon, all the great powers may have the giant submarines, and it may be possible for a fleet of such submarines to enter American ports at night unless new methods of protection be adopted. The peaceful trading vessel of today may be the war vessel of tomorrow, and the ocean that kept us away from the quarrels of the world may yield us a crop of armed foes at some future day.

In that case, Bryan's predicted army of one million mobilized over night will not do. The threatened flurry with Mexico proved that his dream can never be realized. Instead of having a million recruits in one day, we have managed to scrape together a poorly trained and poorly equipped army of 30,000 in 21 days. America can no longer feel secure with this condition staring us in the face while foreign powers make such vast strides in war inventions.

America has been shouting for preparedness; it must now put preparedness into practice. The first essential is a great navy, large enough and powerful enough to protect our coast line from all possible attack. The work of repelling an invading army must fall upon the navy in the first instance, and there will now be no need to argue that a large and powerful navy is essential to American security.

After the navy must come an adequate army—not an army depending on haphazard systems of volunteer troops but an army made up of resolute American citizens alive to the calls of nationality. The European war has demonstrated that a democracy cannot wage war as efficiently as a militaristic government. England tried to blunder through without adopting the methods of Germany or Russia but eventually both England and France were compelled to impose the will of the state or nation on the people, leaving no choice in the matter of military service. So it will have to be in the United States. If this great free country is to remain secure from possible foreign aggression, there must be an understanding that if necessity requires it, every American citizen must be ready and willing to take his or her place in the scheme of national defense when the call for service is sent out from Washington. Whether the people like it or dislike it, some form of universal military training and some provision for compulsory service in emergencies is surely coming. Otherwise America cannot feel secure in a world that has seen so many ideals shattered in the past few years.

The extraordinary achievement of Germany has challenged England's claim that she is mistress of the seas and has opened the eyes of America. From the White House down to the humblest dwelling in the land all Americans are beginning to realize that we are not nearly so far away from the wars of the rest of the world as we had fondly fancied. It is for us to wake up and apply the lessons that are only too plain.

THINGS HALF DONE

It is too often the way of municipal business to start so many things that a great many projects are half done and remain half done until public opinion compels their completion. Just as soon as there is a public demand for this or that a brave show of compliance is made and then in a little while the agitation is forgotten and things are permitted to drift back into the same old rut. While the city is handling more big problems at the present time than for any period in several municipal administrations, we have examples of the propositions that have gone into the preliminary stage and are in for a period of chronic inaction.

The erection of a hospital for contagious diseases is a case in point, and indeed it must be confessed that the public is heartily sick of the agitation. Nevertheless, it will not be settled at

all until it is settled right by the erection of a modern institution, and the longer it is delayed, the longer is a need left unfulfilled.

What has become of the suggestion for a public swimming place for the children of the city? The authorities have gone so far as to hold a conference with representatives of the Locks and Canals corporation, but when the corporation agreed, throwing the responsibility over on the city, the matter was allowed to go by the board. The time for action has gone by for another year with every probability that several lives will be lost in the canals before the summer closes.

The extension of Dunster street, the agitation for a public hall, the starting of work on the high school, etc., etc., seem to have suffered to some extent from the enervating season, and the people would like to see results. Yet, it may be unreasonable to ask for speed when so many large and costly plans are in their initial stages. The point in issue is that when the city plunges into projects and carries them on to any extent, it is a poor policy to leave them half done or wholly undone. Better take up only such things as can be done and finish what has been well begun.

MORE CARE NEEDED

In view of the great spread of infantile paralysis this year in New York and elsewhere and in view also of the popular dread concerning it, the local board of health might do well to go farther than usual in the work of prevention. If the mother of the local victim is not able to give the proper amount of attention, it would seem the part of prudence for the authorities to step in and apply the most modern precautions suggested by doctors who have made a close study of the mysterious malady. It is all very well for the board of health to tell parents what ought to be done or what must be done, but that does not necessarily mean that the things suggested are done. Those familiar with the parents of some sections know that they are liable to listen to the doctor or the member of the board of health and then disregard their positive orders when the visitor is out of sight. In the interest of the public safety the board of health might do well to put a paid and efficient nurse on that particular case and on any others that may turn up in the future. If the parents of the city felt that more than the average precaution is taken to prevent the spread of infection, it would help greatly to allay fears and to arouse confidence where there is apt to be dread and alarm.

TO HELP MEXICO

President Wilson's emphatic declaration at Detroit that he will serve Mexico while refusing to serve those selfish few who want America to crush Mexico for their own ends is the interests of permanent peace. It is based on his conviction that Mexico has changed its attitude of hostility towards us, and he is in a better position to judge of Mexican intentions than most of his critics. It is very easy for us to work ourselves into a passion by talking and writing of Mexican mobs and their outrages, but what glory is there in a war of extermination or aggression? There must be some spark of sense in Mexico and it is to the better element in that country that Pres. Wilson now appeals, promising to help Mexico get her house in order. By lending the troubled republic financial and economic assistance and by calling for an international council to remedy existing evils, we may yet start a movement for peace that shall restore harmony to Mexico without having to adopt the remedies of the jungle. If only Carranza could see that he has nothing to fear from President Wilson and the American government a good start would be made towards the return of peace and sanity.

SPRAYING THE TREES

Children who have been wont to go to the improvised deer park on Fort Hill will regret the death of one of the does, presumably because of eating leaves that had been sprayed with arsenate of lead. The temptation to feed the animals is obvious and it is probable that children pulled the poisonous leaves and fed them to the deer through the fence. The spraying of poison under any circumstances is a serious matter and every year it is responsible for the death of many domestic pets and larger animals. Occasionally a farmer sows for the loss of a cow or other beast, and we are reminded in other ways that the city should exercise the greatest care in

SAFEGUARD YOUR CHILD

If your child is pined with a fever, flushed, irritable and fretful, you would attend to this condition at once as the chances are your little one is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer is what you should get. It is a well known remedy in foreign lands is pleasant to take and expels the worms at once. The case of your child's suffering. Only 25c. at all druggists.

MILL AND FACTORY EMPLOYEES

Have your eyes examined and glasses made at the
Caswell Optical Co.
30 MERRIMACK ST.
Lowell's Leading Opticians. Est. 1839.

spraying the trees and shrubs. In the meantime every effort should be made to impress on the visitors to our short-sighted and a cruel policy to kill the deer with kindness.

SEEN AND HEARD

You can be little and still be interesting.

The new fashioned haircut is intended to give a wig impression—and it does.

Campers are authority for the statement that the mosquitoes are molesting at the ponds hereabout.

A Miskake Samowhere

This is a true story. Little Lavinia, whose father is professor in a mid-west university, was scrutinizing his parents closely, and said: "Father, you have such heavy eyebrows and mother has hardly any. What are eyebrows for?" The father replied, promptly, "What eyebrows are for—eyebrows—they are to keep the sweat from getting into people's eyes when they work hard." "But, father," protested Lavinia, "I don't see how that can be, for mother's would need to be many times heavier than yours." And father was lost in thought.

She Was Some Sensible

A sentimental young lady from town was on the steamship pier, where she saw a young girl sitting on a trunk in an attitude of utter dejection and despair. "Poor thing," thought the romantic young lady, "she is probably alone and a stranger. Her pale cheeks and great, sad eyes tell of a broken heart and a yearning for sympathy." She went over and comforted the traveler to win her confidence. "Crossed in love?" she asked sympathetically. "No," replied the girl with a sigh, "crossed in the Frolic and an awfully rough passage, too."

This Story Has a Moral

Tommy's mother was an invalid, so his Aunt Lavinia looked after him and the house. "O dear," said Tommy one day after auntie had lectured him for 10 minutes, "I wish I had wings." "Why, my pet?" asked mother, pleased at his angelic inspiration. "O, I'd fly up in the air with Auntie Lavinia, and I'd fly and fly till I couldn't fly any higher." "Yes, dear," said mother proudly, as the little chap looked impressively. "What would you do then?" "I'd read Aunt Lavinia," said Tommy savagely.

The Tall and Short of It

There are two teachers in a certain Brooklyn school. One is tall, the other short—soot of a female Mutt and Jeff combination. They are nearly always together. The short one the other night was mistaken for one of her pupils at a local theatre. Just for a lark the larger girl suggested that they take one of the scholars to the show that night. A little girl who had got 100 in everything that day was selected. At the ticket office the larger girl, pointing to the pupil and her mother, asked if the price for children was fifteen cents. "Only a dime, ma'am," was the polite reply of the ticket seller, and the two "children" passed inside.—Brooklyn Times.

An Ideal Island

The island of Ascension, in the Atlantic, belonging to Great Britain, is unique in many respects. There is no private property in land, no rents, no taxes and no use for money. The docks and herds are public property, and the meat is issued as rations. So are the vegetables grown on the farms. When an island fisherman makes a catch he brings it to the guardroom, whence it is issued by the sergeant major. Practically the entire population are sailors, and they work for most of the common trades. The climate is almost perfect. The island is 5 by 6 miles in size and has a population of about 450. It is 250 miles northward of St. Helena and is governed by a captain appointed from the British navy.

When Papa Was a Boy

When papa was a little boy you really couldn't find a child so quick to mind. In all the country round about a child so quick to mind. His mother never called but once, and he was always there. He never made the baby cry, or pulled his sister's hair. He never slid down banisters or made the slightest noise. And never in his life was known to fight with other boys. He always rose at 6 o'clock and went to bed at 8. And never in his life was known to fight with other boys. He finished Latin, French and Greek when he was ten years old. And knew the Spanish alphabet as soon as he was told. He never, never thought of play until his work was done. He labored hard from break of day until the set of sun. He never wore his muddy shoes upon the parlor floor. And never answered back his ma, and never hazarded the door. "But, truly," he would never see," said the little boy's mother. "How he could never do these things and really be a boy!"

There are at least 100,000 girls in London, compared with 27,000 before the war.

OAKLAND SEWER

Trunk Sewer Only Relief for Oaklands, Says Mr. Morse

Commissioner Charles J. Morse gave hearings in the aldermanic chamber at city hall last evening on petitions for streets and sewers, the most important of which had to do with sewers in the Oaklands, especially that of the laying of a sewer to the plant of the Newton Mfg. Co., and in this there seemed to be some misunderstanding. Mr. Morse said that Edward Cayley had refused to contribute a cent towards the laying of a sewer to the Newton Mfg. Co. plant through property owned by him.

"Who told you that?" asked Mr. Cayley, who was seated in an alcove near the entrance to the chamber. "Mr. Newton and one other," said Mr. Morse. "Neither one had my authority to make such a statement," said Mr. Cayley.

About Lawrence spoke for the laying of sewers in the Oaklands—in Boylston, Rea, Bishop, Berwick and Calvin streets and Berkeley avenue, and he spoke very emphatically, too. "We need a sewer in every one of those streets," he said, "and no man here of the government dares to stand up and say otherwise. The Lowell board of health and the state board of health officials have been there and have been astounded at conditions. At one time this spring there were 20 inches of water in my cellar by actual measurement and the measurement was made the day you were there, Mr. Morse. I had a sewer and coal and I had to buy more wood and coal for present use. An old culvert empties water from the Oaklands into our land and the stench there is something frightful."

"I don't know how you will solve the problem there, but it must be solved, for sooner or later we will have an epidemic of typhoid fever there and then you will have to do something."

In the course of his remarks Mr. Lawrence remarked that every time anybody in the Oaklands wants anything the people in the Highlands object. He said the people in the Highlands get nothing. Engineer Kearney said it would be impossible to lay any sewers in the district in question until a main line Oaklands sewer is put in.

It was at this point that Mr. Morse said Mr. Cayley had refused to pay a cent towards a sewer through his land to the plant of the Newton Mfg. Co.

Mr. Cayley said he was not opposed to a sewer in the Oaklands, but that he wanted to be shown how drainage could take place. To relieve the residents of Boylston, Rea, Bishop, Berwick and Calvin streets and Berkeley avenue he would allow a filter bed to be put in on his land.

Engineer Kearney said that any filter bed taking care of the sewage by gravity would have to be laid 10 or 12 feet below the bottom of the brook.

Mark A. Adams said that conditions in the section are not so bad as people when they took up their residence there. Some years ago, he said, he raised his house 15 inches and for several years there wasn't any water in his cellar. The past three years, however, there has been water in his cellar, at times.

Timothy J. Sullivan allowed that the flooding of Shedd Park pond results in the flooding of cellars on Boylston street.

Mr. Sullivan has had a woe lot of trouble with mosquitoes and some times he is almost tempted to use dynamite. "The mosquitoes are everywhere," he said. "I have every win-

What Thin Folks Should Do To Gain Weight

Good Advice for Thin, Underdeveloped Men and Women

Thousands of people suffer from excessive thinness, weak nerves and feeble stomachs who, having tried all the various diet-makers, food-fads, physical culture stunts and rub-on creams, resign themselves to life-long skin- thinness and think nothing more of it. Yet their case is not hopeless. A recently discovered combination of assimilative agents has made it possible to build up the body, and fat grow after years of thinness, and it also increases the vitality of the system, for repairing the waste of sickness or faulty digestion and for strengthening the system. This six strength-giving, fat-producing assimilative elements of acknowledged merit have been combined in this preparation, which is endorsed and used by prominent people everywhere. It is absolutely harmless, inexpensive and efficient.

A few weeks systematic use of Sargol should go far to produce flesh and strength by correcting faults of digestion and by supplying nourishing food to the blood. If you are a druggist who sells it is authorized to return the purchase price, increased nourishment is maintained from the food people need are thus provided. Lowell Pharmacy and other leading druggists supply Sargol and say there is a large demand for it.

While this new preparation has from reports given splendid results as a nerve-tonic and vitality, its use is not recommended to nervous people unless they wish to gain at least ten pounds of flesh.

We would advise that you secure one of these if you need it as we do not expect to have any more that we can give away on account of the advance in material.

A Child's Swing

FREE

This is one of the good things which we will give this week with a pound of Tea.

We would advise that you secure one of these if you need it as we do not expect to have any more that we can give away on account of the advance in material.

TRADE MARK

DICKSON'S TEA STORE

REGISTERED

ORDER AT ONCE

68 MERRIMACK STREET

C. A. CONANT

Bradley Bldg., 147 Central St.
—UPSTAIRS—

July Mark-Down Sale

SUITS

\$12.50 Suits.....	\$3.98
\$12.75 Suits.....	\$5.00
\$15.00 Suits.....	\$7.75

COATS

\$8.00 Coats.....	\$2.98
\$10.75 Coats.....	\$5.00
\$15.00 Coats.....	\$8.75

WAISTS

\$1.00 Odd Waists.....	39c
\$1.50 Waists.....	69c
\$3.00 Silk Waists.....	\$1.49

SILK DRESSES

\$8.00 Silk Dresses.....	\$3.98
\$15.00 Silk Dresses.....	\$8.75

WASH SKIRTS AND DRESSES

\$1.50 White Skirts.....	85c
\$3.00 Stripe Skirts.....	\$1.98
\$3.00 Sport Dresses.....	\$1.59
\$4.00 Stripe Poplin Dresses	\$1.98

CLOAKS AND SUITS

At Wholesale Prices

147 CENTRAL ST.

down in my house screened and yet I am up at three o'clock in the morning with a searchlight looking for them."

George F. Taylor, representing C. I. Hood, objected to the pollution of the brook caused by sewage from the plant of the Newton Mfg. Co. He said the brook runs through land where Mr. Hood pastures his cattle.

Mr. Morse said the laying of the Oaklands sewer that he started some years ago is the only solution to the problem. Engineer Kearney estimated the cost of the Oaklands sewer and of tributary sewers at \$175,000.

Fairgrounds Sidewalks

Simon Dean, representing the Fair Grounds Improvement association, appeared in favor of the laying of concrete sidewalks on the easterly side of Gorham street from the B & M railroad crossing to Cosgrove street. He said that a majority of the people in the neighborhood favor the sidewalk. Others who spoke in favor were George Ashworth, John E. Sullivan and Charles O'Neil.

Walter Johnson wanted a driveway retained in front of the fair building, which he uses for storage purposes. John C. Palm said a good cinder sidewalk was laid a year ago and he thought that ought to be good enough for the present. Patrick J. Morris, who owns three lots on the fair grounds, was opposed to the sidewalk. Richard Murphy was another remonstrant. The abutters on the fair grounds had not been notified of the nature of the hearing. George A. Le Clair, representing his wife, who owns a lot on the fair grounds, was another remonstrant. If building a sidewalk on the sidewalk would be a badly cut up the sidewalk, Susan Robinson allowed that the present sidewalk is good enough. Sophie Panley was another remonstrant.

Martin Hainsbury favored the laying of edgestones on the easterly side of Stromquist avenue, from Lundberg street to Broadway street. Charles and Peter O'Neil also favored. John W. Crosswell, 100 Stromquist avenue, was also in favor. There were no remonstrants.

FOR MEMORY TRAINING

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION OF THE BEROL SYSTEM TO BE GIVEN AT Y.M.C.A. HALL TONIGHT

A great deal of interest has been shown by the citizens of Lowell in the demonstration which is to be held at the Y.M.C.A. tonight at 8 o'clock. Many inquiries have been received over the phone and others are calling at the office for further particulars. Enrollments have begun to come in.

Judging from present indications, the entertainment hall will be filled to overflowing, when Mr. Henry J. Sutton and Master Bruno Lehmann, the 12-year-old lad from Brooklyn, and several other students of the Berol system, give their marvelous demonstration of memory feats.

Bruno can recall in rotation a pack of playing cards which have been shuffled. He not only calls them off backward, that is, from the last to the first card, but states on demand the 14th, 24th, or any other card, thereby proving that the system is so simple and practical that any child can master it with ease. Another feat which he performs is to state off-hand the exact number of inhabitants in the United States. Bruno is like other boys. He is fond of play as any youngster, and is especially interested in roller skating. He was taught how to remember by his uncle, William Berol, who has instructed thousands in New York city.

Mr. Sutton arrived in this city yesterday, bringing with him Master Bruno Lehmann together with Philip Heron, both of Brooklyn. In order to make the demonstration still more interesting and convincing Mr. Sutton has arranged for two of his Boston students to come to Lowell to assist in the program of this evening. With these four students of the Berol method, under the direction of the expert instructor, Mr. Sutton, the people of Lowell are guaranteed a rare program in starting memory stunts.

The Berol course which is to follow, comprises eight class sessions, one lesson each week. Each session lasts about one hour and a half. The instructor for this course, as given at the Y.M.C.A. will be Mr. Henry J. Sutton, the man who has taught thousands of men and women in such cities as New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Boston, Providence and

Bridgeport, and who has been showered with hundreds of unsolicited testimonials both as to the merit of the method and the man behind the method. Mr. Sutton's ability in performing mental feats, and his success as a teacher, show him to be quite as wonderful as is Mr. William Berol. The lecture demonstration is free to the public, both men and women invited. Remember the time, 8 o'clock tonight, at the Y.M.C.A.

IRON INDUSTRY BOOMS

HIGHLY PROSPEROUS CONDITION OF 1915 IS CONTINUED DURING FIRST HALF OF THIS YEAR

The first six months of 1916 in the iron industry showed a continuation of the highly prosperous conditions that prevailed during the last four or five months of 1915, according to E. F. Burchard of the United States geological survey. In fact, activity was even greater in 1916 than in the first half of 1915. Large increases are shown in the output of both iron ore and pig iron. The shipments of ore from the Lake Superior region during the first six months of 1916 were more than 10,000,000 gross tons, or 33 per cent. greater than those of the corresponding period of 1915.

On prices at lower lake ports for 1916 were increased 75 cents a ton over those for the season of 1915, but lack of boats is reported to have forced concessions in the price of ore from some mines that do not control their Lake transportation facilities.

The production of coke and anthracite pig iron in the first five months of 1916 showed an increase of 66 per cent. over that of the corresponding period in 1915, and prices are from \$5 to \$7.25 per ton higher, or 33 to 40 per cent. above those in June, 1915.

Prices for steel bars and beams have increased 100 to 130 per cent. over those of a year ago, and if conditions are not adversely affected by miners' strikes now threatening and if the present strong demand for iron and steel continues, the total ore output from the Lake Superior region may possibly reach 50,000,000 gross tons.

Birmingham and other iron districts are not capable of such rapid increases in output as the Lake districts, and if 10,000,000 tons be estimated for the production of all other districts it indicates a possible total domestic production of iron ore of 75,000,000 gross tons for 1916. At any rate, there are good indications that a new high record of iron ore production will be made this year.

CASTRO COMING

Former Dictator of Venezuela on His Way to New York

NEW YORK, July 11.—Information was received here today that Gen. Cipriano Castro, who for many years was president and virtually dictator of Venezuela is on his way from

badon. West Indies, to New York, the steamship Vanhan. Before leaving, Castro said he was going to the United States on pleasure trip. He has been in Trinidad for several months.

It was reported that a gathering of men formerly powerful in some of the Latin-American countries could be held here after Castro's arrival, considering the situation in their respective countries.

Countess Nada Terby, who recently married Prince George of Battenberg, wears her engagement ring, the third finger of her right hand, and also wears her wedding ring there in accordance with the Russian custom.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



BELTERS

\$10.00

New Belters—some call them "pinch-backs"—fresh from one of our best makers, real value \$13.50 and \$15, bought so we can sell them for \$10.00.

Fancy Cheviots and Blue Serges, the suit complete—half Norfolk coat, vest and trousers—sizes 33 to 38—all today \$10.

Putnam & Son Co.

166 Central Street

Food For Summer

Make this a healthier, happier summer for yourself and the children. Jersey Ice Cream is real wholesome food, — purer than the requirements of any state or Federal pure food law and made in the largest, best equipped and most hygienic ice cream factory in New England.

Jersey Ice Cream

Jersey Ice Cream

First quality sugar, finest of true fruit flavors, and pure, rich cream from our own Vermont creameries. Jersey Ice Cream served by the plate, cone, or in delicious college ices. Take home a brick perfectly protected by our Tripi-Seal package.

"Look for the Jersey Sign"

Jersey Ice Cream Co., Lawrence, Mass.

For Sale by

Dealers in Every Part of Lowell.

TEETH

Treated, Filled and Extracted Painlessly by Our

Dental Ease Method

Not only are teeth necessary to masticate food, but they are essential to assist in the proper articulation of words, and last but not least they will lend beauty and expression to the face.

DRS. MASSE AND BLANCHARD

BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOM

Room 16 Hume's Bldg. Merrimack St. Tel. 511

Red Seal Batteries

29c EACH 4 FOR \$1.10

Every battery tested before sale

New England Electric & Supply Corp.

261 DUTTON STREET
Electric Shop, 62 Central Street.
Tel. 1317-W and 1317-Y

A Child's Swing

FREE

This is one of the good things which we will give this week with a pound of Tea.

We would advise that you secure one of these if you need it as we do not expect to have any more that we can give away on account of the advance in material.

TRADE MARK

DICKSON'S TEA STORE

REGISTERED

ORDER AT ONCE

68 MERRIMACK STREET

Devine's Trunk Store

Removed to

156 Merr'k St. Opp. Bon Marche

BEST LINE OF LEATHER GOODS IN LOWELL.

LOWELL OFFICERS HOME

They Completed Work of Drilling Recruits at Camp Whitney-- Sixth Band Left Behind

The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the three local companies of the Sixth infantry, as well as those of the Second battalion, who spent the past two weeks at Camp Whitney, South Framingham, for the purpose of drilling the "rookies," returned to this city last night with the exception of a couple, who remained behind to look after the new recruits who have not as yet left for the Mexican border. The members of the Sixth Regiment band are still at camp, but it is expected they will return to their respective homes tomorrow or Thursday.

The Lowell men while at camp had a splendid time. They had considerable work to do, but none of them complained of being overworked. The food was plentiful and of the best quality available, and all are satisfied with their two weeks spent in the employ of Uncle Sam. The officers were at camp yesterday forenoon when the new recruits left for the Mexican border and they gave the Lowell boys a great ovation. It was stated this morning that about 20 Lowell young men left with the last contingent, and are now on their way to El Paso, Texas. They carry along with them the most modern army equipment, and all who left wish to be remembered to their Lowell relatives and friends.

The officers who were not called to the front broke camp late yesterday afternoon and after bidding the members of the band goodbye, left for Lowell, arriving here in the early evening. The bandmen remained behind to cheer up the "rookies" who are still

at camp and it is very probable that they will be in Lowell tomorrow or Thursday. All are enjoying the best of health.

Lieut. Duffy of Company C also remained with the rookies, and it is not known when he will return. The local officers will now get busy on arrangements for the annual encampment of the Sixth infantry, which will be held at Martha's Vineyard beginning Aug. 6. The encampment as usual will last one week.

The Lowell officers who returned last evening are as follows:

Second battalion: Major Colby T. Kittredge, Lieut. Sheldon, Lieut. MacBrayne and Sergt. Maj. Crowell. Company C: Capt. George W. Peterson, Lieut. James J. Powers, First Sergeant D. A. Murphy, Q. M. Sergt. H. O. Nichols, Sergt. J. L. Sullivan, Sergt. Russell E. Stack, Sergt. Hugh L. Wier, Corp. M. N. Hanscom, Corp. Stevenson and Cook Ready.

Company G: Capt. Captain J. N. Greig, Lieut. Melvin M. Masters, First Sergt. W. E. Mountain, Sergt. C. Knight, Sergt. F. Fahney, Sergt. T. Mann, Corp. H. Markham, Corp. A. Carl, Corp. J. Armistead, Acting Corporal J. Alexander, C. E. Lemire, Fred Belanger and H. Hale, Clerk Ralph Pollard.

THE IRISH RELIEF FUND

SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF FRIENDS OF IRISH FREEDOM TO CONVEY MONEY TO DUBLIN

The work of collecting the American relief fund for the victims of the Dublin rebellion is not yet completed. A collection, it is said, will be taken up in all the Catholic churches of the New York diocese next Sunday by order of Cardinal Farley, and contributions are being received from other sources. Personal representatives will convey these funds to Dublin from time to time and all moneys will be distributed in co-operation with an Irish committee headed by Archbishop Walsh of Dublin. Joseph Smith, of Lowell, who has been chosen as member of the committee to convey the money now on hand to Ireland is to sail on the American line next Saturday in company with Thomas Hughes Kelley, treasurer of the Friends of Irish Freedom. Two members of the committee have already sailed. All the members will have passports and letters of safe conduct so that they expect no trouble from the authorities although Dublin and other parts of Ireland are still under martial law.

TO NOTIFY PRES. WILSON

FORMAL NOTIFICATION OF NOMINATION TO TAKE PLACE AT SHADOW LAWN

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Wilson will be formally notified of his nomination by the St. Louis convention probably at Shadow Lawn, his summer home in New Jersey during the first week in August. This was tentatively decided to day on the understanding that former Justice Hughes would be notified July 31 of his nomination by the republican party.

RECORD CATCH OF FISH

TRAWLER ARRIVES AT GLOUCESTER WITH 400,000 POUNDS—OUT LESS THAN TWO WEEKS

GLOUCESTER, July 11.—The largest catch of fish ever landed at this port in this country was brought here today by the beam trawler Easthampton, according to statements by port officials after comparison with available records. The trawler got 400,000 pounds of fish off Sable bank, near Halifax, N. S., in less than two weeks.

LINER LAFAYETTE SAILS SOON

BORDEAUX, July 11.—The French line steamer Lafayette, which was damaged in collision with the Norwegian collier Wilfred in the Gironde estuary Saturday night, will probably sail for New York in three or four days. Most of the passengers will remain here during the interval. The plates on the port side of the Lafayette were stove in for a length of 16 feet above the water line. Both vessels went to their pliers under their own steam.

DROP MARSHAL CASE

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Impeachment proceedings against H. Snowden Marshall, United States attorney at New York, were tabled today by the house judiciary committee, which by a divided vote adopted a resolution recommending to the house that no further proceedings be taken against him.

BRITAIN THREATENS HOLLAND

ROTTERDAM, via London, July 11.—The Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant says that Great Britain has asked Holland to stop the export of manufactured goods to neutral countries, declaring that non-compliance will result in the stoppage of Holland's cotton imports.

The Telegraph says that the allies are merely contemplating measures to prevent the export of Dutch cotton goods to Switzerland and Rumania, as it has been proved that such exports are intensely intended for Germany.

ECLIPSE OF MOON JULY 14

WASHINGTON, July 11.—There will be a partial eclipse of the moon on July 14, visible at Washington. The first visibility will be in Africa, southwestern Europe, the Atlantic ocean, North America, South America, and the south Pacific ocean; the ending visibility generally in the Atlantic ocean, North and South America, and the south Pacific ocean. At the middle of the eclipse eight-tenths of the diameter of the moon will be in the shadow cast by the earth.

Saunders' Market

GORHAM AND SUMMER STS. TEL. 3890-1-2-3

Wednesday Specials

25c Cuts Sirloin Steak, lb. 19c
Fancy Pork to Roast, lb. 14c
Fresh Shoulders, lb. 12 1/2c
Oranges, doz. 19c | Lemons, doz. 15c
VERY BEST NEW POTATOES pk. 33c
RED STAR
New Cabbage, lb. 3c
FANCY FRESH EGGS, 24c | HOME REKD. PURE LARD, lb. 13c
Native Green Peas, qt. 5c | Watermelons, each 45c
10c CAN CORN or 7c | 10c CAN SALMON or 8c
10c CAN PEAS, Each | 10c BOT. CATSUP, Each

JULY FAMOUS SPECIAL SALE OF Summer and Vacation Dresses, Suits, Coats, Skirts, Waists, Sweaters and Sport Coats With the Last Word of Fashion



In all the newest fabrics and distinctive styles, at ridiculously low prices. Our success was made by value giving, small profits and quick sales.

OUR SPECIAL SALE

All Over the Store, Begins TOMORROW (Wednesday, July 12th) AT PRICES THAT WILL POSITIVELY BE A REMEMBRANCE TO THE LADIES OF LOWELL. Be On Hand On Time to Get Your First Pick

500 SUMMER DRESSES in voiles, French linens, remi linens, repps, crepes and ratines, in all sizes from 16 to 50, for..... \$2.96
You will pay elsewhere \$5.50 for these dresses.
200 DRESSES, one and two of a kind, for.... 96c
200 HOUSE DRESSES at..... 39c
50 SUITS, one and two of a kind. Real value \$18 and \$25. For this special sale..... \$8
HUNDREDS OF SILK DRESSES, in stripe materials, plain taffetas, crepe de chins, crepe de meteors and messalines, from..... \$5.00 up

Hundreds of Dozens of Waists Marked Down One-Third

You will find a saving of one-half of what you pay elsewhere.
SKIRTS in piques, ratines, gabardines, repps and linens..... 76c
You will have to pay elsewhere \$1.50 and \$2.
SPORT COATS, SWEATERS AND REGULAR COATS, in all sizes, from 16 to 54, from..... \$3.96 up

A WORD TO THE WISE. LOOK EVERYWHERE BUT BEFORE YOU BUY SEE OUR QUALITY AND PRICES, AND THAT WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT YOU ARE SAVING JUST ONE-HALF AT OUR SPECIAL SALE.

"The Store That Is Always Busy" Boston Ladies' Outfitters 94 MERRIMACK STREET LOWELL, MASS.

THE BOARD OF TRADE IS "JOB FOR SALESMEN"

FINAL ARGUMENTS ON INCREASED RAILWAY FARE—JOBS AWAITING APPLICANTS

The following letter in relation to the proposed fare increase by the Bay State Street Railway Co., which is self explanatory, was received today by Secretary John H. Murphy of the Lowell board of trade:

Dear Sir: The presentation of evidence in the case of the proposed increase of the fare by the Bay State Street Railway Company of proposed changes in fares and fare limits upon its railway was completed July 10. Representatives of local communities will first be heard, to be followed by counsel who are to deal with the general principles and broader phases of the inquiry. All briefs must be filed in the office of the commission not later than 10 a. m. Monday, July 24th, and briefs should be made in the form of a permanent record in the case.

Very truly yours,
Andrew A. Higgins, Secretary.

Employment Bureau

Contrary to a year ago the employment bureau of the board of trade has more demands for employees than for work with the result that there are applications for employees living at the board and no one to respond. Secretary Murphy informed the writer this morning that he has positions for at least 50 bright young men and young women, but most of the applications are for factory jobs. Several local firms have sent in applications and as soon as Mr. Murphy can attend to it the positions are filled. There remains, however, over 50 demands not yet taken care of.

Young girls, 16 years of age or over, who would like Saturday afternoon employment in stores may apply at the board of trade office and they will be informed where to go, for there are vacancies for 15 bright girls.

Edith Reeves, a lineal descendant of William Penn, is a moving picture actress.

"WEEDS USED IN MEDICINE"

Is the title of a very interesting pamphlet recently circulated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. It illustrates and describes the medicinal qualities of roots, leaves and flowers of our most common weeds, which are nature's remedies for disease. From the roots and herbs of the field Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was originated more than forty years ago, and the demand for it has increased until it is now recognized as the standard remedy for female ills.

A Fly Is Out

side a properly protected house

SCREEN DOORS

Natural finish and dark green. Four sizes.

ADJUSTABLE WINDOW SCREENS

Fit any window. Wood or Steel Frames

Wire Screen Cloth

Black, pearl, copper. Widths—15 in. to 4 ft.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

C. LOUIS ALLEN SPEAKS ON DUTY OF "AWAKENING AMERICANS"

TODAY

DETROIT, Mich., July 11.—C. Louis Allen, president of a New York manufacturing concern, in an address today to the world's salesmanship congress, declared that the duty of "awakening Americans" is a "job for salesmen." He criticized business methods of the government because, he said, the government did not have business experts in charge of all its departments.

MATRIMONIAL

Edward Picard of this city and Miss Margaret Creedon of Newburyport were married Sunday at the immaculate Conception rectory, Newburyport, by the pastor, Rev. Fr. Ryan. The best man was Jeremiah Creedon, brother of the bride, while the bridesmaid was Miss Margaret Mahoney of Newburyport. The bride wore a brown traveling suit with hat to match and carried bridal roses. At the close of the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the home of the bride. After an extensive wedding tour the couple will make their home at 51 Fourth avenue, this city.

Piche-Hobert

Raoul Piche and Miss Albertine Hebert were married this morning at a nuptial mass celebrated at St. Joseph's church at 7 o'clock by Rev. Armand Baron, O. M. I. The witnesses of the bride, while the bridesmaid was Miss Margaret Mahoney of Newburyport. The bride wore a brown traveling suit with hat to match and carried bridal roses. At the close of the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the home of the bride. After an extensive wedding tour the couple will make their home at 51 Fourth avenue, this city.

Palmer-Besarik

Jackson Palmer, the well known local attorney, and Miss Caroline B. Besarik, daughter of William H. Besarik of 61 Sagamore street, Dorchester, and a well known Boston architect, were married this afternoon, the ceremony being performed at 3:30 o'clock in King's chapel. Boston, officiating clergyman being Rev. Howard N. Brown. The couple were unattended, but present at the ceremony were the immediate relatives of both. At the close of the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride. The happy couple will leave this evening on a honeymoon trip through the state and Canada. The bride and groom will be in the city for the tour will be a 350 mile canoe trip. Mr. and Mrs. Palmer will leave Bangor, Me., in a canoe and will follow the coast to Boston. They expect to arrive in this city by Aug. 1 at which time they will make their home in Sixth street, Lowell.

GUARD CUTTER ARRIVES

NEW YORK, July 11.—The United States coast guard cutter Tampa arrived here today from Halifax, N. S. The Tampa has just finished seven months service as an ice patrol on the banks of Newfoundland.

LOCAL NEWS

Henri and Emilie Vigneault, former residents of this city and now of Montreal, Que., are renewing acquaintances in Lowell.

Secretary John H. Murphy of the board of trade and his family have returned from a pleasant vacation spent at Tunbridge, Vt.

Miss Ellen E. McQuade, of the high school faculty, and Miss Annie J. Robb of Andover street, are in Stratford, Canada, for a few days, and returning to Buffalo, will make the trip over the great lakes to Chicago and return.

A telephone alarm at 2:15 o'clock this morning called a portion of the fire department to Swift & Co's plant in Boston street where the fire had kindled. The blaze was soon extinguished, however.

WENT TO THE BEACH

This morning a large electric car well filled with excursionists left Merrimack square for Revere beach. It will return in the early evening.

WAGES IN BILLERICA

EMPLOYEES OF HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT STRIKE FOR HIGHER PAY—TEAMSTERS AND SHOVELERS

The employees of the highway department of Billerica are out on strike for higher wages. In accordance with a vote taken at the annual town meeting the teamsters have been receiving \$12 per week and the other laborers two dollars a day. Last night the teamsters made a demand for \$15 weekly and the shovelers want \$2.40 a day.

NO CANADIAN LOAN TO ENGLAND

LONDON, July 11.—Sir Frederick Williams Taylor, general manager of the bank of Montreal, denied yesterday that he had come to London to arrange a loan to the imperial government from Canadian banks, as had been reported.

Sir Frederick explained that on the day he left Montreal for this country Canadian banks arranged to advance an additional \$25,000,000 to the imperial munitions board, representing contracts placed in Canada.

MEXICAN SITUATION

Continued

leading, the bandits in their operations in southern Chihuahua, according to an American in close touch with affairs, who reached the border from the state capital today. He said that Gen. Trevino, commanding the government troops in northern Mexico, has received official reports that before the clash at Jimenez the Villa forces captured and sacked the town of Diaz, several miles to the north and cut off the ears of their captives.

Prisoners Ears Cropped

Substantiating the story of the branding of prisoners, was the story of a Mexican soldier who reported to Gen. Francisco Gonzales upon his arrival in Juarez, that his ears had been cropped following his capture at Jimenez. The arrival said the anti-American sentiment in Chihuahua City had disappeared.

Rain Relief to Soldiers

Another American who arrived from the Casas Grandes district said that the advent of the rainy season has been a great relief to the soldiers of the American expeditionary command, some of whom were beginning to sick on with the continued dust storms which had prevailed for several weeks. He added that natives in that district cling firmly to the belief that Villa is dead.

GEN. WOOD PRAISES

BAY STATE TROOPS

BOSTON, July 11.—A compliment to Massachusetts is paid by General Leonard Wood in a telegram to Adjutant-General Cole, received at the state house yesterday. In it he states that the showing in this state has been a great relief to the soldiers of the American expeditionary command, some of whom were beginning to sick on with the continued dust storms which had prevailed for several weeks. He added that natives in that district cling firmly to the belief that Villa is dead.

TELEGRAPH LINES IN

POSITION IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, July 10.—The National telegraphic lines now are in a position to give public service except in a few localities where the rebels still are in control. A tower 16 feet in height will be erected at Chapultepec castle to be used in the transmission of wireless telegrams to a greater distance than can be reached with the present installation.

SPORTS

WANTS AMERICANS

TO RETURN TO SONORA
DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 11.—Gen. P. Elias Calles yesterday advised heads of American mining companies operating in Sonora, that he had received a telegram from Gen. Alvaro Obregon, Carranza's minister of war, saying that all danger of war with the United States had passed.

Gen. Obregon ordered Calles, military governor of the state, to expedite the return of all American operating mines or ranches in his territory and to give them every guaranty of safety for themselves and their property.

REAL BOLDER PATROL

FOR BAY STATE MEN

EL PASO, Tex., July 11.—Intense activity, part of it wartime and part

more pacific, marked yesterday at the camp of the 2d Brigade, Massachusetts Infantry, on the outskirts of El Paso.

In the 5th regiment there was a bustle of preparation in 10 companies, which are to take up patrol duty at various points on the border now held by regulars. The first company to go out started this morning at 7 o'clock. Each company will take its tentage and supplies sufficient for its stay. Their destinations have not yet been officially announced.

The commander of the regiment will be in telegraphic communication with his captains, at his quarters here, during their absence.

LAST OF CONNECTICUT

RECRUITS OFF FOR BORDER

CAMP HOLCOMB, Natick, Conn., July 11.—This federal concentration camp probably will close its existence today with the departure for Nogales of 500 recruits in six companies, to be turned over to the First and Second Connecticut infantry commanders. Co. M, of the First infantry, which was held back by measles, will also depart.

OFFICERS ORDERED OUT OF

THE FEDERAL SERVICE

CAMP WHITMAN, Greenhaven, N. Y., July 11.—Col. Louis D. Conley and Lieut.-Col. John J. Phelan of the 59th regiment were ordered mustered out of the federal service today just as the regiment was entraining for Texas. The order came from Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood. The cause of the action was given as "physical disability." The news of the mustering out of these two officers came like a thunderbolt and consternation reigned in camp. Under provision of federal military

law there is no appeal from the decision of the Washington authorities.

ROOSEVELT'S PLANS FOR ARMY

IN CASE OF WAR COMPLETED

NEW YORK, July 11.—Col. Roosevelt's plans for his proposed army division to be raised in the event of war have been perfected to the extent that officers have been accepted and the localities from which their commands are to be recruited designated. Troops have been provisionally accepted from several western states and plans provided for their rapid concentration and training in case of war.

FIFTH MASSACHUSETTS

BEGINS PATROL DUTY

EL PASO, Tex., July 11.—The Fifth Massachusetts Infantry today was ordered to the border for patrol duty, the first of the eastern military organizations coming here to see active service. The guardsmen will be stationed along the border from a point west of Fort Quitman, Tex., to Noria, N. H.

LOST IN STORM

Seven Navy Hydro-

Aeroplanes Destroyed

at Pensacola

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 11.—Seven navy hydroaeroplanes and several sea sledges were destroyed at Pensacola by last week's tropical storm, said yachtsmen back today from Pensacola where they were caught by the storm after the end of a yacht race from New Orleans. The new dirigible hangar, they said, was not damaged. It will take \$150,000 to repair damage to the Pensacola naval station, according to reports.

CUT THIS OUT. IT IS GOOD SANITOL WEEK JULY 30th

Sign this SANITOL Coupon

And present it with 25c to your dealer for a 25c package of SANITOL TOOTH POWDER or SANITOL TOOTH PASTE and a full size 25c package of SANITOL FACE POWDER or SANITOL COLD CREAM. This coupon not good after Aug. 7th 1916.

Name _____ Address _____

To the nearest dealer in Sanitol preparations furnished free to your customers as above will be supplied to you gratis by the Sanitol Co. The number of packages to be supplied will be determined by the size of your regular order. Special labels to be attached. Com.

Sign and Present Coupon to Your Dealer During Sanitol Week

270 DIE OF PARALYSIS

Decided Increase in Number of Deaths and New Cases in the Epidemic in New York

NEW YORK, July 11.—A decided increase in the number of deaths and new cases in the epidemic of infantile paralysis was reported today. During the last 24 hours, 195 new cases developed in the five boroughs of New York City and there were 32 deaths.

This is an increase of more than 100 per cent in the number of deaths resulting from the plague in the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock this morning, compared with the previous 24-hour record. In Brooklyn 65 new cases were reported yesterday as against 125 today. There are now a total of 1278 cases of infantile paralysis in the greater city. Deaths since the outbreak of the scourge number 270.

DAR NEW YORK CHILDREN

Communities Surrounding Metropolis Establish Quarantines—1000 Persons Fined

NEW YORK, July 11.—Communities immediately surrounding New York City show increasing fear that they will be infected with infantile paralysis from children fleeing the plague in the metropolis. A number of cities and towns in New Jersey and New York have established quarantines and some are turning back all children from New York City. Paterson, N. J., which has had one death from the disease, has excluded all children, no matter from whence they come. It was announced there that 500 children from New York City already have been deported.

The state health department at Albany has called the attention of the New York authorities to complaints from up-state communities that children believed to be from infected districts here are being sent to other parts of the state. The department announced that nine cases of infantile paralysis up-state were among children from Brooklyn. The local health officers insist that every effort is being made to prevent children from districts known to harbor the plague from leaving the city.

1000 Persons Fined

The city magistrates are co-operating with the police and health authorities in the fight against the epidemic. It is estimated that more than one thousand persons were fined yesterday for violations of the sanitary code. Most of the offenders threw garbage into the street or left garbage cans uncovered.

PRECAUTIONS AT NEW HAVEN

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 11.—Precautions are being taken by county health officers, co-operating with the state board of health to safeguard children in rural districts from infantile paralysis. Thousands of children come to the state each summer from New York City. In Colchester and other towns in eastern Connecticut there are summer colonies to which are sent scores of families. In the northwest part of the state there are several fresh air camps for poor New York children.

The authorities are advising societies which send these visitors to keep their charges at home for the present. Children brought in will probably be subjected to quarantine.

The New York New Haven & Hartford railroad has boarded up all but two exits at the local railroad station to make it easier for health officers to intercept children brought in on trains. Several supposed cases of infantile paralysis have been reported in the state but in nearly every instance physicians have not agreed in their diagnosis.

CASE IN PAWTUCKET

PAWTUCKET, R. I., July 11.—The first case of infantile paralysis in this

city was reported to the health officer today. The child is in the hospital and every precaution has been taken to prevent the disease from spreading.

FEDERAL BOARD ACTS

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Instruction for state and city authorities concerning means of preventing spread of the infantile paralysis was completed by the public health service today to be mailed throughout the United States. It recommends isolation of patients for six or eight weeks and a general strengthening of all sanitary precautions.

Reports to the health service today indicated that infantile paralysis is not epidemic except in New York City. Elsewhere the number of cases is barely above normal.

TO RESTORE HIS FORTUNE

FORMER SENATOR LORIMER BEGINS WITH AID OF ORGANIZATION TO RESTORE LOST MONEY

CHICAGO, July 11.—William Lorimer, former United States senator, today started out to restore his fortune with the aid of an organization of 4000 depositors of the defunct La Salle Street Trust and Savings bank who lost money in the failure of that institution of which he was president. At a mass meeting last night the depositors pledged themselves to assist Lorimer in his plans to reimburse them for "every dollar they had lost."

The former senator, in an address before the meeting, had "turned him down," and how former friends among bankers had turned their heads when he asked aid.

He said he wanted to show that his impression of him was unjust and that he had an ambition to return to the United States senate.

EVERY HOUSE A FORT

All Germans in the Baches Village Killed or Captured by French, Says Officer

PARIS, July 11.—The taking by the French of the Baches village, on the bank of the Somme opposite Ste. Radegonde, the principal suburb of Peronne, was accomplished in about an hour and a half. A French lieutenant who took part in the assault described the action as follows:

"About noon word came for the divisions to 'keep ready' and at 1 o'clock our soldiers advanced to the attack all along the front from Somme farm to Bellefont-Santerre."

The first German line was passed almost without fighting, so effective had the preparatory bombardment been. But when we entered Baches, at 10 minutes after 2, we found every house organized as a fort supplied with a number of machine guns. Our artillery, however, by its accuracy and power, destroyed these defenses, though it still left cellars and other places full of enemies.

"As we entered the village, the commandant, who was at the head of a battalion with rifle in hand, ordered the trumpeters to sound the charge. All the Germans in the village were captured or killed. The commandant was wounded by a shot from a machine gun, but he knocked down the lieutenant with a blow from his rifle."

"At 2.35 the village was completely in our possession, although a recent German order had declared it to be 'impenetrable.' We are now less than two kilometers from Peronne."

NOTABLE PROGRESS

Continued

served, one of the primary objects of the Anglo-French offensive has been achieved. The two armies now are engaged in an effort to organize and extend the front of the offensive. They have gained and in repelling German counter attacks which are directed particularly against the British to the north of the river, where they succeeded in regaining a footing in the Trones wood. At other points, however, the British have been able to make some progress, although necessarily slow, against well fortified positions.

Attacks by Germans

The Germans, on their part, are heavily shelling the allied front from Lens to the Belgian coast but thus far there have been no attempts at infantry actions except for the usual raids in which both sides engage.

Russians Advance—Picked Battle

The Russians continue their advance toward Kovno and now are engaged in a picked battle along the banks of the Stokhod which they have crossed at some points. On the rest of the eastern front, while there is continuous fighting at many places no important change occurred. Both sides are concentrating their efforts on the Lusk salient to the east of Kovno.

Turks and Russians Clash

In the Caucasus and Mesopotamia the fighting between the Turks and the Russians continues with varying results. The weather in the greater part of this region which is extremely hot precludes any sustained efforts.

PIERCED FIGHTING DESCRIBED BY A. P. MAX WITH THE BRITISH ARMY

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN THE FIELD, July 10, via London, July 11.—In a bright mid-summer afternoon the British stormed Contalmaison whose possession both sides seem to regard as the tactical keystone of the present situation. Fragments of walls of an old chateau still standing amid ruins constituted the last glimpse

of the town before the attack. In their preparatory bombardment before the attack, a British 15-inch shell was seen to tear away a portion of the walls which rose in a cloud of dust. For a given area the artillery fire was the heaviest of any yet seen on this front. The Germans answered the British shelling with an immense volume of their own fire, placing a curtain in front of the town which at times was hidden from the British guns enveloping the town, and also scattering shells near the front line.

The British fire kept on increasing and spreading until from the Trones wood, another hotly disputed point which already has become branchless and leafless trunks, to Ovillers and La Boisselle, the artillery duel raged along the front.

At 4.10 o'clock as the British charged there seemed to be peace in Contalmaison, surrounded by walls of shell fire. Soon after the British entered the town and after the German guns took their turn at hammering the ruins and knocking off more sections of the walls of the old chateau while the British were tossing the second line of German defenses beyond Contalmaison heavenwards and raining shrapnel from the sky earthward.

The amount of ammunition the British are continuing to expend is astounding and, as a spectacle this afternoon eclipses anything. The Associated Press correspondent has seen since the offense began. From one point he was able to see from the region of Albert to the head in the Somme in front of Peronne the present line of battle mapped across the fields, woods, valleys and hills by shell bursts.

Nineteen great British or French sausage balloons were visible. The absence of such balloons on the German side was the result of their destruction by British projectiles and aeroplanes. Artillery observers consider this a big handicap to the Germans.

Over the French lines speedy Newport aeroplanes were dashing past in our possession, although a recent German order had declared it to be 'impenetrable.' We are now less than two kilometers from Peronne."

PARIS, July 11.—The French continue to report satisfactory progress in their great offensive in Picardy. Monday's operations again were confined to the southern echelon, which has consolidated and extended its hold upon the northern plateau opposite Peronne.

The outstanding French success of the day was the capture of all the German positions on Hill 97, the highest point of the plateau. The first French rush on Sunday carried them to the western slopes of this hill, on which they made good their footing; but the troops waiting there had been surprised by a German counter-attack.

The result of the day was the capture of all the German positions on Hill 97, the highest point of the plateau. The first French rush on Sunday carried them to the western slopes of this hill, on which they made good their footing; but the troops waiting there had been surprised by a German counter-attack.

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had some of the gaiety associated with the national temperament instead of the grimness which has come to be attributed to them in this war.

Sharp competition between two famous French army corps as they pressed forward to the capture of Baches, which placed the French on the Somme river with a six mile depth of gain has set every Frenchman's eye flashing. Every village taken has been razed by shell fire but there has been no complaint, only rejoicing. The Germans are concentrating heavily between Amiens and the Somme where there is no river between them and the allies and evidently are determined to dispute, step by step, the advance that endangers their main second line of defenses.

FRENCH CAPTURED 1300 PRISONERS IN LAST TWO DAYS

ALONG SOMME

PARIS, July 11.—The situation remained unchanged on the Somme front last night.

Their official statement of today says it has been ascertained that south of the Somme the French in the last two days have taken more than 1300 prisoners.

On the Verdun front the Germans launched an attack at 4 o'clock this morning on the French positions from Fleury to a point east of Chemot. They succeeded in penetrating advanced French trenches at some points, but were expelled immediately by a counter attack.

West of the Meuse there was active artillery fighting in the neighborhood of Avoourt and Chateaucourt.

Northeast of Veho the Germans exploded four mines, the craters of which eventually were occupied by the French.

BRITISH FORCES CAPTURED CONTALMAISON ON FRENCH FRONT LAST NIGHT

LONDON, July 11, 2.04 p. m.—The British captured Contalmaison on the French front last night, the war office announced today.

Several lines of trenches in Mametz wood were taken by the British. Heavy fighting continues in Trones wood.

The statement follows: "Last night, after a brisk bombardment of the town before the attack, Contalmaison was captured by a battalion of the British army and four officers. A strong counter attack, delivered by the Germans during the night was beaten back with heavy loss to the enemy and the whole village is now in our hands."

"Further east we stormed several lines of trenches in the Bois de Mametz and the greater part of this large wood is now in our possession. Here we captured one heavy howitzer, three field guns and 236 unarmoured prisoners, including three officers."

"Heavy fighting continues in Trones wood."

"In the continuation of the report on aerial combats on July 9, one of our aeroplanes was shot down by a direct hit from an anti-aircraft gun and three other machines have not returned to our lines."

FRENCH CONTINUE TO REPORT PROGRESS IN OFFENSIVE IN PICARDY

PARIS, July 11.—The French continue to report satisfactory progress in their great offensive in Picardy. Monday's operations again were confined to the southern echelon, which has consolidated and extended its hold upon the northern plateau opposite Peronne.

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from the British vessels were rescued. The announcement follows:

Our cruiser Novara met a group of five, according to the declarations of prisoners, five armored British patrol boats off Otranto road (at the lower end of the Adriatic). All the patrol boats were destroyed by our artillery fire. All the steamers sank in flames, three of them after the explosion of their boilers. The Novara was able to rescue only nine members of the British crews."

The Novara is a scout cruiser and has figured in several engagements in the Adriatic.

The Strait of Otranto is between the heel of Italy and the Albanian coast connecting the Adriatic and Ionian seas.

BERLIN REPORTS HEAVY FIGHTING WITH SUCCESSES FOR TEUTONS ON ITALIAN FRONT

BERLIN, July 11. (By wireless to Sayville).—The official Austro-Hungarian statement of Monday reports the continuation of heavy fighting on the Italian front. Monte Corno was captured by the Italians but won back by Austro-Hungarian troops which took prisoner 435 Italians. An Italian attack in the sector of Monte Interrotto failed.

Austro-Hungarian aeroplanes have again bombarded the Italian military establishments at Adria.

The foregoing was not included in the Austrian statement of Monday as cabled from London last night.

TWO GERMAN NAVAL AEROPLANES BOMBARDED ENGLISH COAST PORTS

BERLIN, July 11, via wireless to Sayville.—Two German naval aeroplanes bombarded English coast fortifications at Harwich and Dover on the night of July 9-10, said the German admiralty today.

The air raid on the English coast announced by Berlin today was reported in official British statements Sunday night and Monday. No casualties were caused by the seaplane bombardments, the British accounts stated.

DEATHS

WROBLOWSKA.—Mrs. Veronica Wroblowska, aged 35 years, 2 months, died last evening at her home, 152 Lakewood avenue, after a lingering illness. Besides her husband, she leaves two daughters, all of this city.

HAND.—Miss Marcella Hand, a devoted mother of the immaculate conception church, died last night at St. John's hospital, aged 27 years. She leaves three brothers, James J. of this city and Mrs. Emma A. Hand and John of Scotland, and three sisters, the Misses Catherine, Mary and Rose Hand. The body was taken to the home of her brother, James J. Hand, 8 Puffer avenue.

RICHARDS.—Jonathan B. Richards died this morning at his home, 38 Middlesex street, aged 53 years. He leaves besides his wife, Lilla E., four sisters, Mrs. Flora Thomas and Mrs. Nellie Lewis of Lawrence, and two sisters and a brother in Maine.

J. HENRY DUNHAM DEAD

WELL KNOWN BUSINESS MAN OF BELVIDERE DIED AT BROOKTON YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

The numerous friends of the late J. Henry Dunham will be pained to hear of his death, although it was not unexpected as he had been seriously ill for several months. He passed away yesterday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Joseph P. Courtney, of Brookton, whether he had gone some time ago because of his illness. He was 41 years of age. He was a highly esteemed member of the immaculate conception parish, the Y.M.C.A. the Knights of Columbus and Foresters of America and Grocers' and Butchers' association. He had hosts of friends throughout the city who were deeply attached to him on account of his genial manner and estimable character. For many years he had been in the business of a real estate in Belvidere. He leaves besides his sister, two brothers, George Dunham, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Albert of this city. The body has been brought to this city and will be interred from the home of Miss Sarah Sparks of 59 Elm street.

FUNERAL NOTICES

HOLLAND.—The funeral of Miss Catherine Holland will take place tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock from the chapel of James P. O'Donnell & Sons. Burial in St. Patrick's church.

RIAN.—The funeral of Marcella Hand will take place Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from the home of her brother, James J. Hand, 8 Puffer avenue. At 4 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem will be sung at the immaculate conception church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

RICHARDS.—Died in this city, July 11, at his home, 38 Middlesex street, Jonathan B. Richards, aged 53 years. Burial in St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

WARD.—The funeral of Patrick J. Ward will take place tomorrow morning at 8.45 o'clock from his home, 119 Rock street. At 9.45 a high mass of requiem will be given at St. Patrick's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

CHENEY.—The funeral services of Byron E. Cheney were held at Providence R. I., and burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, this city yesterday afternoon. The committal service was conducted at the grave by the following delegation, representing Oberlin lodge, 23.100, Fred Vinat, Fred Pettie, James Kendall, E. A. Goetz, and W. B. Maynard. The above named delegation also acted as bearers. The local arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LIVINGSTON.—The funeral services of Winifred S. Livingston took place from her home, 153 Westford street, yesterday afternoon.

WILLIAMS.—The funeral services of William Williams took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his wife, Mrs. Mary Williams, 153 Westford street. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery.

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SPECIALS ON Straw Hats

Take your choice of any of our \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 or \$3.50 Straws for

\$1.85

In this lot we have included all of our split or Sennitt Sailors, Soft Mackinaws, Panamas and Leghorns; in fact any straw in our store that retailed as high as \$3.50, now \$1.85.

MACARTNEY'S Apparel Shop

The Home of 10c Collars

72 Merrimack Street

yesterday. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred C. Skinner, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist church. The bearers were Messrs. Samuel Bigelow, William Powers, Gardner Armstrong and Edward Powers. Burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. Skinner. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

SHORTER HOURS FOR WOMEN.—THE HAGUE, (via London), July 11.—The Berlin arms manufacture have reduced the work of its 4000 women employees to eight hours daily. The Vorwarts urges that all similar establishments follow its example. 23 long hours, combined with underfeeding are proving most injurious to their women.

That the war diet is injurious to health is denied by Dr. Thiele of Chemnitz, who, according to the Clinical Weekly, has examined 1055 children and found that on the average, 10 inch taller and more than two kilograms heavier than pre-war children, while their general health was unimpaired.

SIGNS GOOD ROADS BILL

PRESIDENT WILSON'S SIGNATURE AUTHORIZES EXPENDITURE OF \$55,000,000 IN FIVE YEARS

WASHINGTON, July 11

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL, MASS. TUESDAY JULY 11 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

WILSON URGED PEACE

President Also Defended the Democratic Party as Friend of Business—Greeted by 50,000

DETROIT, July 11.—President Wilson urged peace reached by mutual understanding rather than force, and defended the democratic party as a friend of business in speeches yesterday to enthusiastic Michigan audiences.

Detroit streets were lined with thousands of persons who shouted greetings and waved American flags at him wherever he appeared. The hall in which he spoke to the World's Salesmen Congress was jammed, an audience estimated at 50,000 greeted him at the Ford motor plant, and last night in Toledo another throng listened to his brief rear-platform address.

"Peace" was the shouted response of the salesmanship audience when the president asked them what they desired when the present world struggles are at an end.

And he added that "permanent peace" was his desire.

At a non-partisan luncheon in the Detroit Athletic club the president sprang to the defense of the democrats. A prominent republican had told him during the day that he had been deriving pleasure from association with democrats, and the executive retorted that he had been deriving pleasure from association with democrats, and the executive retorted that he had been deriving pleasure from association with democrats.

"We have been trying, some of us, for a good many years to teach in politics, as well as elsewhere, this lesson—that we are all in the same boat," he said. "We have common interests. The great difficulty that has confronted us, gentlemen, has often been that we have deliberately looked at these common interests from self-chosen angles, which made them look as if some of us were separated from others and as if some of us wanted to depress business, for example, and others of us wanted to exalt business."

A Democrat Must Also Live

"I dare say that you have noticed that the same necessity to make a living is imposed upon democrats as republicans and I dare say you are ready to believe that democrats are

just as willing to make a good living as republicans. Therefore, it seems to me logically to follow, though I have been quoted as having no regard for logic, that democrats are naturally as much interested in the business prosperity of the United States as anybody else. So that if you believe that they are not as fitted to guide it as other persons, you cannot be doubting their intelligence."

The suspicion is beginning to dawn, he added, that the average man understands the business necessities of the country as well as the extraordinary man.

"So I invite your thoughts," he continued, "in what I sincerely believe to be an entirely non-partisan spirit to the democracy of business."

Pratt's Federal Reserve Act

"An act was recently passed in congress that some of the most intelligent business men of this country earnestly opposed—men whom I knew, men whose character I trusted, men whose integrity I absolutely believed in. I refer to the federal reserve act by which we intended, and succeeded, in taking credit out of the control of a small number of men and making it available to everybody who had real commercial assets, and the very men who opposed that act, and opposed it conscientiously, now admit that it saved the country from a ruinous panic when the stress of war came out, and that it is the salvation of every average business man who is in the midst of the tides that I have been trying to describe."

"What does that mean, gentlemen? It means that you can get a settled point of view and can conscientiously announce progress if you do not need progress yourself. That is what it means. I am not impugn the intelligence even of the men who oppose these things, because the same thing happens to every man if he is not of extraordinary make-up, but he cannot see his necessity for a thing that he does not himself need. When you have abundant credit and control of credit, you, of course, do not need that the area of credit should be broadened."

STRIKE IS SPREADING GOV'T TAKES PLANT

MORE ELEVATOR OPERATORS QUIT AT BOSTON—MINOR DISTURBANCES

BOSTON, July 11.—A strike of elevator men, begun yesterday, was extended today with the result that hundreds of persons had to climb stairs in many of the office buildings in the business district. Some buildings had no operators, while others were served by one or three of the eight or ten cars usually in operation. There were several minor disturbances when strike sympathizers attempted to recruit support among working operators and police were on guard at most of the buildings. The strike was declared in furtherance of demand for a \$15 uniform weekly wage and an eight-hour day.

200 EMPLOYEES STRIKE

SOUTH MANCHESTER, Conn., July 11.—Plecker Bros. plant to the number of 200 struck today because they claimed that the management intended to reduce their wages in proportion to a reduction in the working schedule from ten to nine hours.

RECIPE INSTEAD OF TIP

Hetty Green, World's Richest Woman, Gave Boston Hotel Man a Cure for Rheumatism

BOSTON, July 11.—How the late Hetty Green, reputed to be the richest woman in the world, "tipped" a well-known Boston hotel man several years ago, at the time he was a waiter in a New York cafe, with a recipe for a "rheumatic cure" was described yesterday.

Louis LaFrance, an assistant manager at the Hotel Lenox, who got the "tip," told the story to a reporter.

"Dissolve two raw eggs, shells and all, in a pint of vinegar," said she. "Then add the same amount of alcohol and shake thoroughly. Apply to the part that aches and rub in."

"Hetty said that this would cure rheumatism, and I have found the remedy effective myself," said Mr. LaFrance. "She gave me the recipe in lieu of a tip on one occasion at the Waldorf-Astoria, where I served her meals often."

Marchioness Townsend has given birth to a son and heir. The heir presumptive is a son of Major General Townsend, the gallant defender of Kut, who is now a prisoner of the Turks.

Established March 1, 1877

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

219 Hildreth Bldg. 45 Merr'k St.

PEERLESS CO. AT CLEVELAND COMMANDEERED FOR MOTOR TRUCKS—OTHER ORDERS HELD UP

BOSTON, July 11.—In reply to a telegram asking for information regarding the delivery of Peerless motor trucks in Boston, to the Beacon Motor Car Co., New England distributors, the United States government has commandeered the entire plant of the Peerless company in Cleveland and will not allow anything shipped other than government trucks. It is not stated for how long a period the government will continue to take control of the Peerless plant. The Peerless company, which has a capacity of turning out 75 trucks a week, so that in a very short time the army men in Mexico and along the border will have a generous supply of Peerless motor trucks. The government has been a large purchaser of motor trucks ever since the recent trouble in Mexico started, and many of the larger truck companies have received big orders; but this is the first case in which the entire factory of a truck company has been taken over by the government. T. T. Peckham, president of the Beacon Motor Car Co., authority for the statement that government men are now in charge of the Peerless factory, and that his orders for trucks will be held up until the pressure of army orders is relieved.

When the European war broke out the Beacon Motor Car Co. received orders for trucks for the allies, and a record breaking volume of business was done in supplying the foreign demand. These trucks gave excellent satisfaction on the battlefields of Europe, and most of the shipments consisted of five-ton trucks suitable for transporting supplies and munitions.

TRADE DEFENSE NEEDED

SENATOR STONE PLEARS EXTENSIVE ALLIES WILL TURN ICY FACES AGAINST WORLD AFTER WAR

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Chairman Stone of the foreign relations committee declared in the senate yesterday that, unless the United States were considered in any industrial alliance of European nations, it would be necessary for the country to adopt a definite defensive policy.

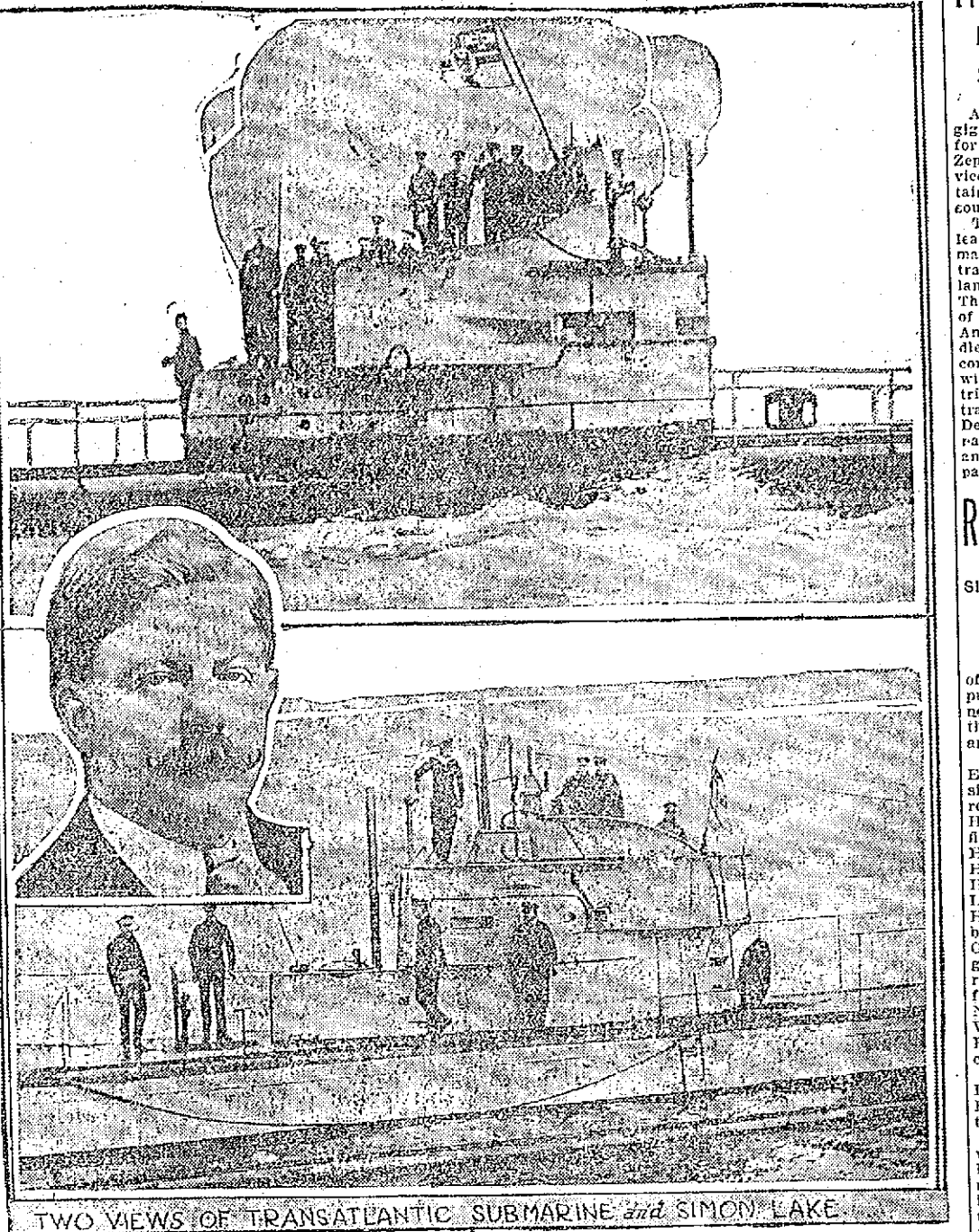
Senator Stone was speaking on his resolutions asking the president to inform the senate of the possible effect on the United States of a boycott against enemies of the entire allies proposed at a recent conference in Paris.

"It would be only natural for the allies if victorious," said Senator Stone, "to turn icy faces against the world and join in an effort to rebuild their fortunes by some form of concerted action."

He was profoundly impressed with the idea that the United States should be consulted when great international treaties are being made affecting financial, commercial, transportation and industrial interests of the world. Otherwise we will be compelled to adopt a definite defensive policy of our own."

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

U-BOAT'S ARRIVAL CREATES PROBLEMS, INVENTOR LAKE THREATENS TROUBLE



Another of the perplexing questions of international law growing out of the war in Europe was presented to the United States government by the arrival at Baltimore of the German submarine Deutschland, which came from Germany. The state department was called upon to determine whether the first undersea craft to make the trans-Atlantic voyage should be treated as a merchant vessel, or as a belligerent warship. If the submarine is a merchant vessel engaged in peaceful commerce (and this is the prevalent view) it is entitled to all the rights and prerogatives of any other belligerent merchant vessel in an American port, free to come and go as it pleases and at its own risk of incurring damage from enemy vessels outside the entrance to American territorial waters. But if this submarine entered American waters as a belligerent warship the so-called "twenty-four hour rule" applies, as in the case of any other warship, and the Deutschland is subject to the rules of international law that this government invoked in the cases of the Kronprinz Eitel Friedrich and the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm. The situation was complicated further by the action of Simon Lake, inventor of submarine vessels, who asserted his intention of libeling and thus holding up the Deutschland if it contained any of his patented devices. Mr. Lake said that the Krupp's copied his plans when he was in Germany in 1904 and 1905.

NATIONAL PARK IN MAINE

CREATION OF PARK COMPRISING 2000 ACRES ON MOUNT DESERT ISLAND ANNOUNCED

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Creation of the first national park east of the Mississippi river, comprising 2000 acres on Mount Desert Island, Me., was announced today by the interior department. It will be known as Acadia National Monument.

The tract, noted for its rugged beauty, was donated to the federal government. Its northern boundary is only a mile from Bar Harbor and several popular summer resorts lie near it. There are ten mountain peaks and four lakes within the tract.

GET MAN-EATING SHARK

BABY DENIZEN CAUGHT OFF BRIDGEPORT BY CREW OF YACHT JESSICA—WEIGHED 30 POUNDS

BRIDGEPORT, July 11.—Within 200 feet of where scores of persons were bathing, the crew of the yacht Jessica yesterday in Black Rock harbor area caught a baby man-eating shark. The Jessica is anchored here following the New York boat races. It is owned by Wilson Marshall, a New York millionaire. The shark measures three feet, six inches and weighs 30 pounds. "Go out and catch some fish for dinner tonight," the steward of the Black Rock Yacht club said to the Jessica crew.

The crew replied, "What luck," asked the steward as the crew returned last evening. For answer Geo. McCarthy held aloft the baby shark. A hook on one of the lines caught the under jaw of the man-eater and after a struggle the denizen was landed. It was necessary to tie a rope around the neck of the shark and choke it to death. It is the first shark sighted in these waters in many years.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

WHY EXPERIMENT?
Take Your Watch and Jewelry Repairs to

Pule
JEWELRY
LOWELL, MASS.

BRILLIANT SPECTACLE

Imperial Divan Escorted to Theatre Where Session of Nobles of Mystic Shrine is Being Held

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 11.—The most brilliant spectacle of the 42nd annual session of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine occurred today when the imperial divan was escorted from headquarters to the theatre where the opening session of the imperial council was held. In the escort were 10,000 nobles, 3000 of them garbed in the gay costumes of the Arab patriots.

J. Putnam Stevens of Portland, Me., delivered the annual address as imperial potentate of the order.

Zuhrah temple appears to have secured the session of 1917 for Manchester.

EVENING DENTAL CLINIC

About 75 Appear for Treatment at Opening of New Feature by the Boston Dispensary

BOSTON, July 11.—The evening dental clinic of the Boston dispensary, 25 Bennett street, opened last evening under the direction of Dr. Kurt H. Thoma. The attendance was large. A morning dental clinic has been conducted at the Boston dispensary for 12 years, but its facilities have been overtaxed.

The morning clinic will be opened daily from 8.45 to 10.30 o'clock; the evening clinic will be on Mondays and Fridays from 7 to 8 o'clock. Last evening at the first clinic about 75 persons applied.

KEEP WELL!

There is no need to suffer with intestinal and stomach troubles. Just get a bottle of the famous 40 year—no cure, no pay—

DOWS' DIARRHOEA AND CHOLERA SYRUP.

That'll settle the question. It's a positive preventive and a sure cure. Been curing for over forty years. More popular each year. An inferior article sees its best days in infancy.

All druggists should carry it. 25c. and 50c. as you like it.

A. T. DOWS & CO., Proprs., Lowell, Mass.

HANNAGAN IN BOSTON

LAWRENCE PAVING EXPERT TO BUILD \$400,000 WORTH OF BOSTON STREETS

BOSTON, July 11.—Paul Hannagan, formerly alderman and director of engineering in Lawrence, and originator of the so-called Hannagan type of smooth granite block paving with grouted joints, began his work yesterday for the city of Boston as consulting engineer in the paving division.

Mr. Hannagan's work will be the construction of about \$400,000 worth of smooth granite-paved streets in the business section, taking in most of the main thoroughfares between the North and South stations which Mayor Curley and Commissioner of Public Works Murphy have decided to pave according to the Hannagan specifications.

The preliminary work was started yesterday by Mr. Hannagan and he hopes to have actual operations under way within a short while. Most of the streets will be completed before fall. The Hannagan specifications will call for a concrete foundation for the granite blocks and the flooding of the cracks with cement. When completed the streets will be smooth, dustless and easily flushed, so that they may be kept clean with little attention.

Mr. Hannagan feels certain that the heavy Boston traffic will be unable to wear them out in less than 50 years. In Lawrence Mr. Hannagan laid 15 miles of such streets and some of them have stood the heavy traffic for 12 years or more without costing anything for repairs.

The United Improvement association visited Lawrence a few months ago to inspect the streets and afterward recommended to Mayor Curley that the Hannagan type of streets be adopted in Boston and that Mr. Hannagan, who two years ago was offered a place by Mayor Curley, be secured, if possible, to supervise the work.

Miss Cliff Martin is the first woman to receive her degree as a graduate of the law school of the University of Louisiana, and one of the few women entitled to practice law in that state.

EAGLES, NOTICE!

Lowell Aerie will hold a special meeting this evening in Eagle's hall, 32 Central street, at 8 o'clock.

Per order,
Patrick J. McCarry,
John M. Hogan, Secretary.

SERVICE BY AIR SIX CENT FARES

Trans-Atlantic Zeppelin Freight and Passenger Service

Final Arguments for the Remonstrants Will Start July 17

AMSTERDAM, July 11.—There is a gigantic scheme on foot in Germany for the formation of a "transatlantic Zeppelin freight and passenger service," according to information obtained from an authentic German source here yesterday.

The proposed Zeppelin service, it is learned, will be ushered in in the same manner as the prospective submarine traffic by the arrival of the Deutschland at the Virginia Capes Sunday. The first airship, one of the new type of super-Zeppelins, will arrive at an American port some time in the middle of August if the plans now under consideration materialize. Its name will be Z-Deutschland. Upon its trial trip will depend the formation of the transatlantic service. Like the U-boat Deutschland, the Zeppelin of the same name will carry a large cargo of dyes and chemicals, mail and possibly some passengers to the United States.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

SIX LEADING PROGRESSIVES ARE INCLUDED IN G. O. P. CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

NEW YORK, July 11.—The roster of the campaign committee of the republican national committee, announced last night, is composed of the republican executive committee and six progressives as follows:

John T. Adams, Iowa, republican; Everett Colby, New Jersey, progressive; William H. Crocker, California, republican; F. W. Estabrook, New Hampshire, republican; James A. Field, Ohio, progressive; James A. Hemenway, Indiana, republican; A. T. Hert, Kentucky, republican; R. B. Howell, Nebraska, republican; Harold L. Jekes, Illinois, progressive; Alvah H. Martin, Virginia, republican; Herbert Parsons, New York, republican; George W. Perkins, New York, republican; S. A. Perkins, Washington, republican; Chester H. Howell, California, progressive; Oscar S. Straus, New York, progressive; Charles B. Warren, Michigan, republican; and Ralph E. Williams, Oregon, republican.

James B. Reynolds of Washington, D. C., was named as secretary. Mr. Reynolds is also secretary of the national committee.

No announcement was made as to who will be chosen as treasurer. Neither was a date set for formal notification to Mr. Hughes of his nomination. It was learned, however, that the time probably will be July 31 and the place Carnegie hall, New York.

REDUCE ENLISTING AGE

BOSTON, July 11.—The United States coasting stations have reduced from 21 years to 18 the age under which applicants should have the consent of a parent or guardian to enlist. Those stations are trying to fill the ranks of the naval and engineering corps, which will serve under Gen. Funston at the border. Since the first of the month the number of recruits has fallen off to about one-third.

At the state armories recruiting continues to be fairly active. Nine recruits from the West army, 12 from the Commonwealth army left yesterday for the training camp at Framingham.

Ten recruits were sent from the Charlestown armory on Bunker Hill street, where Lt. F. L. Whitney is in charge. This makes a total of 22 recruits at the point since the middle of last week, to augment the Fifth regiment.

PARROT FIGURES IN SUIT

WHEELING, W. V., July 11.—There are no children to furnish an issue in the divorce suit Charles Davis has instituted here against his wife, Edna Viola Davis, but there is a parrot.

Following the filing of the papers in the suit, Sheriff Sweeney reported the defendant could not be found. She was located, however, in Parkersburg, and the sheriff of that county was appealed to to get service on Mrs. Davis. He succeeded, and his return came back with this message:

"Mrs. Davis says that if Mr. Davis gives her the parrot she will not fight the suit for divorce, but if Mr. Davis keeps the parrot, then Mrs. Davis will contest the suit."

PRES. WILSON RETURNS

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Wilson returned early today from Detroit where he spoke yesterday before the world's salesmanship congress.

New, Positive Treatment to Remove Hair or Fuzz

(Beauty Notes)

Women are fast learning the value of the use of delatone for removing hair or fuzz from face, neck or arms. A paste is made with some powdered delatone and water and spread on the hairy surface. In two or three minutes it is rubbed off, the skin washed and every bit of hair has disappeared. No failure will result if you are careful to buy genuine delatone.

By JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer
OFFICE, 162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Tomorrow, July 12, 1916, at 2.30 P. M., at Geo. Lynch's Wood Yard, 7 to 9 Marion St., Lowell

I will sell at public auction the buildings and all the personal property used by Mr. Lynch in his wood business, consisting of a one and one-half story building, 21 feet by 72 feet, all fitted for a store, with large windows. The inside of the store is all pine sheathed and fitted with shelves, spice drawers, bins, etc.; also a 20-foot store counter, one butter chest, cheese case, four show cases, two stoves, oil tank and pump, etc. Also, a stable for four horses, with large lot, large storage sheds for wood, and wagon sheds. These buildings are on leased land and will be sold to any person wishing to carry on the wood business or remove them from the land. One five horsepower electric motor, a good one, saw and saw bench, extra circular saws and belt; one power wood-splitting machine and shafting, two work horses, six wood wagons in good condition, two wood sleds, one pump; lot of harnesses, lot of new and second-hand wood baskets, canvas, etc. This is a good lot of personal property and will be sold to the highest bidder in lots to suit the purchaser, at Mr. Lynch has other business which takes up his attention.

Per Order, GEORGE LYNCH.

REVENUE BILL PASSED

MEASURE PROVIDES BIG INCREASE IN INCOME TAXES—CALLS FOR BI-PARTISAN TARIFF COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The administration omnibus revenue bill, creating a tariff commission, imposing a protective tariff on dyestuffs, repealing present stamp taxes and providing for new taxes on incomes, inheritances and war munitions profits, passed the house late yesterday by a vote of 240 to 148.

During the closing hours of debate several amendments, providing for elimination of the bankers' tax and modifying the tariff commission section, were adopted over the opposition of democratic leaders. On the final roll call the democrats voted solidly for the bill and were joined by 24 republicans, two progressive-republicans, one independent and one socialist.

The amendments adopted cut the salaries of members of the tariff commission from \$10,000 to \$7,000 annually; struck out the provision under which no member or former member of congress could serve on the commission, and provided a single appropriation of \$200,000 to pay expenses of the bill's stipulation of a continuing annual appropriation of that amount. The entire section levying a tax of 1% for each \$1000 of capital, surplus and undivided profits held by bankers was stricken out.

The bill, which now goes to the senate, increases the surtax on incomes, ranging from an additional one per cent on incomes between \$20,000 and \$40,000 to 10 per cent additional on those above \$50,000; taxes transfers of estate valued at \$50,000 or more, and not profits of war munitions manufacturers, with an exemption of those having less than 10 per cent profit.

The new taxes are expected to yield \$197,000,000 annually.

The tariff commission would be composed of five members, no more than three to be of the same political party, and would have broad powers of investigation.

The bill also carries an anti-dumping provision to protect American producers from unfair foreign trade practices.

Among the republicans who voted for the measure was A. P. Gardner of Massachusetts.

Women now act as caddies in Great Britain.

Alkali in Soap Bad For the Hair

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it. The best thing for steady use is just ordinary mulsified coconut oil (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use.

One or two teaspoonfuls will cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified coconut oil at any pharmacy. It's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

OUR BED BUG DESTROYER

Does the Work Effectively!
Pt. 20c, Qt. 35c,
Gal \$1.25

Talbot's Chemical Store

40 MIDDLE ST.